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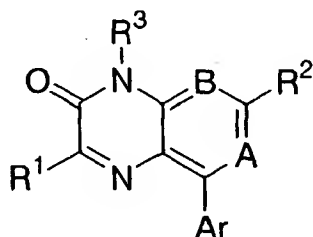
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(54) Title: PYRIDINO AND PYRIMIDINO PYRAZINONES FOR TREATMENT OF ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION



(I)

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides compounds of Formula (I): wherein the variables A, B, Ar, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are as defined herein. The compounds of Formula (I) can function as corticotropin releasing factor (CRF) receptor antagonists and can be useful, for example, in the treatment of disorders characterized by abnormal levels of CRF such as anxiety and depression.

## **PYRIDINO AND PYRIMIDINO PYRAZINONES FOR TREATMENT OF ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION**

### **CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

[0001] This application claims priority of U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/414,853, filed September 30, 2002, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety for all purposes.

### **FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

[0002] The present invention provides pyridino and pyrimidino pyrazinone compounds useful as corticotropin releasing factor (CRF) receptor antagonists for the treatment of disorders characterized by physiologically abnormal levels of CRF.

### **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

[0003] Corticotropin releasing factor (CRF), synonymous with corticotropin releasing hormone (CRH), is a 41 amino acid peptide that coordinates the overall response of the body to stress. As an agonist of CRF receptors (e.g., CRF<sub>1</sub> and CRF<sub>2</sub>), CRF is well known as the primary physiological secretagogue controlling hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis activity which mediates the endocrine stress response. CRF also plays a central role in the autonomic and behavioral responses to stress. Variation in physiological levels of CRF has been correlated with various disorders including depression, anxiety, and irritable bowel syndrome.

[0004] Antagonists of CRF receptors have been shown to effectively ameliorate behavioral stress responses in animal models. It is well established that systemic administration of CRF<sub>1</sub> receptor antagonists leads to anxiolytic and antidepressant effects in rodents. Animal model evidence also shows that CRF<sub>1</sub> antagonists can help alleviate the symptoms of drug withdrawal, stress-induced seizures, and certain inflammations. A role for CRF has also been postulated in the etiology and pathophysiology of Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, progressive supranuclear palsy, and amyotrophic

lateral sclerosis as they relate to the dysfunction of CRF neurons in the central nervous system. Eating disorders, such as anorexia nervosa, have also been linked to elevated levels of CRF.

[0005] Though widely dispersed throughout the central nervous system, CRF receptors are also found in peripheral systems including glandular, vascular, gastrointestinal, and immune system tissues. Accordingly, CRF antagonists are believed to have potential in treating numerous disorders of the peripheral systems. Some CRF-related disorders of peripheral systems include, for example, hypertension, tachycardia, congestive heart failure, stroke, irritable bowel syndrome, post-operative ileus, and colonic hypersensitivity. Studies have indicated that CRF<sub>1</sub> antagonists may also be useful as hair growth stimulators.

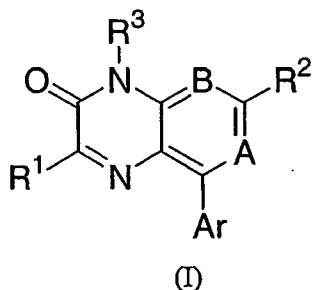
[0006] Numerous articles have reported the physiological role of CRF and the potential therapeutic activity of non-peptidic CRF receptor antagonists. Some of these articles, detailing much of the above discussion, include, for example; Gilligan, *et al.*, *J. Medicinal Chem.*, **2000**, *43*, 1641; Newport, *et al.*, *Curr. Opin. Neurobiology*, **2000**, *10*, 211; Mastorakos, *et al.*, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.*, **2000**, *900*, 95; Koob, *et al.*, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.*, **2000**, *909*, 170; Mailliot, *et al.*, *Gastroenterology*, **2000**, *119*, 1569; Chrousos, *Int. J. Obesity*, **2000**, *24*, Suppl. 2, S50; Owens, *et al.*, *Exp. Opin. Invest. Drugs*, **1999**, *8*, 1849; McCarthy, *et al.*, *Current Pharmaceutical Design*, **1999**, *5*, 289; Heinrichs, *et al.*, *Baillier's Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism*, **1999**, *13*, 541; Arborelius, *et al.*, *Journal of Endocrinology*, **1999**, *160*, 1; Webster, *et al.*, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.*, **1998**, *840*, 21; and Chalmers, *et al.*, *TiPS*, **1996**, *17*, 166; De Souza, *Hosp. Practice*, **1988**, *23*, 59; WO 02/19975; and U.S. Pat. No. 5,236,901, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0007] Separate from the compounds reported herein, some pyrimidino pyrazinone-based compounds have been reported in WO 01/62758 as kinase inhibitors and WO 01/19825 for the treatment of chemokine mediated diseases.

[0008] As evidenced by the numerous publications directed to the study of CRF and its connection with various disorders, there is a current need for new ways in which to reduce the effects of abnormal levels of CRF or CRF receptors. For example, treatment methods for alleviating or reducing the physiological and/or neurological symptoms associated with elevated levels of CRF are desirable. The compounds described herein help fulfill these and other needs.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

[0009] The present invention provides compounds of Formula (I):



or pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof, or prodrug form thereof, or radiolabeled form thereof, wherein the variables A, B, Ar, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> are as defined herein below. The compounds of Formula (I) can have CRF<sub>1</sub> receptor antagonist activity and therefore can be useful in various methods including the treatment of disorders characterized by abnormal levels of CRF.

[0010] Accordingly, the present invention provides compositions comprising a compound of Formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0011] The present invention further provides methods of reducing symptoms caused by elevated levels of corticotropin releasing factor in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound Formula (I).

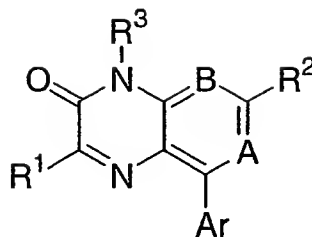
[0012] The present invention further provides methods of treating stress-related symptoms in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

[0013] Further provided by the present invention are methods of treating disorders characterized by abnormal levels of corticotropin releasing factor in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

[0014] In yet further embodiments, methods are provided for the treatment of anxiety, depression, or irritable bowel syndrome in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

**DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

[0015] In a first aspect, the present invention provides, *inter alia*, compounds of Formula (I):



(I)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof, or prodrug form thereof, or radiolabeled form thereof; wherein:

A and B are independently CR<sup>4</sup> or N, with the proviso that at least one of A and B is N;

Ar is aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>;

R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, NR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>1d</sup>, NR<sup>1c</sup>COR<sup>1b</sup>, COR<sup>1b</sup>, CONR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>1d</sup>, OR<sup>1c</sup>, SR<sup>1c</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, or C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, with the proviso that R<sup>1</sup> is not CH<sub>2</sub>X, wherein X is halogen;

each R<sup>1a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, halogen, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl, NR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>1d</sup>, NR<sup>1c</sup>COR<sup>1b</sup>, COR<sup>1b</sup>, OR<sup>1c</sup>, SR<sup>1c</sup>, S(O)R<sup>8</sup>, or S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>;

each R<sup>1b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl;

each R<sup>1c</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl;

each R<sup>1d</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, CN, OH, COR<sup>2b</sup>, SH, SR<sup>2b</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>2c</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, CONHR<sup>2c</sup>, CONR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, OCOR<sup>2b</sup>, OR<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0

to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>; with the proviso that R<sup>2</sup> is not CH<sub>2</sub>X, wherein X is halogen;

each R<sup>2a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, halogen, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, OR<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, SR<sup>2c</sup>, SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, CONR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, COR<sup>2b</sup>, OCOR<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>CONR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, OCONR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, morpholinyl, or thiomorpholinyl;

each R<sup>2b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>2c</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>2d</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is OR<sup>3c</sup>, NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, NHR<sup>3c</sup>, SR<sup>3c</sup>, S(O)R<sup>8</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>3c</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, COR<sup>3c</sup>, CONHR<sup>3c</sup>, CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, aryl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, heteroaryl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, heterocyclyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3f</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> thioalkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;

each R<sup>3a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, CN, OR<sup>3c</sup>, SR<sup>3c</sup>, S(O)<sub>n</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, COR<sup>3b</sup>, NHR<sup>3c</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3b</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, N<sub>3</sub>, OC(O)OR<sup>3b</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3c</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>3b</sup>, NR<sup>3c</sup>COR<sup>3b</sup>, N(COR<sup>3b</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>3c</sup>CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, NR<sup>3c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3b</sup>, NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl;

each  $R^{3b}$  is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;

each  $R^{3c}$  is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;

each  $R^{3d}$  is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;

each  $R^{3e}$  is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, CN, OR<sup>7a</sup>, SR<sup>7a</sup>, S(O)<sub>n</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, COR<sup>6</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>7a</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>6</sup>, NR<sup>7a</sup>COR<sup>6</sup>, N(COR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>7a</sup>CONR<sup>7a</sup>R<sup>7b</sup>, NR<sup>7a</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>6</sup>, NR<sup>7a</sup>R<sup>7b</sup>, NHR<sup>7a</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>6</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>7a</sup>R<sup>7b</sup>, N<sub>3</sub>, OC(O)OR<sup>6</sup>, CONR<sup>7a</sup>R<sup>7b</sup>, aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl;

each  $R^{3f}$  is, independently at each occurrence, oxo, sulfido, or  $R^{3a}$ ;

$R^4$  is H, halogen, CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, COR<sup>4b</sup>, OR<sup>4c</sup>, SR<sup>4c</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>4c</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, CONHR<sup>4c</sup>, CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, OCOR<sup>4b</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CONHR<sup>4c</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, OCONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 1  $R^{4a}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 1  $R^{4a}$ , C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 1  $R^{4a}$ ,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, morpholinyl, or thiomorpholinyl;

each R<sup>4a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, halogen, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OR<sup>4c</sup>, NHR<sup>4c</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, SR<sup>4c</sup>, SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, CONHR<sup>4c</sup>, CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, COR<sup>4b</sup>, OCOR<sup>4b</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, OCONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, morpholinyl, or thiomorpholinyl;

each R<sup>4b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>4c</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>4d</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyalkyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> bis(alkoxy)alkyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

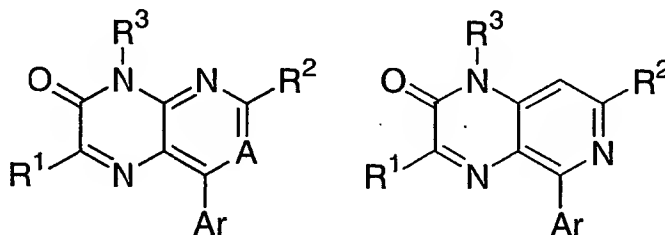
each R<sup>7a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> bis(alkoxy)alkyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>7b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> bis(alkoxy)alkyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and



$R^8$  is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or  $NR^{7a}R^{7b}$ .

[0016] According to some embodiments according to the first aspect, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) where A and B are both N. In other embodiments, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) wherein one of A and B is CR<sup>4</sup>. For example, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (Ia) and (Ib):



(Ia)

(Ib).

[0017] In some embodiments according to the first aspect, compounds of Formula (I) include those where Ar is aryl. Aryl can be, for example, phenyl substituted with 0 to 5 substituents or naphthyl substituted with 0 to 7 substituents. Example substituents include C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.

[0018] In other embodiments according to the first aspect, the present invention includes compounds wherein Ar is heteroaryl, including for example, heteroaryl groups having six-membered or five-membered rings. Example heteroaryl groups include pyridyl or pyrimidinyl. In some embodiments, the heteroaryl group is substituted with 0 to 4 substituents such as, for example, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>. Other example heteroaryl groups include oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or thienyl. According to such embodiments, the heteroaryl group can be substituted with 0 to 4 substituents such as, for example, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.

[0019] In some embodiments according to the first aspect, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) where R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl. In other embodiments, R<sup>1</sup> can be C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl.

[0020] In further embodiments according to the first aspect, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) where  $R^2$  is H, CN, OH, SH,  $OR^{2b}$ ,  $SR^{2b}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  haloalkyl, or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{2a}$ . In other embodiments,  $R^2$  can be H.

[0021] In yet further embodiments according to the first aspect, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) where  $R^3$  is  $S(O)R^8$ ,  $S(O)_2R^8$ ,  $COR^{3c}$ ,  $CONHR^{3c}$ ,  $CONR^{3c}R^{3d}$ ,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3a}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3a}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3a}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3a}$ , or  $C_4$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3a}$ . In some embodiments, one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety can be optionally replaced with O, S or  $NR^5$ .

[0022] According to some embodiments according to the first aspect, compounds of Formula (I) can include those where  $R^3$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with 0 to 2  $R^{3a}$ . In yet further embodiments,  $R^{3a}$  can be, for example, methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, F, Cl, Br,  $CF_3$ , CN,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $OR^{3c}$ ,  $SR^{3c}$ ,  $COR^{3b}$ ,  $NHR^{3c}SO_2R^{3b}$ ,  $OC(O)NR^{3c}R^{3d}$ ,  $N_3$ ,  $OC(O)OR^{3b}$ ,  $CO_2R^{3c}$ ,  $OC(O)R^{3b}$ ,  $NR^{3c}COR^{3b}$ ,  $N(COR^{3b})_2$ ,  $NR^{3c}CONR^{3c}R^{3d}$ ,  $NR^{3c}CO_2R^{3b}$ ,  $NR^{3c}R^{3d}$ , or  $CONR^{3c}R^{3d}$ .

[0023] According to further embodiments, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) where  $R^4$  is H, CN, OH,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  haloalkyl,  $SR^{4c}$ , or  $OR^{4c}$ . According to some embodiments,  $R^4$  can be H.

[0024] In a second aspect, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) wherein:

A is  $CR^4$  or N;

Ar is aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_4$ - $C_7$  cycloalkylalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  haloalkoxy, halogen, CN,  $NO_2$ ,  $OR^5$ , and  $SR^5$ ;

$R^1$  is H, CN, OH, SH,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  haloalkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclopropylethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclobutylethyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{1a}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{1a}$ , or  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{1a}$ ;

$R^{1a}$  is F, Cl, Br, CN,  $NO_2$ , OH, methyl, ethyl,  $OCH_3$ ,  $CF_3$ ,  $CHF_2$ , or  $OCF_3$ ;

R<sup>2</sup> is H, CN, OH, NR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkoxy;

R<sup>3</sup> is SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, COR<sup>3c</sup>, CONHR<sup>3c</sup>, CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, aryl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, heteroaryl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, heterocyclyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3f</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> thioalkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;

R<sup>4</sup> is H, halogen, CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, OR<sup>4c</sup>, SR<sup>4c</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>;

each R<sup>4a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, halogen, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OR<sup>4c</sup>, NHR<sup>4c</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, SR<sup>4c</sup>, SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, CONHR<sup>4c</sup>, CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, COR<sup>4b</sup>, OCOR<sup>4b</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, OCONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>;

each R<sup>4b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>4c</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>4d</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyalkyl;

each R<sup>7a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl;

each R<sup>7b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl; and

R<sup>8</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or NR<sup>7a</sup>R<sup>7b</sup>. Remaining variables can be defined as described above in the first aspect of the invention.

[0025] In some embodiments according to the second and first aspects of the invention, A can be N or A can be CR<sup>4</sup>.

[0026] In further embodiments according to the second and first aspects of the invention, R<sup>1</sup> can be H, CN, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl.

[0027] In yet further embodiments according to the second and first aspects of the invention, R<sup>2</sup> can be H, CN, OH, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, OCF<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, or CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>. In other embodiments, R<sup>2</sup> can be H.

[0028] In yet further embodiments according to the second and first aspects of the invention, R<sup>3</sup> can be C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 2 R<sup>3a</sup>.

[0029] In even further embodiments according to the second and first aspects of the invention, R<sup>4</sup> can be H, CN, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, SR<sup>4c</sup>, or OR<sup>4c</sup>. In other embodiments, R<sup>4</sup> can be H.

[0030] In still further embodiments according to the second and first aspects of the invention, Ar can be aryl. Aryl, can be, for example, phenyl substituted with 0 to 5 substituents or naphthyl substituted with 0 to 7 substituents. Example substituents can be independently selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.

[0031] In other embodiments according to the second and first aspects of the invention, Ar can be heteroaryl, such as for example a six-membered heteroaryl ring or a five-membered heteroaryl ring. Some example heteroaryl groups include pyridyl or pyrimidinyl. These groups can be substituted with 0 to 4 substituents such as, for example, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>. Other example heteroaryl groups include oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or thienyl. These groups can be substituted with 0 to 4 substituents such as, for example, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.

[0032] In a third aspect, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) wherein:

A is N or CR<sup>4</sup>;

Ar is phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or thienyl, wherein the phenyl is substituted with 0 to 5 R<sup>9a</sup> and the pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or thienyl is substituted with 0 to 4 R<sup>9b</sup>;

R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, OH, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is H, CN, OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>3</sup> is S(O)R<sup>8</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, COR<sup>3c</sup>, CONHR<sup>3c</sup>, CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, or C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;

each R<sup>3a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, thiomethoxy, thioethoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>4</sup> is H, CHF<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, OH, SH, methoxy, thiomethoxy, CH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, or CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>; and

each R<sup>9a</sup> and R<sup>9b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkoxy. Remaining variables can be defined as recited above according to the second aspect of the invention.

[0033] In embodiments according to the first, second, and third aspects, compounds of Formula (I) include those where A is N or A is CR<sup>4</sup>.

[0034] In further embodiments according to the first, second, and third aspects, compounds of Formula (I) include those where R<sup>2</sup> is H.

[0035] In yet further embodiments according to the first, second, and third aspects, compounds of Formula (I) include those where R<sup>3</sup> is butyl, pentyl, hexyl, heptyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, methoxybutyl, methoxypentyl, methoxyhexyl, thiomethoxyethyl, thiomethoxypropyl, thiomethoxybutyl, thiomethoxypentyl, thiomethoxyhexyl, 1-cyclopropylpropyl, 1-cyclopropylbutyl, 1-cyclopropylpentyl, 1-cyclobutylpropyl, 1-cyclobutylbutyl, 1-cyclobutylpentyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-methyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-ethyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-propyl, 1-cyclobutyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-methyl, 1-cyclobutyl-2-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-ethyl, 1-cyclobutyl-3-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-propyl, or (cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>CH.

[0036] In yet further embodiments according to the first, second, and third aspects, compounds of Formula (I) include those wherein  $R^4$  is H.

[0037] In even further embodiments according to the first, second, and third aspects, compounds of Formula (I) include those wherein Ar is phenyl substituted with 0 to 5  $R^{9a}$ . Alternatively, Ar can be pyridyl substituted with 0 to 4  $R^{9b}$  or pyrimidinyl substituted with 0 to 4  $R^{9b}$ .

[0038] In a fourth aspect, the present invention includes compounds of Formula (I) wherein:

A is N or  $CR^4$ ;

Ar is phenyl substituted with 0 to 3 substituents each independently selected from F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy,  $CF_3$ ,  $CHF_2$ , and  $OCF_3$ ; or

Ar is pyridyl or pyrimidinyl substituted with 0 to 2 substituents each independently selected from F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy,  $CF_3$ ,  $CHF_2$ , and  $OCF_3$ ;

$R^1$  is H, CN, OH, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl;

$R^2$  is H;

$R^3$  is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 2  $R^{3a}$ ; and

$R^4$  is H. Remaining variables can be defined as described above in the third aspect of the invention.

[0039] In embodiments according to the above first, second, third, and fourth aspects, Ar can be phenyl substituted with 0 to 3 substituents each independently selected from F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy,  $CF_3$ ,  $CHF_2$ , and  $OCF_3$ .

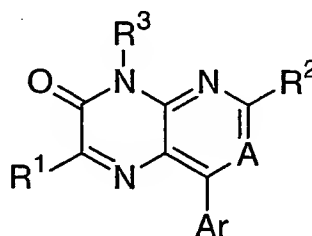
[0040] In further embodiments according to the above first, second, third, and fourth aspects, Ar can be pyridyl or pyrimidinyl substituted with 0 to 2 substituents each independently selected from F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy,  $CF_3$ ,  $CHF_2$ , and  $OCF_3$ . In some embodiments, pyridyl can be pyrid-3-yl.

[0041] In yet further embodiments according to the above first, second, third, and fourth aspects, A can be N or A can be  $CR^4$ .

[0042] In even further embodiments according to the above first, second, third, and fourth aspects,  $R^3$  can be butyl, pentyl, hexyl, heptyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, methoxybutyl, methoxypentyl, methoxyhexyl, thiomethoxyethyl, thiomethoxypropyl, thiomethoxybutyl, thiomethoxypentyl, thiomethoxyhexyl, 1-cyclopropylpropyl, 1-

cyclopropylbutyl, 1-cyclopropylpentyl, 1-cyclobutylpropyl, 1-cyclobutylbutyl, 1-cyclobutylpentyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-methyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-ethyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-propyl, 1-cyclobutyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-methyl, 1-cyclobutyl-2-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-ethyl, 1-cyclobutyl-3-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-propyl, or (cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>CH.

[0043] In a fifth aspect, the present invention includes the compounds of Formula (Ia):



selected from the group consisting of:

- (*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-isobutyl-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-isobutyl-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-methyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-methyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;
- (*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(S)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R,S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-propyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-ethyl-pentyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-ethyl-pentyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;



(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-sec-butyl-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

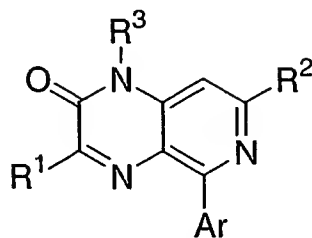
(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-3-chloro-4-(4-(1-methoxymethylpropyl)-2-methyl-3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-8-yl)-benzonitrile;

(*R*)-8-sec-butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-6-methyl-8*H*-pteridin-7-one; and

(*S*)-8-sec-butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-6-methyl-8*H*-pteridin-7-one.

[0044] In a sixth aspect of the invention, there are provided compounds of Formula (Ib):



(Ib)

selected from the group consisting of:

- (*R*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-isobutyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*S*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-isobutyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*R*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*S*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*R*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*S*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;
- (*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Methoxymethyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Methoxymethyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(6-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(6-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(6-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(6-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2,4-Dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2,4-Dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2,4-Dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2,4-Dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one.

[0045] Compounds of this invention can have one or more asymmetric centers. Unless otherwise indicated, all chiral (enantiomeric and diastereomeric) and racemic forms of compounds of Formula (I) are included in the present invention. Many geometric isomers of olefins, C=N double bonds, and the like can also be present in the compounds, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present invention. Accordingly, the present compounds can be isolated in optically active or racemic forms. It is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, such as by resolution of racemic forms or by synthesis from optically active starting materials. All chiral, (enantiomeric and diastereomeric) and racemic forms and all geometric isomeric forms of a structure are intended, unless the specific stereochemistry or isomer form is specifically indicated.

[0046] The term "alkyl" as used herein is meant to refer to a saturated hydrocarbon group which is straight-chained, branched or cyclized ("cycloalkyl"). Alkyl groups can be unsubstituted or substituted so that one or more of its hydrogens are replaced by another chemical group. Example alkyl groups include methyl (Me), ethyl (Et), propyl (*e.g.*, *n*-propyl and isopropyl), butyl (*e.g.*, *n*-butyl, isobutyl, *t*-butyl), pentyl (*e.g.*, *n*-pentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl), cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, norbornyl, and the like. "Alkenyl" refers to alkyl groups having one or more double carbon-carbon bonds. Example alkenyl groups include ethenyl, propenyl, cyclohexenyl, and the like. "Alkynyl" refers to alkyl groups having one or more triple carbon-carbon bonds. Example alkynyl groups include ethynyl, propynyl, and the like. "Haloalkyl" refers to branched, straight-chained, and cyclized alkyl groups having one or more halogen substituents. Example haloalkyl groups include CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, CCl<sub>3</sub>, CHCl<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>5</sub>, and the like. The term "alkoxy" refers to an -O-alkyl group. Example alkoxy groups include, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy (*e.g.*, *n*-propoxy and isopropoxy), *t*-butoxy, and the like. The term "cycloalkyl" refers to cyclized alkyl groups, including mono-, bi- or poly-cyclic ring systems. Example cycloalkyl groups include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, and so forth. "Halo" or "halogen" includes fluoro, chloro, bromo, and iodo.

[0047] "Aryl" groups refer to monocyclic or polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons; including, for example, phenyl, naphthyl, anthracenyl, phenanthrenyl, indanyl, indenyl, and

the like. Aryl moieties are well known and described, for example, in *Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary* (13 ed.), R.J. Lewis, ed., J. Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York (1997). Aryl groups can be substituted or unsubstituted.

[0048] "Heteroaryl" groups are monocyclic and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons that include at least one heteroatom ring member such as sulfur, oxygen, or nitrogen. Heteroaryl groups include, without limitation, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazinyl, furyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, thienyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, indolyl, pyrrol, oxazolyl, benzofuryl, benzothienyl, benzthiazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, indazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, isothiazolyl, benzothienyl, purinyl, carbazolyl, benzimidazolyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzothienyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzothienyl-S-oxide, 2,3-dihydrobenzothienyl-S-dioxide, benzoxazolin-2-on-yl, indolinyl, benzodioxolanyl, benzodioxane, and the like. Heteroaryl groups can be substituted or unsubstituted.

[0049] "Heterocyclyl" groups can be saturated (i.e., containing no double or triple bonds) or unsaturated (i.e., containing one or more double or triple bonds) carbocyclyl groups wherein one or more of the ring-forming carbon atoms of the carbocyclyl group is replaced by a heteroatom such as O, S, or N. Heterocyclyl groups can be substituted or unsubstituted. Examples of heterocyclyl groups include morpholino, thiomorpholino, piperazinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, isoxazolidinyl, isothiazolidinyl, pyrazolidinyl, oxazolidinyl, thiazolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, and the like. Some example heterocyclyl substituents can include C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, CN, OR<sup>7</sup>, SH, NO<sub>2</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, S(O)<sub>n</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, COR<sup>7</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>7</sup>, OC(O)R<sup>7</sup>, NR<sup>7</sup>COR<sup>8</sup>, N(COR<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>7</sup>CONR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, NR<sup>7</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, or CONR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, wherein R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are as defined above according to the first aspect of the invention. Heterocyclyl groups can be substituted with any number of substituents such as, for example, 0 to 7, 0 to 6, 0 to 5, 0 to 4, 0 to 3, 0 to 2, or 0 to 1 substituents.

[0050] As referred to herein, the term "substituted" means that one or more hydrogen atoms is replaced with a non-hydrogen group, provided that normal valencies are maintained and that the substitution results in a stable compound.

[0051] The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salt" refers to acid or base salts of the compounds described herein. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or organic salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic acids; and the like. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of the invention can be prepared by reacting the free acid or base forms of these compounds with a stoichiometric amount of the appropriate base or acid in



water or in an organic solvent, or in a mixture of the two; generally, nonaqueous media like ether, ethyl acetate, ethanol, isopropanol, or acetonitrile are preferred. Lists of suitable salts are found in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 17th ed., Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA, 1985, p. 1418, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to, mineral or organic acid salts of basic residues such as amines; alkali or organic salts of acidic residues such as carboxylic acids; and the like. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts include the conventional non-toxic salts or the quaternary ammonium salts of the parent compound formed, for example, from non-toxic inorganic or organic acids. Such conventional non-toxic salts include those derived from inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric, and the like; and the salts prepared from organic acids such as acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, stearic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, pamoic, maleic, hydroxymaleic, phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, sulfanilic, 2-acetoxybenzoic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, ethane disulfonic, oxalic, isethionic, and the like.

[0052] "Prodrugs" refer to inactive compounds that can be converted upon absorption by a mammalian subject to an active compound of Formula (I). Prodrugs of the compounds of Formula (I) can be prepared by modifying functional groups present in the compounds of Formula (I) in such a way that the modifications are cleaved *in vivo* to produce the parent compounds. Examples of prodrugs include, but are not limited to, acetate, formate and benzoate derivatives of alcohol and amine functional groups in the compounds of Formula (I). Preparation of prodrugs is well known in the art and described in, for example, *Medicinal Chemistry: Principles and Practice*, ed. F. D. King, The Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge, UK, 1994, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0053] Radiolabelled compounds of Formula I, i.e., wherein one or more of the atoms described are replaced by a radioactive isotope of that atom (e.g., C replaced by  $^{14}\text{C}$  or by  $^{11}\text{C}$ , and H replaced by  $^3\text{H}$  or  $^{18}\text{F}$ ), are also provided herein. Such compounds have a variety of potential uses, e.g., as standards and reagents in determining the ability of a potential pharmaceutical to bind to target proteins or receptors, or for imaging compounds of this invention bound to biological receptors *in vivo* or *in vitro*.

[0054] The present invention further includes compositions comprising one or more compounds of Formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0055] A “pharmaceutically acceptable carrier” refers to media generally accepted in the art for the delivery of biologically active agents to animals, in particular, mammals. Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers are formulated according to a number of factors well within the purview of those of ordinary skill in the art. These include, without limitation: the type and nature of the active agent being formulated; the subject to which the agent-containing composition is to be administered; the intended route of administration of the composition; and, the therapeutic indication being targeted. Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers include both aqueous and non-aqueous liquid media, as well as a variety of solid and semi-solid dosage forms. Such carriers can include a number of different ingredients and additives in addition to the active agent, such additional ingredients being included in the formulation for a variety of reasons, e.g., stabilization of the active agent, binders, etc., well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Descriptions of suitable pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, and factors involved in their selection, are found in a variety of readily available sources such as, for example, *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 17th ed., Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA, 1985, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0056] The present invention further includes methods of reducing symptoms caused by elevated levels of corticotropin releasing factor in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

[0057] The present invention further includes methods of treating stress-related symptoms in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I).

[0058] The present invention also includes methods of treating a disorder characterized by abnormal levels of corticotropin releasing factor in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I). According to some embodiments, the disorder can be characterized by elevated levels of corticotropin releasing factor. In some embodiments, the disorder affects the central nervous system. Some example disorders that can be treated according to the methods described herein include anxiety or depression. In some embodiments, the treatable disorder is irritable bowel syndrome.

[0059] Some disorders characterized by abnormal levels of corticotropin releasing factor include the following disorders: mood disorders such as depression, including major depression, single episode depression, recurrent depression, child abuse induced depression, seasonal affective disorder, postpartum depression, dysthemia, bipolar disorders, and

cyclothymia; anxiety disorders including panic, phobias, obsessive-compulsive disorder; post-traumatic stress disorder; and sleep disorders induced by stress; inflammation; pain; chronic fatigue syndrome; stress-induced headache; cancer; human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infections; neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease and Huntington's disease; gastrointestinal diseases such as ulcers, irritable bowel syndrome, Crohn's disease, spastic colon, diarrhea, and post operative ileus, and colonic hypersensitivity associated by psychopathological disturbances or stress; eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia nervosa; supranuclear palsy; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; immune suppression; hemorrhagic stress; stress-induced psychotic episodes; euthyroid sick syndrome; syndrome of inappropriate antidiarrhetic hormone (ADH); obesity; infertility; head traumas; spinal cord trauma; ischemic neuronal damage (e.g., cerebral ischemia such as cerebral hippocampal ischemia); excitotoxic neuronal damage; epilepsy; cardiovascular disorders including hypertension, tachycardia and congestive heart failure; stroke; immune dysfunctions including stress-induced immune dysfunctions (e.g., stress induced fevers, porcine stress syndrome, bovine shipping fever, equine paroxysmal fibrillation, and dysfunctions induced by confinement in chickens, sheering stress in sheep or human-animal interaction related stress in dogs); muscular spasms; urinary incontinence; senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type; multiinfarct dementia; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; chemical dependencies and addictions (e.g., dependencies on alcohol, cocaine, heroin, benzodiazepines, or other drugs); drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms; osteoporosis; psychosocial dwarfism; hypoglycemia; hair loss; abnormal circadian rhythm; and disorders related to abnormal circadian rhythm such as time zone change syndrome, seasonal affective disorder, irregular sleep-wake pattern, delayed sleep phase syndrome, advanced sleep phase syndrome, non-24 hour sleep wake disorder, light-induced clock resetting, REM sleep disorder, hypersomnia, parasomnia, narcolepsy, nocturnal enuresis, restless legs syndrome, sleep apnea, dysthymia, and abnormal circadian rhythm associated with chronic administration and withdrawal of antidepressant agents. Thus, the compounds provided herein, because of their antagonism of CRF receptors, are expected to be useful in treating these and other disorders.

[0060] The term "therapeutically effective amount" refers to an amount of compound effective to reduce or eliminate at least one symptom of a disorder that the compound was used to treat.

[0061] Compounds of this invention can be administered to treat the above disorders by any suitable means that allows the compound to contact the compound's site of action,

such as a CRF receptor, in the body of a mammal. The compounds can be administered by any conventional means available for use in conjunction with pharmaceuticals either as an individual therapeutic agent or in combination with other therapeutic agents. Compounds of the present invention can be administered alone, or in combination with a pharmaceutical carrier selected on the basis of the chosen route of administration and standard pharmaceutical practice.

[0062] The dosage of compound administered varies depending on several factors such as the pharmacodynamic character of the particular compound, and its mode and route of administration; the recipient's age, weight, and health; nature and extent of symptoms; kind of concurrent treatment; frequency of treatment; and desired effect. For use in the treatment of the above diseases or conditions, the compounds of this invention can be orally administered daily at a dosage of the active ingredient (*e.g.*, a compound of Formula I) of about 0.002 to about 200 mg/kg of body weight. For example, a dose of about 0.01 to about 10 mg/kg can be divided into smaller doses and administered one to four times a day. Alternatively, sustained release formulations can be effective in obtaining the desired pharmacological effect.

[0063] Dosage forms (compositions) suitable for administration can contain from about 1 mg to about 100 mg of active ingredient per dosage unit. In these pharmaceutical compositions, the active ingredient (*e.g.*, a compound of Formula I) can be present in an amount of about 0.5 to 95% by weight based on the total weight of the composition.

[0064] The active ingredient (*e.g.*, a compound of Formula I) can be administered orally in solid dosage forms such as capsules, tablets and powders, or in liquid forms such as elixirs, syrups, and/or suspensions. The compounds of this invention can also be administered parenterally in sterile liquid dose formulations.

[0065] Gelatin capsules can be used to contain the active ingredient and a suitable carrier such as, but not limited to, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, steric acid, or cellulose derivatives. Similar diluents can be used to make compressed tablets. Both tablets and capsules can be manufactured as sustained release products to provide for continuous release of medication over a period of time. Compressed tablets can be sugar-coated or film-coated to mask any unpleasant taste, or used to protect the active ingredients from the atmosphere, or to allow selective disintegration of the tablet in the gastrointestinal tract.

[0066] Liquid dose forms for oral administration can also contain coloring or flavoring agents to increase patient acceptance.

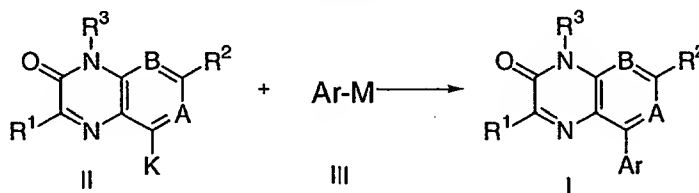
[0067] Typically, water, pharmaceutically acceptable oils, saline, aqueous dextrose, and related sugar solutions and glycols, such as propylene glycol or polyethylene glycol, are suitable carriers for parenteral solutions. Solutions for parenteral administration can contain, for example, a water soluble salt of the active ingredient and suitable stabilizing agents. Antioxidizing agents, such as sodium bisulfite, sodium sulfite, or ascorbic acid, either alone or in combination, can act as suitable stabilizing agents. Also suitable as stabilizing agents are citric acid and its salts, and EDTA. In addition, parenteral solutions can contain preservatives such as, for example, benzalkonium chloride, methyl- or propyl-paraben, and chlorobutanol.

[0068] The compounds of this invention may also be used as reagents or standards in the biochemical study of neurological function, dysfunction, and disease.

[0069] Compounds of Formula (I) can be prepared by the following synthetic routes and schemes. Where a detailed description is not provided, it is assumed that those skilled in the art of organic synthesis will readily understand the meaning.

[0070] Compounds of Formula (I) can be prepared according to the route shown in Scheme 1.

Scheme 1

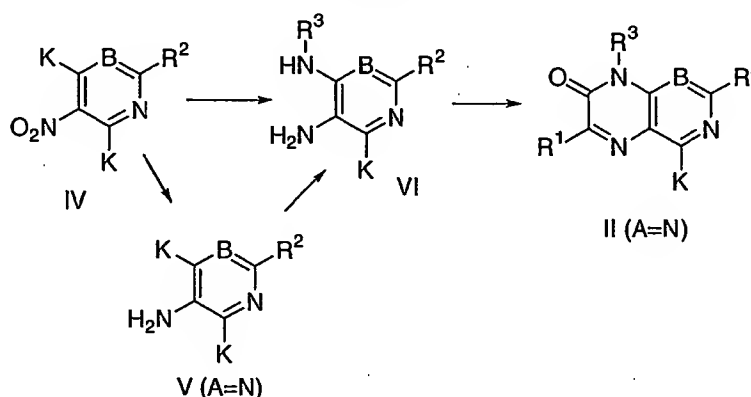


According to scheme 1, a compound of Formula II can be coupled to an aromatic compound of Formula III, with elimination of M-K. For compounds of Formula II, K can represent a halide, pseudohalide (such as, for example, mesylate, tosylate or triflate), or thiomethyl. For compounds of Formula III, M can represent groups such as lithium, bromomagnesium, chlorozinc, (dihydroxy)boron, (dialkoxy)boron, trialkylstannyl, and the like. The coupling reaction of scheme 1 can be performed in the presence of an appropriate catalyst, such as tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium, bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium dichloride, [1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane]nickel dichloride, etc. Example methods involve the coupling of chloroheterocycles with *in-situ*-prepared arylzinc reagents according to the method described in Negishi et al., *J. Org. Chem.* **1977**, *42*, 1821, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety, and the coupling with arylboronic esters according to the method described in Suzuki et al., *Chem. Letters* **1989**, 1405, which is incorporated herein by

reference in its entirety. Appropriate solvents for reactions of this type usually include, for example, tetrahydrofuran, diethyl ether, dimethylformamide, or dimethylsulfoxide. Typical temperatures can range, for example, from ambient up to the boiling point of the solvent.

[0071] Preparation of compounds of Formula VI wherein A is a nitrogen atom can proceed according to the route of Scheme 2.

Scheme 2

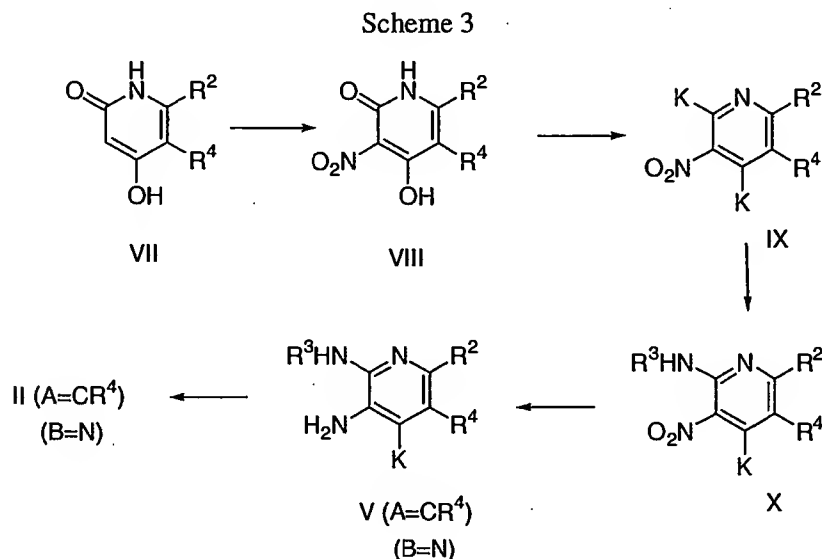


A compound of Formula IV, such as, for example, when K is chloride, can be obtained from commercial sources. Compounds bearing pseudohalide K groups can be made from the corresponding dihydroxy compounds by treatment with an appropriate activating reagent, such as an organosulfonic anhydride or sulfonyl chloride. Compounds of Formula IV can be converted to compounds of Formula VI by, for example, (i) monoalkylation with a compound  $\text{P-NH}_2$ , followed by reduction of the nitro group, or (ii) reduction of the nitro group, to give an amine compound of Formula V, followed by monoalkylation with a compound  $\text{R}^3\text{-NH}_2$ . Pyrimidine chemistry of this type is well represented in the literature, and is reviewed in *Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry*, vol. 6, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Alkylation of chloropyrimidines with amine compounds can be accomplished under either acidic (e.g., HCl or acetic) or basic (e.g., trialkylamines, potassium *tert*-butoxide, etc.) conditions. Nitro groups in compounds of this type can be reduced to amino groups using one of any number of conditions, including catalytic hydrogenation, tin dichloride, sodium dithionite, zinc metal, iron powder, etc.

[0072] Compounds of Formula VI can be cyclized with an appropriate ketoester by condensation followed by intramolecular cyclization in toluene, ethanol, methanol, butanol, or other appropriate solvent either alone or in the presence of acid such as a toluenesulfonic acid, acetic acid, hydrochloric acid, Lewis acid, etc. The reaction can be run at any suitable

temperature such as, for example, ambient temperature to the boiling point of any given solvent to give the compounds of Formula (I).

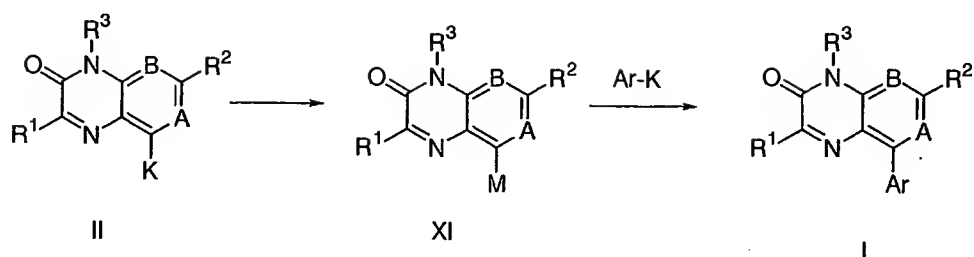
[0073] An example preparation of compounds of Formula V, wherein A is carbon and B is nitrogen, is shown in Scheme 3.



An hydroxypyridone compound of Formula VII can be nitrated to give compounds of Formula VIII employing conditions such as, for example, concentrated or fuming nitric acid, optionally in the presence of concentrated sulfuric or acetic acid. Both the hydroxy and pyridone groups in compounds of Formula VIII can be activated at the same time, using stronger conditions such as phosphorus oxychloride and heat, or excess toluenesulfonic anhydride, to give compounds of Formula IX. Selective monoalkylation of compounds of Formula IX is also possible, but can give mixtures of regioisomeric products. The nitro group of compounds of Formula X can then be reduced as discussed above, to give compounds of Formula V wherein A is CR<sup>4</sup>. Cyclization as described above can yield compounds of Formula (I).

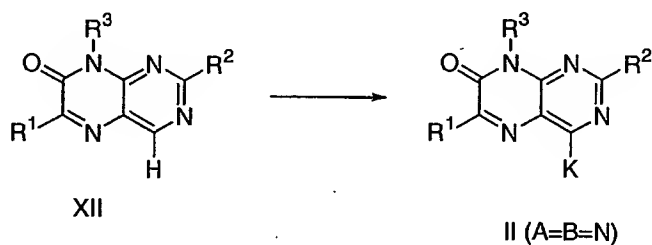
[0074] Another route (scheme 4) can convert compounds of Formula II to the metallated compounds of Formula XI for coupling to appropriate aryl halides as described above.

Scheme 4



[0075] The compound of Formula II ( $A=N$ ) can also be synthesized by direct halogenation of compounds of Formula XII (scheme 5). This can be achieved selectively by forming the N-oxide with meta-chloroperbenzoic acid, or other appropriate oxidizing agents followed by treatment with a halogenating agent such as phosphorous oxychloride as described in Tomczuk *et al.*, *J. Med. Chem.*, **1991**, *34*, 2993, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

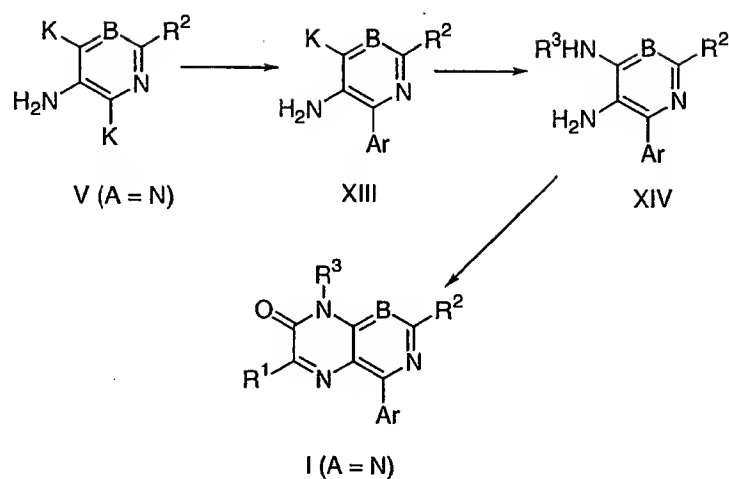
Scheme 5



[0076] Compounds of Formula V, which are typically commercially available, can be exposed to aryl coupling conditions (scheme 6) as described above to give compounds of Formula XIII, which can be elaborated to give compounds of Formula XIV, which upon treatment with an appropriate keto-ester under conditions described can give rise to compounds of Formula (I) where  $A = N$ .

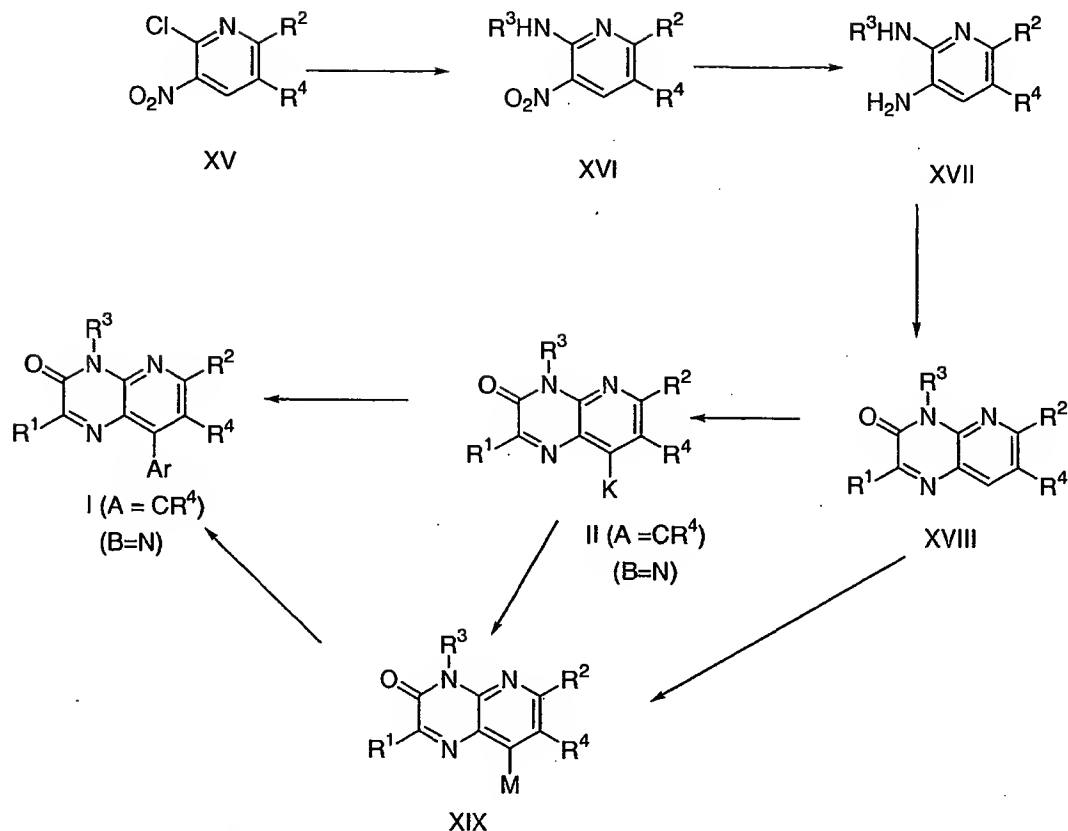


Scheme 6



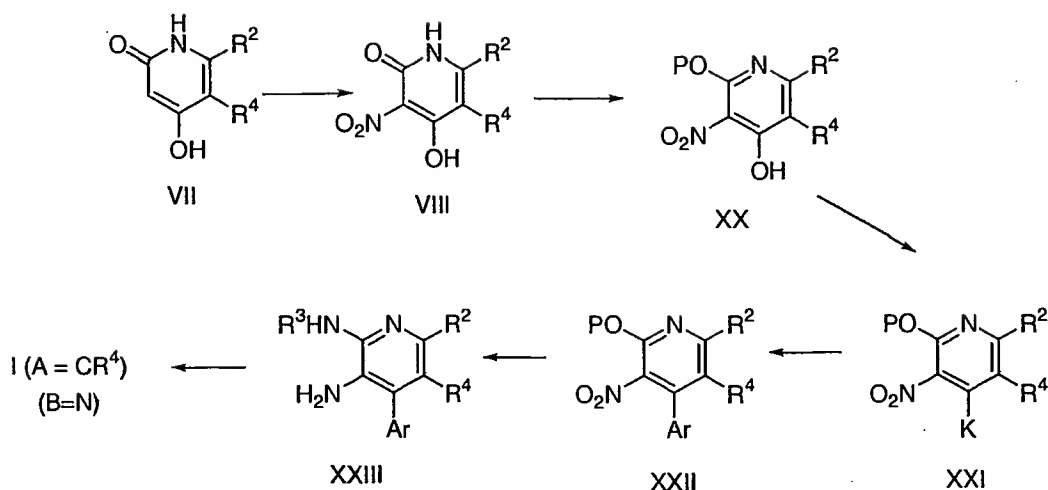
[0077] Compounds of Formula XV (scheme 7), which are typically commercially available, can be reacted with an appropriate amine to give compounds of Formula XVI. The nitro group can then be reduced as described above and compounds of Formula XVIII cyclized with the desired ketoester in a manner analogous to the cyclizations previously described. This cyclized material can then be halogenated to give the desired halide derivative which, in turn, can be subjected to aryl coupling conditions as previously described to give the desired analogs. Alternatively, compounds of Formula XVIII can be directly metallated and the organolithium subjected to aryl coupling conditions as described above. Compounds of Formula XVIII can also be used as a precursor to XIX following reaction conditions described earlier.

Scheme 7



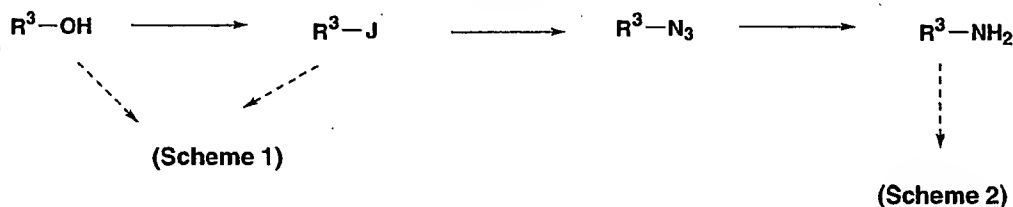
[0078] Commercially available compounds of Formula VII can be nitrated employing conditions such as fuming nitric acid, optionally in the presence of concentrated sulfuric or acetic acid (scheme 8). The hydroxypyridone compounds of Formula VIII can be selectively protected. One method of protection, for example, involves the treatment of dicyclohexylamine salts of compounds of Formula VIII. Conversion of compounds of Formula XXI, where K = Cl, can be achieved by treatment with sulfonyl chloride, or if K is a pseudohalide, treatment with organicsulfonic anhydride. The coupling reaction can be run as described above to give compounds of Formula XXII and the nitro group reduced using catalytic hydrogenation, tin dichloride, sodiumthionite, etc. Cyclization as described above can give compounds of Formula I, where A = CR<sup>4</sup>.

Scheme 8



[0079] Methods of synthesis of compounds  $\text{R}^3\text{-OH}$ ,  $\text{R}^3\text{-J}$  and  $\text{R}^3\text{-NH}_2$  are related, in that the alcohol can be used in the synthesis of the other two compounds, as is shown in Scheme 9.

Scheme 9

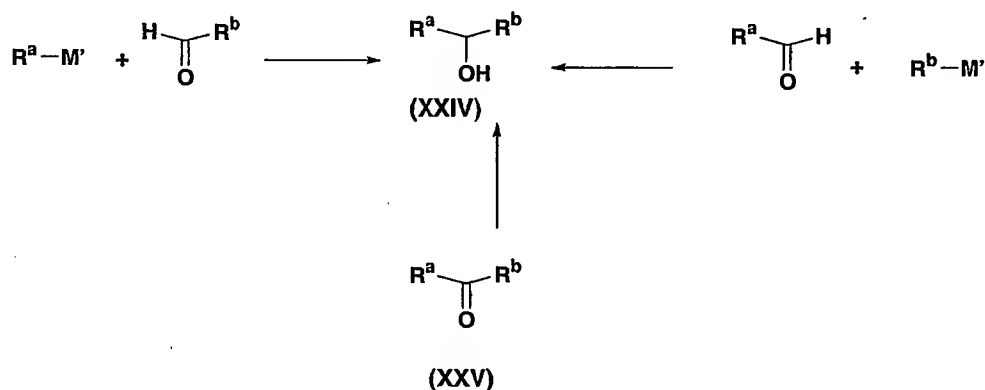


For example, the hydroxy group can be converted to the following J groups, using the indicated reagents (this route is not limited to these J groups): methanesulfonate, using methanesulfonyl chloride or anhydride and an appropriate base; toluenesulfonate, using toluenesulfonyl chloride or anhydride and an appropriate base; iodide; using iodine / triphenylphosphine; bromide, using phosphorus tribromide or carbon tetrabromide / triphenylphosphine; or trifluoromethanesulfonate, using trifluoromethane-sulfonic anhydride and an appropriate base. Both compounds  $\text{R}^3\text{-OH}$  and  $\text{R}^3\text{-J}$  are used in the methods portrayed in Scheme 1. Conversion of  $\text{R}^3\text{-J}$  to  $\text{R}^3\text{-N}_3$  typically uses an azide source, such as sodium azide, and a solvent such as dimethylsulfoxide or dimethylformamide, or water and a phase-transfer catalyst (such as tetrabutylammonium hydrogen sulfate). Reduction of the azide compound  $\text{R}^3\text{-N}_3$  to  $\text{R}^3\text{-NH}_2$  can be accomplished using reagents such as, for example,

sodium borohydride or triphenylphosphine, or hydrogen gas and a catalyst (such as palladium on carbon). The amine  $R^3-NH_2$  can then be employed in the methods portrayed in Scheme 2.

[0080] In the cases where the compound R<sup>3</sup>-OH could be represented by Formula XXIV (Scheme 10), wherein R<sup>a</sup> and R<sup>b</sup> represent substructures which, taken together with the carbinol methine group, comprise the entire group R<sup>3</sup>, this compound can be prepared by addition to a carbonyl compound.

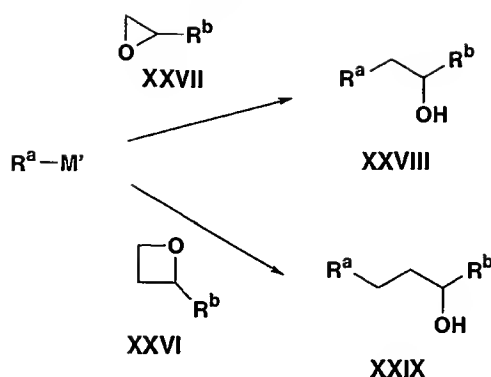
Scheme 10



This route can be useful in the case where R<sup>a</sup> or R<sup>b</sup> represent a cycloalkyl group, such as cyclopropyl. An organometallic reagent (where M' represents a metallic group, such as Li, CuCN, CuI, MgCl, MgBr, MgI, ZnCl, CrCl, etc.) can be allowed to react with an aldehyde reagent to prepare the alcohol compound of Formula XXIV. Alternatively, a ketone of Formula XXV can be treated with a reducing agent, such as, for example, sodium borohydride, lithium aluminum hydride, etc., which can also generate the alcohol of Formula XXIV. Standard methods of ketone synthesis can be used where appropriate in the preparation of compounds of Formula XXV, which are familiar to those skilled in the art of organic synthesis.

**[0081]** An homologous approach can also be employed in the synthesis of alcohols  $R^3-OH$ , involving the ring-opening reaction of cyclic ether compounds with organometallic reagents (Scheme 11).

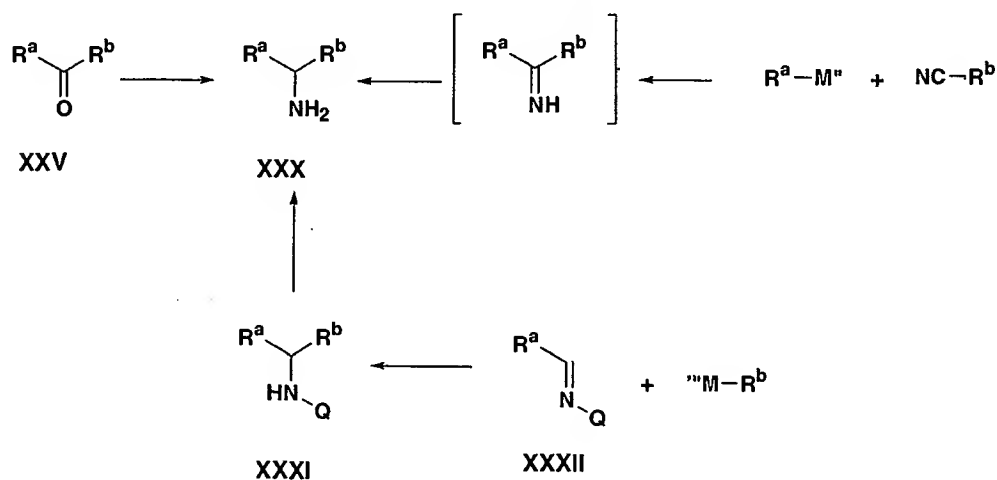
Scheme 11



Here, an organometallic reagent  $R^a-M'$  is used, where  $M'$  represents metals such as Mg, Zn or Cu. An example method is described in Huynh, *et al.*, *Tetrahedron Letters* **1979**, *17*, 1503-1506, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety, where organomagnesium reagents are reacted with cyclic ethers with catalysis provided by copper (I) iodide. Use of an epoxide compound of Formula XXVII in this manner can result in synthesis of an alcohol compound of Formula XXVIII, and use of an oxetane compound of Formula XXVI can generate an alcohol of Formula XXIX. Both compounds XXVIII and XXIX are variants of  $R^3-OH$ .

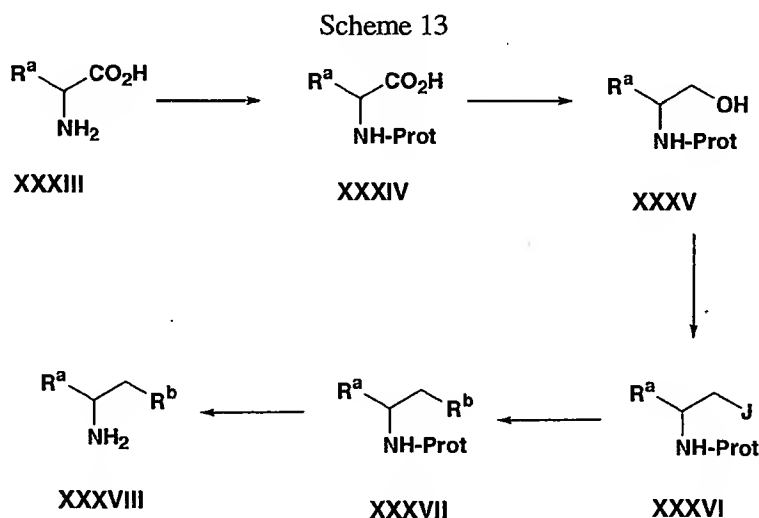
[0082] Synthesis of compound  $R^3-NH_2$  with Formula XXX is portrayed in Scheme 12.

Scheme 12



A simple reductive amination of ketones of Formula XXV can produce amines of Formula XXX. This reaction can be performed using anhydrous ammonia in the presence of hydrogen and a catalyst. Alternatively, addition of an organometallic reagent to a nitrile compound gives an imine, which can be treated in situ with a reducing agent (such as, for example, sodium cyanoborohydride) to give amines of Formula XXX. Further, a compound of Formula XXXII, wherein Q is an optionally-substituted oxygen atom (i.e., an oxime) or nitrogen atom (i.e., a hydrazone), can be allowed to react with an organometallic reagent  $R^b-M'''$ . Here, metallic groups  $M'''$  such as MgBr, CuCl or  $CeCl_2$  can be used in additions to oximes or hydrazones. The intermediate addition products of Formula XXXI can be subjected to reductive cleavage (using conditions such as sodium/liquid ammonia or catalytic hydrogenation), which can afford amines of Formula XXX.

[0083] Amino acids, either naturally-occurring or synthetic, are potential sources of useful starting materials for the synthesis of the compounds of this invention. Scheme 13 shows some possible applications of this approach.

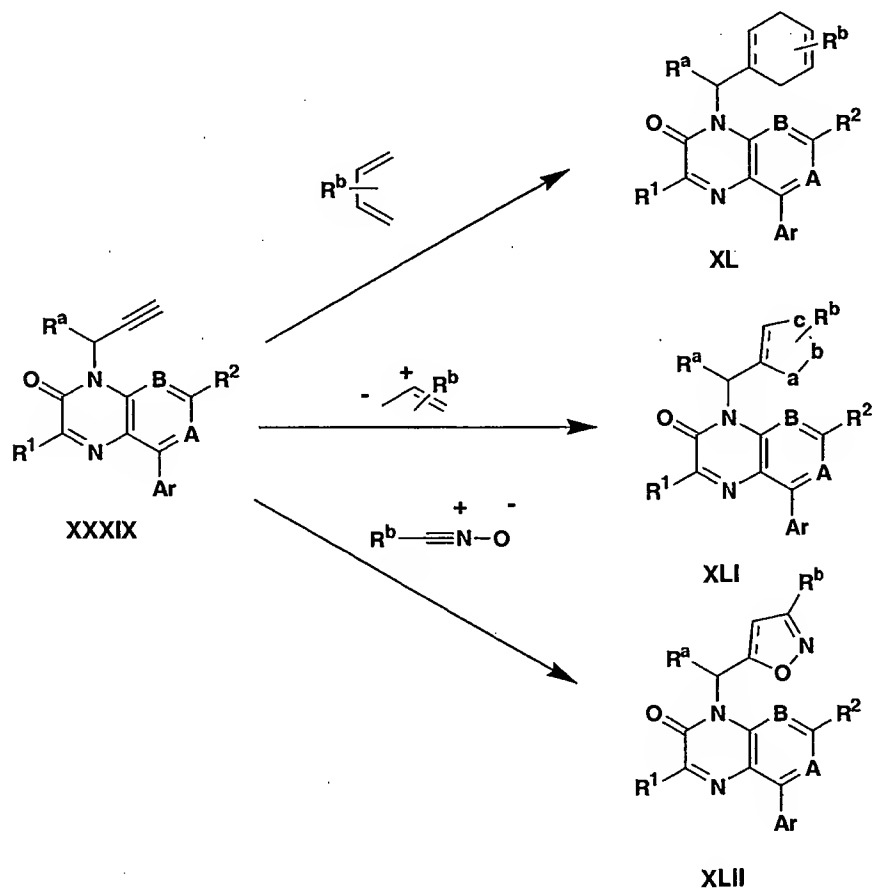


Protected amino acids of Formula XXXIV can be prepared from the parent compounds of Formula XXXIII. Some example protecting groups ("Prot") include tert-butoxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, and triphenylmethyl. Standard texts in peptide chemistry describe amino protecting groups. The carboxylic acid group can be reduced using reagents such as lithium borohydride, giving, for example, alcohols of Formula XXV. The hydroxy group can be converted to a leaving group "J" as described before. The compounds of Formula XXXVI

can be treated with appropriate reagents to produce a wide variety of functional groups (e.g., compounds of Formula XXXVII). For example, displacement of J with cyanide (e.g., sodium cyanide in warm dimethylformamide) can give a nitrile. Displacement of J with a mercaptan (in the presence of a base, such as potassium carbonate) can give a disulfide. Further, displacement of J with a secondary amine can give a tertiary amine, etc.

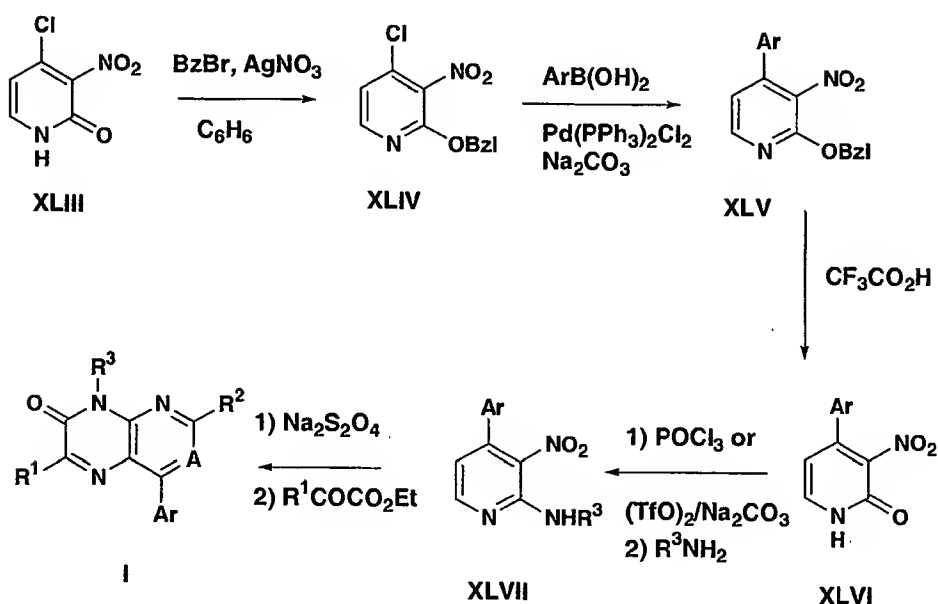
[0084] The compounds of Formula (I) with unsaturated  $R^1$  groups can be a further source of compounds. Unsaturated (double and triple) bonds can take part in cycloaddition chemistry using appropriate reagents (Scheme 14). Cycloaddition of an alkyne compound of Formula XXXIX with 1,3-dienes to give six-membered ring compounds like that of Formula XL (commonly known as the Diels-Alder reaction), and cycloaddition with 3-atom dipolar reagents to give heterocyclic compounds of Formula XLI, are familiar to those skilled in the art of organic synthesis. An example of this approach is the synthesis of an isoxazole compound of Formula XLII from the alkyne XXXIX and a nitrile oxide reagent.

Scheme 14



[0085] The synthetic procedure in Scheme 15 shown below can be used to prepare compounds of Formula (Ia).

Scheme 15



Reaction of 4-chloropyridone of Formula XLIII with an aryl halide, such as benzyl bromide in benzene and in the presence of  $\text{Ag}_2\text{CO}_3$  as described in Scheme 15 (Smith A. M. *et al.*, *J. Med. Chem.*, **1993**, 36, 8, which is incorporated herein by reference) and at temperature ranges of , for example, about 30 to about 80 °C can afford the corresponding 2-benzyloxypyridine of Formula XLIV. This compound can be coupled, for example, with an arylboronic acid,  $\text{ArB(OH)}_2$ , under palladium-catalyzed conditions to give compounds of Formula XLV. The benzyloxy group can be removed by treatment with a strong acid, such as trifluoroacetic acid, triflic acid, sulfuric acid, HCl, etc. to give pyridones of Formula XLVI. This compound can be converted to the 2-halopyridine derivative with the action of  $\text{POX}_3$ ,  $\text{PX}_5$ , (X is halo) or the corresponding triflate, tosylate or mesylate, which can be displaced with a primary amine  $\text{R}^3\text{NH}_2$  to give XLVII. The nitro group can be reduced under conditions

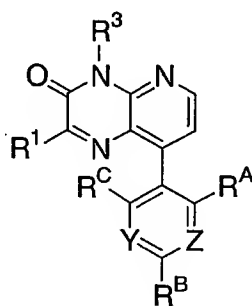


described in scheme 15, and the aminopyridine can be cyclized to XLVIII under the conditions described in scheme 15.

[0086] The following examples are provided to describe the invention in further detail and are intended to illustrate and not to limit the invention. Potency of binding to CRF<sub>1</sub> receptor for select compounds are listed as IC<sub>50</sub> ranges where a= <1 nM; b= 1-10nM; c= 10-100nM; d= 100nM-1μM; e= >1μM.

## EXAMPLES

Table 1



Ex.	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>A</sup>	R <sup>B</sup>	R <sup>C</sup>	Y	Z	MS (m/z)	IC <sub>50</sub> Range*
1	Me	CH <sub>2</sub> iPr	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	362.3	e
2	Me	CH(Me)Pr	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	376.3	c
3	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	388.3	b
4	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	376.3	
5	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	402.3	b
6	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
7	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
8	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
9	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	378.3	c
10	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	392.3	b
11	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
12	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
13	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		

14	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
15	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
16	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
17	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
18	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	399.9	b
19	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	383.9	a
20	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
21	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
22	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
23	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	397.9	b
24	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
25	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	373.8	c
26	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	387.9	c
27	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
28	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
29	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
30	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
31	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
32	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
33	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
34	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
35	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
36	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
37	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
38	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
39	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
40	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
41	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
42	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
43	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		

44	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
45	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
46	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
47	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
48	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
49	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
50	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
51	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
52	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
53	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
54	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
55	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
56	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
67	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
58	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
59	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
60	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
61	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
62	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
63	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
64	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
65	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
66	Me	CH(cPr) <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH	376.2	b
67	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH	364.1	c
68	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
69	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH	378.1	b
70	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
71	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH	378.2	c
72	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
73	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH	354.2	d

74	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH	368.3	c
75	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
76	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
77	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
78	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
79	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
80	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
81	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
82	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
83	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH	382.3	b
84	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
85	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
86	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
87	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
88	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
89	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH	386.3	c
90	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH	386.3	b
91	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
92	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
93	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
94	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
95	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
96	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
97	Me	CH(Et)Bu	Me	OMe	H	CH	N	381.1	d
98	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	N	381.2	c
99	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	N	365.4	c
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104	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
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106	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
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112	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
113	Me	CH(Me)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH	394.2	c
114	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
115	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH	420.2	b
116	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
117	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH	434.1	b
118	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
119	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
120	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
121	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH	410.0	c
122	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH	424.1	b
123	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
124	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
125	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
126	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
127	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
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130	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
131	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH	421.8	c
132	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
133	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		

897	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
898	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
899	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
900	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
901	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
902	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
903	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
904	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
905	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
906	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
907	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
908	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
909	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
910	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
911	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
912	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
913	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
914	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
915	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
916	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
917	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
918	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
919	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
920	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
921	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
922	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
923	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
924	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
925	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
926	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		

927	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
928	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
928	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
930	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
931	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
932	Et	CH(cPr)Et	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
933	Et	CH(cPr)Me	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
934	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
935	Et	CH(cBu)Me	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
936	Et	CH(cBu)Et	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
937	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
938	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
939	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
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941	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
942	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
943	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
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947	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
948	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
949	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
950	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
951	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
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953	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
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957	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
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974	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
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983	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
984	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
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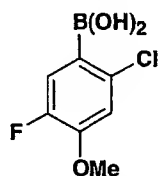


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1005	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
1006	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
1007	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
1008	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
1009	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
1010	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
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1012	Me	CH(Me)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
1013	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		c
1014	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
1015	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
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1045	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
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1047	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
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1074	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
1075	Me	CH <sub>2</sub> iPr	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1076	Me	CH(Me)Pr	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		

1077	Me	CH(cPr)Et	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1078	Me	CH(cPr)Me	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1079	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1080	Me	CH(cBu)Me	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1081	Me	CH(cBu)Et	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1082	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1083	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1084	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1085	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1086	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1087	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1088	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1089	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
1090	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		



### Preparation 1

#### 2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid

##### PART A

**[0087]** To a 1-chloro-3,4-difluorobenzene (25 g, 0.17 mol) cooled to 0 °C was added fuming nitric acid (50 mL) dropwise over 30 min. The orange solution was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 h. The solution was poured slowly over ice and the resultant mixture extracted with diethyl ether. The diethyl ether layers were washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 26 g (80%) of 1-chloro-4,5-difluoro-2-nitro-benzene: Crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.88 (dd, *J*=9.3, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, *J*=9.3, 7.1 Hz, 1H). The crude material was pure enough to carry on to the next step.

*PART B*

[0088] To sodium methoxide (100 mL of a 0.5 M solution in methanol, 50.1 mmol) cooled to 0 °C was added a solution of 1-chloro-4,5-difluoro-2-nitro-benzene (9.7 g, 50.1 mmol) in methanol (10 mL) dropwise over 15 min. The solution was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 h, then poured slowly over ice. The yellow precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with cold water. The crystals were air dried to give 8.2 g (79%) of 1-chloro-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-nitro-benzene: Crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.85 (d, *J*=10.5 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J*=7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H). The crude material was pure enough to carry on to the next step.

*PART C*

[0089] 1-Chloro-4-fluoro-5-methoxy-2-nitro-benzene (16.3 g, 79.3 mmol) and Sn granules (29.1 g, 246 mmol) were suspended in water (200 mL). Concentrated HCl (79 mL, 952 mmol) was added dropwise over 20 min. The resulting mixture was heated to 55 °C for 3h. The solution was cooled to room temperature and carefully quenched with 1 N NaOH. The thick mixture was filtered through celite eluting the ethyl acetate to give a clear solution which was extracted with ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate layers were washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 26 g (80%) of 2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxyaniline: Crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 6.88 (d, *J*=8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J*=12.2 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.77 (br s, 2H). The crude material was pure enough to carry on to the next step.

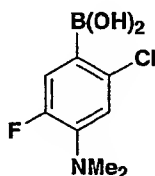
*PART D*

[0090] 2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxyaniline (14.0 g, 79.7 mmol) was cooled to 0 °C and conc. HCl (40 mL) was added over 20 min. The suspension was heated to 55 °C until the aniline was completely dissolved, then cooled back to 0 °C. A solution of sodium nitrite (6.1 g, 87.7 mmol) in water (15 mL) was added dropwise over 15 min. After complete addition the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. Hexanes (24 mL) and dichloromethane (24 mL) were added followed by a solution of potassium iodide (26.5 g, 159.4 mmol) in water (25 mL) which was added dropwise over 30 min. After stirring at 0 °C for 4 h dichloromethane (50 mL) was added and the reaction quenched with sat. aq. NaHSO<sub>3</sub>. The solution was extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 21 g (92%) of 1-chloro-4-fluoro-2-iodo-5-

methoxy-benzene: Crude  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.48 (d,  $J=10.3$  Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d,  $J=7.8$  Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H). The crude material was pure enough to carry on to the next step.

#### PART E

[0091] To 1-chloro-4-fluoro-2-iodo-5-methoxy-benzene (10.0 g, 34.9 mmol) in THF (70 mL) was cooled to  $-78^\circ\text{C}$  was added triisopropylborate (8.9 mL, 38.4 mmol) followed by dropwise addition of n-butyl lithium (24 mL of a 1.6 M solution in hexanes, 38.4 mL). The solution was stirred and allowed to warm to room temperature over night by dissipation of the dry ice/acetone bath. 1N HCl (50 mL) and water (50 mL) were added and the solution stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The solution was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were washed with brine, dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ), filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with 1:1 hexanes/diethyl ether and the solid collected by filtration to give 3.8 g (53%) of pure 1-chloro-4-fluoro-2-iodo-5-methoxyphenyl boronic acid:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.64 (d,  $J=11.7$  Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d,  $J=7.3$  Hz, 1H), 5.21 (br s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H).



#### Preparation 2

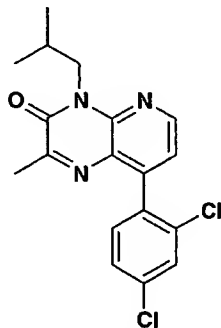
##### 2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluorophenylboronic acid

#### PARTS A and B

[0092] A solution of 1-chloro-4,5-difluoro-2-nitro-benzene (Preparation 1) (20.0 g, 103.3 mmol),  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  (31.4 g, 227.3 mmol) and dimethyl amine•HCl (9.3 g, 113.6 mmol) in acetonitrile (200 mL) was heated to reflux for 2h. The solution cooled to room temperature, quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate layers were washed with brine, dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ), filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 22.1 g (98%) of 1-chloro-5-dimethylamino-4-fluoro-2-nitro-benzene: Crude  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.83 (d,  $J=14.2$  Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d,  $J=8.3$  Hz, 1H), 3.09 (d,  $J=2.2$  Hz, 6H), 3.77 (br s, 2H). The crude material was pure enough to carry on to the next step.

*PARTS C, D and E*

[0093] 1-Chloro-4-fluoro-2-iodo-5-methoxyphenyl boronic acid was prepared substantially as described in Preparation 1, Parts C, D and E:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.52 (d,  $J=14.4$  Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d,  $J=7.8$  Hz, 1H), 5.18 (br s, 2H), 2.93 (d,  $J=1.2$  Hz, 6H).

**Example 1**

**(*R,S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-isobutyl-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A, B, and C*

[0094] 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine was prepared substantially as described in Example 9 and isolated as a brown viscous oil: crude  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.6 (d, 1H), 7.5 (s, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H).

*PART D*

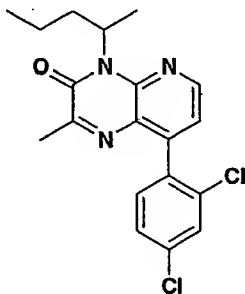
[0095] 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.20 g, 0.66 mmol) and isobutylamine (0.096 g, 1.32 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 9 to yield 0.24 g (100%) of crude [4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-isobutyl-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  340.2  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 98].

*PART E*

[0096] [4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-2-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-isobutyl-amine (0.24 g, 0.71 mmol) and  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$  (0.99 g, 5.69 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 0.22 g of 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -isobutyl-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  310.23  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 78]. Taken on to Part F

*PART F*

[0097] 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-isobutyl-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.22 g, 0.71 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 6.7 mg (2.0%) of 8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-isobutyl-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 1): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  8.6 (d, 1H), 7.6 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 7.39 (d, 1H), 7.25 (d, 1H), 4.4 (d, 2H), 2.4 (s, 2H), 2.35 (m, 1H), 1.25 (s, 1H), 0.95 (d, 6H). MS (ESI) *m/z* 362.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 2**

**(*R,S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-methyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A, B, and C*

[0098] 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine was prepared substantially as described in Example 9.

*PART D*

[0099] 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.20 g, 0.66 mmol) and 1-methyl-butylamine (0.11 g, 1.32 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 9 to produce 0.20 g (87 %) of crude [4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methyl-butyl)-amine: MS (AP) *m/z* 354.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

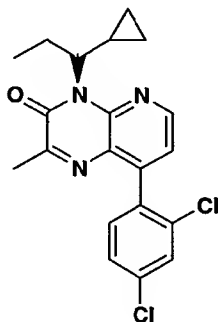


*PART E*

**[00100]** [4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methyl-butyl)-amine (0.25 g, 0.71 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.00 g, 5.72 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 0.22 g (96 %) of crude 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methyl-butyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP) m/z 324.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 76].

*PART F*

**[00101]** 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methyl-butyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.22 g, 0.68 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 3.5 mg (1.0 %) of crude 8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-methyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 2): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 8.6 (d, 1H), 7.6 (s, 1H), 7.4 (d, 1H), 7.39 (d, 1H), 7.25 (d, 1H), 2.4 (s, 3H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.6 (s, 3H), 1.3 (s, 2H), 1.15 (m, 2H), 0.95 (t, 3H). MS (ESI) m/z 376.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 3a**

**(S)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A, B, and C*

**[00102]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine was prepared substantially as described in Example 9.

*PART D*

**[00103]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.26 g, 0.86 mmol) and 1-cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.23 g, 1.71 mmol) were substantially as described in Part D of

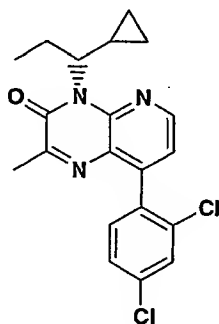
Example 9 to produce 2.32 g (100 %) of crude (1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  366.2  $[(M+H)^+$ , 96].

#### PART E

**[00104]** (1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine (0.26 g, 0.71 mmol) and  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$  (1.00 g, 5.72 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 1.60 g (75 %) of crude  $\text{N}^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  336.3  $[(M+H)^+$ , 98].

#### PART F

**[00105]**  $\text{N}^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.16 g, 0.48 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 8.3 mg (4.0 %) of 4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 3a):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ):  $\delta$  8.6 (d, 1H), 7.6 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 7.39 (d, 1H), 7.25 (d, 1H), 5.10 (m, 1H), 4.4 (m, 1H), 2.4 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 2H), 0.85 (t, 3H), 0.75 (m, 1H), 0.50-0.15 (m, 3H). MS (ESI)  $m/z$  388.3  $[(M+H)^+$ , 100].



**Example 3b**

**(R)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

#### PARTS A, B, and C

**[00106]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine was prepared substantially as described in Example 9.

**PART D**

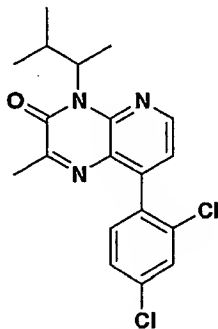
**[00107]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.34 g, 1.12 mmol) and 1-cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.30 g, 2.24 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 9 to produce 0.26 g (83 %) of crude (1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  366.3  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

**PART E**

**[00108]** (1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine (0.46 g, 1.26 mmol) and  $Na_2S_2O_4$  (1.76 g, 10.1 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 0.16 g (66 %) of crude  $N^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  336.3  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

**PART F**

**[00109]**  $N^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.25g, 0.74 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 6.1 mg (3 %) of 4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 3b)  $^1H$  NMR (300 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ ):  $\delta$  8.5 (d, 1H), 7.6 (s, 1H), 7.4 (d, 1H), 7.35 (d, 1H), 7.25 (d, 1H), 5.1 (q, 1H), 4.4 (q, 1H), 2.4 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 2H), 0.85 (t, 3H), 0.65 (m, 1H), 0.50-0.10 (m, 3H). MS (ESI)  $m/z$  388.3  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

**Example 4**

**(*R,S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

**PARTS A, B, and C**

**[00110]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine was prepared substantially as described in Example 9.

**PART D**

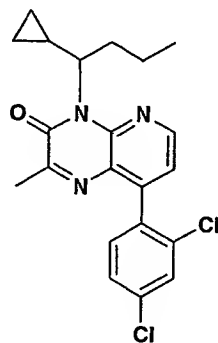
**[00111]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.20 g, 0.66 mmol) and 1,2-dimethyl-propylamine (0.11 g, 1.32 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 9 to produce 0.26 g (100 %) of [4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine. MS (AP)  $m/z$  354.2  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

**PART E**

**[00112]** [4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine (0.26 g, 0.74 mmol) and  $Na_2S_2O_4$  (1.03 g, 5.94 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 0.18 g (75 %) of crude 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  324.3  $[(M+H)^+, 70]$ .

**PART F**

**[00113]** 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.18 g, 0.56 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 4.0 mg (2 %) of 8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 4):  $^1H$  NMR (300 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ ):  $\delta$  8.6 (d, 1H), 7.6 (s, 1H), 7.4 (d, 1H), 7.35 (d, 1H), 7.25 (d, 1H), 2.2 (s, 3H), 1.6 (m, 2H), 1.3 (s, 2H), 1.15 (d, 3H), 0.95 (m, 1H), 0.65 (bs, 3H). MS (ESI)  $m/z$  376.3  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

**Example 5**

**(*R,S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

## PART A

[00114] 2-Benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et. al.* WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety) (11 g, 41.6 mmol) and 2,4-dichlorophenylboronic acid (11.9 g, 62.3 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part A of Example 19a to give 8.0 g (51%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  375.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

## PART B

[00115] 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (8.0 g, 21.3 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part B of Example 19a to give 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one (3.5 g, 58%): MS (AP)  $m/z$  285.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 98].

## PART C

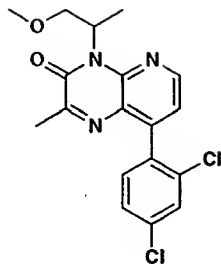
[00116] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl-ester (1.0 g, 2.40 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-cyclopropyl-butylamine HCl (1.0 g, 4.79 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.66 g (72%) of crude (1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-[4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  380.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

## PART D

[00117] (1-Cyclopropyl-butyl)-[4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine (0.66 g, 1.74 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (2.45 g, 14.0 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 0.44g (72%) of N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  350.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

## PART E

[00118] N<sup>2</sup>-(1-Cyclopropyl-butyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.44 g, 1.26 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 7.8 mg (2%) of 4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 5): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.5 (d, 1H), 7.5 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.2 (d, 1H), 5.10 (q, 1H), 4.5 (q, 1H), 2.5 (s, 3H), 2.4-2.0 (m, 3H), 1.2 (m, 1H), 0.90 (t, 3H), 0.70 (m, 1H), 0.50-0.20 (m, 3H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  402.33 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 9**

**(R,S)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

**PART A**

**[00119]** To a solution of 2-benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et. al.* WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference)(5 g, 18.9 mmol) in DME/H<sub>2</sub>O, was added 2,4-dichlorophenylboronic acid (3.60 g, 18.9 mmol), Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub> .8H<sub>2</sub>O (5.96 g, 18.9 mmol), and Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.77 g, 1.09 mmol) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 5h. The reaction was cooled and poured into EtOAc and H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL). The EtOAc layer was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Purification using flash chromatography (10% EtOAc-Hexane) gave 5.79g (82 %) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine as a viscous oil: crude MS (AP) m/z 375.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART B**

**[00120]** 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (5.79 g, 15.4 mmol) was dissolved in TFA (20 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 4h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and washed with 20% EtOAc/Hexane, and concentrated in vacuo to yield 1.0 g (23 %) of 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one as a solid: crude MS (AP) m/z 285.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART C**

**[00121]** To 10 mL of POCl<sub>3</sub> was added 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one (1.0 g, 3.51 mmol), followed by the addition of DMF (1-2 mL) and the reaction refluxed for 5 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over ice-H<sub>2</sub>O (200 mL). The solution was extracted with EtOAc, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give 0.20 g (19 %) of 2-chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine as a brown viscous oil: crude <sup>1</sup>H HNMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.6 (d, 1H), 7.5 (s, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H).

*PART D*

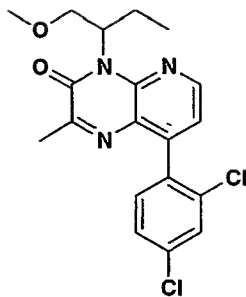
[00122] 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.20 g, 0.66 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (20 mL), followed by the addition of 2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine (0.12 g, 1.32 mmol) and Hunig's base (0.037 g, 0.29 mmol). The reaction was stirred at reflux for 64 h. The solution was cooled to room temperature and extracted with EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to yield 0.20 g (87 %) of [4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine: MS (AP) m/z 356.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 86].

*PART E*

[00123] [4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine (0.20 g, 0.56 mmol) was dissolved in dioxane (8 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (8 mL), followed by conc. NH<sub>4</sub>OH (0.3 mL) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (0.79 g, 4.53 mmol) and stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The solution was extracted with EtOAc, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to produce 0.13 g (72 %) of 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP) m/z 326.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 90].

*PART F*

[00124] 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.13 g, 0.40 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (20 mL), followed by methyl pyruvate (0.081 g, 0.80 mmol) and heated at reflux overnight. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo and purified by reverse phase prep HPLC to yield 3.2 mg (2 %) of 8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 9): <sup>1</sup>HNMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 8.6 (d, 1H), 7.6 (s, 1H), 7.4-7.25 (m, 3H), 4.4 (m, 1H), 3.8 (m, 1H), 3.3 (s, 3H), 2.4 (s, 3H), 1.6 (d, 2H), 1.25 (s, 2H). MS (AP) m/z 378.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 10**

**(*R,S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A, B, and C*

**[00125]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine was prepared substantially as described in Example 9.

*PART D*

**[00126]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.20 g, 0.66 mmol) and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine (0.14 g, 1.32mmol) were treated as in Part D of Example 9 to yield 0.21 g (88 %) of [4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  370.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 97].

*PART E*

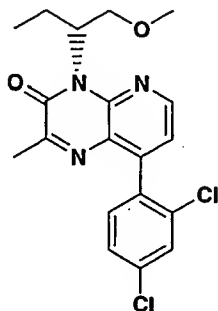
**[00127]** 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (0.21 g, 0.57 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (0.80 g, 4.58 mmol) were treated as in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.13g (68 %) crude 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  340.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART F*

**[00128]** 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.13 g, 0.38 mmol) was treated as in Part F of Example 9 to yield 3.0 mg (2 %) of 8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 10): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 8.6 (bs, 1H), 7.6 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.25 (m, 3H),



3.3 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.9 (m, 1H), 1.5 (m, 1H), 1.3 (s, 2H), 0.85 (t, 3H). MS (ESI)  $m/z$  392.3  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .



**Example 10a**

**(R)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

#### *PARTS A and B*

**[00129]** 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 19a.

#### *PART C*

**[00130]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl-ester (3.0 g, 7.19 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine HCl (2.01 g, 14.4 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 2.11 g (79 %) of [4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  370.2  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

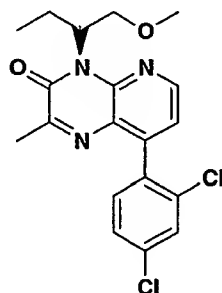
#### *PART D*

**[00131]** [4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (2.11 g, 5.72 mmol) and  $Na_2S_2O_4$  (8.03 g, 46.1 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 1.14 g (59 %) of 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  340.2  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

#### *PART E*

**[00132]**  $N^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (1.14 g, 3.35 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 6.7 mg

(0.5 %) of (R)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 10a):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.54 (bs, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H), 6.2 (m, 1H), 4.3 (m, 1H), 3.8 (m, 1H), 3.3 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.0 (m, 1H), 1.30 (s, 1H), 0.90 (t, 3H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  392.3  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .



**Example 10b**

**(S)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

#### *PARTS A, B, and C*

**[00133]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine was prepared substantially as described in Example 9.

#### *PART D*

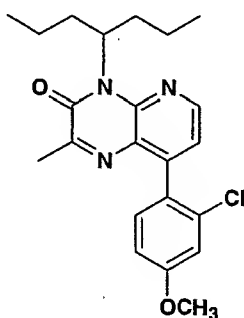
**[00134]** 2-Chloro-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.25 g, 0.82 mmol) and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine (0.23 g, 1.65 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 9 to produce 0.25 g (83 %) of [4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  370.2  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 98]$ .

#### *PART E*

**[00135]** [4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (0.25 g, 0.67 mmol) and  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$  (0.95 g, 5.45 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 0.13 g (56 %) of 4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  340.3  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .

**PART F**

**[00136]** 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.13 g, 0.38 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 5.1 mg (3 %) of (S)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 10b): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 8.5 (d, 1H), 7.5 (s, 1H), 7.4 (d, 1H), 7.39 (d, 1H), 7.25 (d, 1H), 3.75 (m, 2H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.25 (s, 2H), 0.80 (t, 3H). MS (ESI) m/z 392.29 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 18**

**(R,S)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-propyl-butyl)-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

**PARTS A and B**

**[00137]** 4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 19a.

**PART C**

**[00138]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.50 g, 1.21 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-propyl-butylamine (0.28 g, 2.42 mmol) were treated in the same manner as in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.31 g (69 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-propyl-butyl)-amine: MS (AP) m/z 377.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

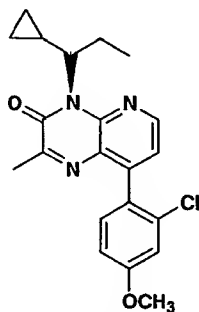
**PART D**

**[00139]** [4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-propyl-butyl)-amine (0.31 g, 0.82 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.15 g, 6.62 mmol) were treated substantially as described

in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.49 g (100 %) 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-propyl-butyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP) m/z 347.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART E

[00140] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-propyl-butyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.49 g, 1.41 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 1.3 mg (0.23%) of 8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-propyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 18): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300. MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.5 (d, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.98 (d, 1H), 6.95 (d, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.35-1.80 (m, 8H), 1.3-1.15 (m, 4H), 0.90 (t, 3H). MS (AP) m/z 399.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 19a**

**(S)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

#### PART A

[00141] To a solution of 2-benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et al.* WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference) (3.0 g, 11.3 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL) and toluene (40 mL), was added Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (14.17 mL, 2 M), 2-chloro-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (3.17 g, 17.0 mmol), and Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.48 g, 0.68 mmol) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 5h. The reaction was cooled and poured into EtOAc and H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL). The EtOAc layer was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Purification using flash chromatography (10% EtOAc-Hexane) gave 1.51 g (36 %) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine as a viscous oil: MS (AP) m/z 370.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART B*

[00142] 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (1.51 g, 4.07 mmol) was dissolved in TFA (20 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 4h. The reaction mixture was concentrated, washed with toluene, and concentrated in vacuo to yield 1.19 g (100 %) of 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one as a solid: MS (AP)  $m/z$  280.7 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART C*

[00143] To a solution of 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one (1.19 g, 4.24 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL), was added Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (1.10 g, 10.4 mmol). The reaction was cooled to -78 °C, and trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (3.55 g, 12.6 mmol) was added dropwise. After the addition, the reaction stirred for 15 min at -78 °C, then warmed to 0 °C for 1h to yield trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester. The reaction mixture was filtered and the collected solid was washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub>. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and dissolved in toluene (20 mL), followed by Et<sub>3</sub>N (0.20 mL, 1.45 mmol) and 1-cyclopropyl-propylamine HCl (0.16 g, 1.45 mmol), and heated at 130 °C overnight. The reaction was cooled and poured over an ice water bath. The mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification using flash chromatography (20% EtOAc/Hexane) yielded 0.17 g (65 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  361.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART D*

[00144] [4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine (0.17 g, 0.47 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (0.66 g, 3.79 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.14 g (88 %) crude 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  331.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART E*

[00145] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.14 g, 0.42 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 4.2 mg (3%) of (R)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-

134	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
135	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
136	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
137	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH	411.8	c
138	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH	425.8	c
139	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
140	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
141	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
142	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
143	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
144	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
145	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
146	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
147	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
148	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
149	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
150	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
151	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
152	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
153	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
154	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
155	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
156	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
157	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
158	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
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160	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OE <sub>t</sub>	H	CH	CH		
161	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
162	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
163	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		

164	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
165	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
166	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
167	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
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180	Me	CH(cPr)Me	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
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184	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
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194	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
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244	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
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270	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
271	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
272	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
273	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
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296	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
297	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
298	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
299	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
300	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
301	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
302	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
303	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
304	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
305	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
306	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
307	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
308	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
309	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
310	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
311	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
312	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
313	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		

314	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
315	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
316	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
317	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
318	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
319	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
320	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
321	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
322	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
323	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
324	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
325	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
326	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
327	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
328	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
329	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
330	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
331	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
332	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
333	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
334	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
335	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
336	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
337	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
338	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
339	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
340	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
341	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
342	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
343	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		

344	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
345	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
346	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
347	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
348	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
349	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
350	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
351	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
352	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
353	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
354	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
355	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
356	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
357	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
358	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
359	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
360	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
361	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
362	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
363	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
364	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
365	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
366	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
367	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
368	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
369	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
370	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
371	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
372	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
373	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		

374	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
375	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
376	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
377	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
378	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
379	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
380	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
381	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
382	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
383	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
384	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
385	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
386	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
387	Et	CH(cPr)Et	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
388	Et	CH(cPr)Me	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
389	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
390	Et	CH(cBu)Me	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
391	Et	CH(cBu)Et	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
392	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
393	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
394	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
395	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
396	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
397	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
398	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
399	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
400	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
401	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
402	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
403	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		

404	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
405	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
406	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
407	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
408	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
409	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
410	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
411	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
412	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
413	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
414	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
415	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
416	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
417	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
418	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
419	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
420	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
421	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
422	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
423	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
424	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
425	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
426	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH	382.8	e
427	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
428	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
429	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
430	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
431	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
432	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH		
433	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		

434	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
435	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
436	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
437	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
438	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
439	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
440	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
441	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
442	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
443	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
444	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
445	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
446	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
447	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
448	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	N		
449	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CN	H	CH	CH	382.9	e
450	Me	CH <sub>2</sub> iPr	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
451	Me	CH(Me)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
452	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH	400.2	a
453	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
454	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
455	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
456	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
457	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
458	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
459	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH	402.2	b
460	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
461	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
462	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
463	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		

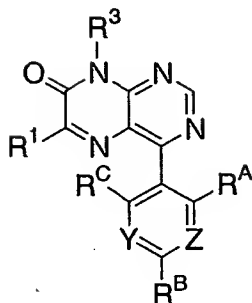


464	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
465	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CCl	CH		
466	Me	CH <sub>2</sub> iPr	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
467	Me	CH(Me)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		c
468	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
469	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
470	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
471	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
472	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
473	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
474	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
475	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
476	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
477	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
478	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
479	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
480	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
481	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
482	Me	CH <sub>2</sub> iPr	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
483	Me	CH(Me)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
484	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH	398.2	a
485	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
486	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
487	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
488	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
489	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
490	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
491	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH	402.2	a
492	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
493	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		

494	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
495	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
496	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
497	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CMe	CH		
498	Me	CH <sub>2</sub> iPr	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
499	Me	CH(Me)Pr	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
500	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH	415.3	a
501	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH	401.2	b
502	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
503	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH	415.2	b
504	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
505	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
506	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH	405.2	b
507	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH	419.3	a
508	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
509	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
510	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
511	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
512	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
513	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	NMe <sub>2</sub>	H	CF	CH		
514	Me	CH <sub>2</sub> iPr	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
515	Me	CH(Me)Pr	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH	425.2	d
516	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH	439.2	c
517	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
518	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
519	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
520	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
521	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
522	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH	429.2	d
523	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		

524	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
525	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
526	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
527	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
528	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
529	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
530	Me	CH <sub>2</sub> iPr	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
531	Me	CH(Me)Pr	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
532	Me	CH(cPr)Et	OMe	OMe	H	N	N	382.4	e
533	Me	CH(cPr)Me	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
534	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
535	Me	CH(cBu)Me	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
536	Me	CH(cBu)Et	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
537	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
538	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N	372.4	e
539	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
540	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
541	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
542	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
543	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
544	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		
545	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	OMe	OMe	H	N	N		

Table 2



Ex.#	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>A</sup>	R <sup>B</sup>	R <sup>C</sup>	Y	Z	MS (m/z)	IC <sub>50</sub> Range*
546	Me	CHMeEt	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	363.1	d
547	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	405.1	d
548	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	389.1	c
549	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
550	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
551	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
552	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	403.1	c
553	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
554	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	379.1	d
555	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH	393.0	c
556	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
557	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
558	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
559	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
560	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
561	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
562	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
563	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	401.3	b
564	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	385.1	c
565	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	371.3	c
566	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		

567	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	385.3	b
568	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
569	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
570	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	375.2	d
571	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	389.3	c
572	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
573	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
574	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH	403.4	d
575	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
576	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
577	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
578	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
579	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
580	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
581	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
582	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
583	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
584	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
585	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
586	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
587	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
588	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
589	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
590	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
591	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
592	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
593	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
594	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
595	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
596	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		

597	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
598	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
599	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
600	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
601	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
602	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
603	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
604	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
605	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
606	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
607	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
608	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
609	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
610	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
611	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
612	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH	377.3	d
613	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
614	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
615	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
616	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
617	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
618	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
619	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
620	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
621	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
622	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
623	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
624	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
625	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
626	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		

627	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
628	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
629	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
630	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
631	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
632	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
633	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
634	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
635	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
636	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
637	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
638	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
639	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
640	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
641	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
642	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
643	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
644	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	N	366.3	d
645	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
646	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
647	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
648	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
649	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
650	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N	356.3	e
651	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N	370.3	e
652	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
653	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
654	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
655	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
656	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		

657	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
658	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
659	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
660	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
661	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
662	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
663	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
664	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
665	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
666	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
667	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
668	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
669	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
670	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
671	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
672	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
673	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
674	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
675	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
676	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
677	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
678	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
679	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
680	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
681	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
682	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
683	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
684	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
685	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
686	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		



687	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
688	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
689	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
690	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
691	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
692	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
693	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
694	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
695	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
696	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
697	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
698	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
699	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
700	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
701	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
702	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
703	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
704	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
705	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OEt	H	CH	CH		
706	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
707	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
708	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
709	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
710	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
711	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
712	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
713	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
714	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
715	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		
716	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	O <i>i</i> Pr	H	CH	CH		

717	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
718	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
719	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
720	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
721	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OiPr	H	CH	CH		
722	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
723	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
724	Me	CH(cPr)Et	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
725	Me	CH(cPr)Me	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
726	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
727	Me	CH(cBu)Me	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
728	Me	CH(cBu)Et	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
729	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
730	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
731	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
732	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
733	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
734	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
735	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
736	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
737	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	CF <sub>3</sub>	OMe	H	CH	CH		
738	Me	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
739	Me	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
740	Me	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
741	Me	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
742	Me	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
743	Me	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
744	Me	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
745	Me	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
746	Me	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		

747	Me	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
748	Me	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
749	Me	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
750	Me	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
751	Me	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
752	Me	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
753	Me	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	N	CH		
754	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
755	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
756	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
757	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
758	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
759	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
760	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
761	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
762	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
763	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
764	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
765	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
766	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
767	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
768	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
769	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Cl	H	CH	CH		
770	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
771	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
772	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
773	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
774	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
775	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
776	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		

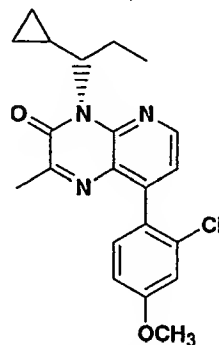
777	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
778	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
779	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
780	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
781	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
782	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
783	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
784	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
785	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CH	CH		
786	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
787	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
788	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
789	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
790	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
791	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
792	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
793	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
794	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
795	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
796	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
797	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
798	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
799	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
800	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
801	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OMe	H	CF	CH		
802	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
803	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
804	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
805	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
806	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		

807	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
808	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
809	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
810	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
811	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
812	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
813	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
814	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
815	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
816	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
817	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	Me	H	CH	CH		
818	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
819	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
820	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
821	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
822	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
823	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
824	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
825	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
826	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
827	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
828	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
829	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
830	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
831	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
832	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
833	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	CH		
834	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
835	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
836	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		

837	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
838	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
839	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
840	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
841	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
842	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
843	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
844	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
845	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
846	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
847	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
848	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
849	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CF	CH		
850	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
851	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
852	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
853	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
854	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
855	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
856	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
857	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
858	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
859	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
860	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
861	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
862	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
863	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
864	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
865	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Me	OMe	H	CH	N		
866	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		

867	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
868	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
869	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
870	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
871	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
872	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
873	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
874	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
875	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
876	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
877	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
878	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
879	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
880	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
881	Et	CH(Et)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	OCHF <sub>2</sub>	H	CH	CH		
882	Et	CHEt <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
883	Et	CHPr <sub>2</sub>	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
884	Et	CH(cPr)Et	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
885	Et	CH(cPr)Me	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
886	Et	CH(cPr)Pr	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
887	Et	CH(cBu)Me	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
888	Et	CH(cBu)Et	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
889	Et	CH(cBu)Pr	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
890	Et	CH(Me)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
891	Et	CH(Et)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
892	Et	CH(cPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
893	Et	CH(cBu)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
894	Et	CH(nPr)CH <sub>2</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
895	Et	CH(cPr)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		
896	Et	CH(cBu)C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OMe	Cl	CF <sub>3</sub>	H	CH	CH		

4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 19a):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.5 (d, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.9 (d, 1H), 5.0 (q, 1H), 4.45 (q, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.5 (s, 3H), 2.4-2.0 (m, 3H), 0.90 (t, 3H), 0.75 (m, 1H), 0.50-0.25 (m, 2H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  383.9  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .



**Example 19b**

**(R)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A and B*

[00146] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 19a.

*PART C*

[00147] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.91 g, 2.20 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-cyclopropyl-propylamine HCl (0.56 g, 4.41 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.56 g (72 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  361.8  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .

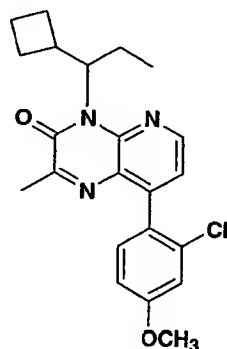
*PART D*

[00148] [4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine (0.56 g, 1.55 mmol) and  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$  (2.17 g, 12.5 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.49 g (96 %) of crude 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  331.8  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .



## PART E

[00149] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.49 g, 1.48 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 6.1 mg (1%) of 8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 19b). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.43 (d, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H), 7.07 (d, 1H), 6.94 (d, 1H), 5.0 (q, 1H), 4.5 (q, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.5 (s, 3H), 2.3-2.0 (m, 3H), 0.90 (t, 3H), 0.85 (m, 1H), 0.50-0.30 (m, 2H). MS (AP) m/z 383.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 23a

8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (*Isomer A, R or S*)

## PARTS A and B

[00150] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 19a.

## PART C

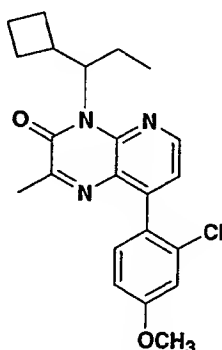
[00151] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.50 g, 1.21 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-cyclobutyl-propylamine HCl (0.36 g, 2.42 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.33 g (73 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP) m/z 375.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART D**

**[00152]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-amine (0.33 g, 0.88 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.33 g, 7.6 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.33 g (100 %) 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP) m/z 345.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART E**

**[00153]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.33 g, 9.53 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 1.3 mg (0.34%) of 8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 23a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.5 (d, 1H), 7.22 (d, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1H), 5.9 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.2 (m, 1H), 1.9-1.6 (m, 8H), 0.75 (t, 3H). MS (AP) m/z 397.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 23b**

**8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Isomer B, R or S)**

**PARTS A and B**

**[00154]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 19a.

**PART C**

**[00155]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.50 g, 1.21 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Example 19a, and 1-cyclobutyl-propylamine HCl (0.36 g, 2.42 mmol) were treated substantially as

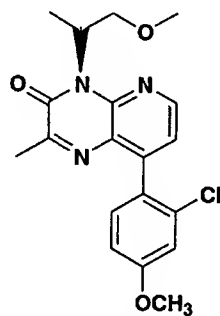
described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.33 g (72 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  375.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 25].

#### PART D

[00156] [4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-amine (0.33 g, 0.88 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.33 g, 7.6 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.46 g (100 %) 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  345.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART E

[00157] 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.46 g, 1.33 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 0.7 mg (0.13 %) of 8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 23b): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.5 (d, 1H), 7.22 (d, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.9 (d, 1H), 5.9 (m, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.5 (s, 3H), 2.3-1.8 (m, 9H), 0.80 (t, 3H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  397.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 25a

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one

#### PARTS A and B

[00158] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1*H*-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 19a.

*PART C*

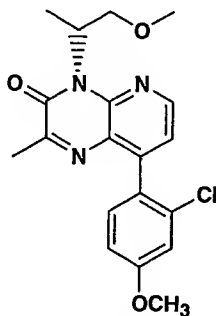
**[00159]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.48 g, 1.16 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine (0.21 g, 2.32 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.28 g (68 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  351.8  $[(M+H)^+, 90]$ .

*PART D*

**[00160]** [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine (0.28 g, 0.80 mmol) and  $Na_2S_2O_4$  (1.12 g, 6.42 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.22 g (84 %) 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  321.8  $[(M+H)^+, 72]$ .

*PART E*

**[00161]** 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.22 g, 0.68 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 6.8 mg (3 %) of 8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 25a):  $^1H$  NMR (300 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.50 (d, 1H), 7.23 (d, 1H), 7.21 (d, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.93 (d, 1H), 4.4 (t, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.80 (q, 1H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.62 (d, 3H) 1.25 (s, 1H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  373.8  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .



**Example 25b**

**(R)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A and B*

[00162] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 19a.

*PART C*

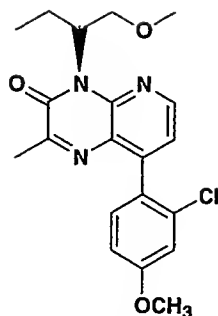
[00163] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (1.0 g, 2.42 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine HCl (0.61 g, 4.85 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.29 g (34 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine: MS (AP) m/z 351.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART D*

[00164] [4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine (0.10 g, 0.27 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (0.38 g, 2.21 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.21 g (81 %) 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP) m/z 321.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART E*

[00165] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.21 g, 0.65 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 7.3 mg (3 %) of (R)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 25b): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.51 (d, 1H), 7.26 (d, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.93 (d, 1H), 4.4 (t, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.80 (m, 2H), 3.3 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 1.60 (d, 3H). MS (AP) m/z 373.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 26a**

**(S)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A and B*

**[00166]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 19a.

*PART C*

**[00167]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.40 g, 0.97 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine HCl (0.27 g, 1.94 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.10 g (28 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  365.8  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

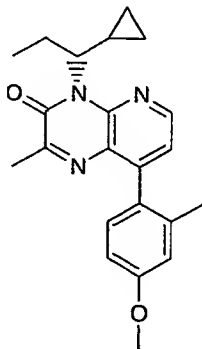
*PART D*

**[00168]** [4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (0.10 g, 0.27 mmol) and  $Na_2S_2O_4$  (0.38 g, 2.21 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.08 g (87 %) 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  335.8  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

*PART E*

**[00169]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.080 g, 0.24 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to

give 2.7 mg (3%) of 8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 26a):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.50 (bs, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.22 (d, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.91 (d, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 1H), 0.90 (t, 3H), 0.10 (s, 3H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  387.9  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+]$ , 100].



**Example 67a**

**(R)-4-(1-cyclopropylpropyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

#### PART A

[00170] To a solution of 2-benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et al.* WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference) (0.98 g, 3.7 mmol) in ethanol (10mL) and toluene (40 mL), was added  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  (4.6 mL, 2M), 4-methoxy-2-methylphenyl boronic acid (1.0 g, 5.6 mmol), and  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2$  (0.156 g, 0.22 mmol) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 5h. The reaction was cooled and poured into EtOAc and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (500 mL). The EtOAc layer was washed with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , brine, dried  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Purification using flash chromatography (10 % EtOAc/ hexane) gave 1.01 g (78%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-2,3-dihydro-pyridine as a viscous oil; MS(AP)  $m/z$  351.6  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+]$ , 100], 392.0  $[(\text{M}+\text{H}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN})^+]$ , 35]. The purified intermediate was used in the following step.

#### PART B

[00171] 2-Benzyloxy-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-2,3-dihydro-pyridine (1.01 g, 2.9 mmol) was dissolved in TFA (25 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 4h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product 4-(4-methoxy-2-

methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one: MS(AP)  $m/z$  261.0  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 87]. The crude intermediate was used in the next step.

#### PART C

[00172] To a solution of 4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one (0.321 g, 1.23 mmol)  $CH_2Cl_2$  (13 mL), was added  $Na_2CO_3$  (0.317 g, 3.02 mmol). The reaction was cooled to  $-78^\circ C$ , and trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (617  $\mu L$ , 3.65 mmol) was added dropwise. After the addition, the reaction stirred for 15 min at  $-78^\circ C$ , then warmed to  $0^\circ C$  for 1h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the collected solid was washed with  $CHCl_3$ . The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and dissolved in toluene (20 mL) followed by  $Et_3N$  (343  $\mu L$ , 2.4 mmol) and 1-cyclopropyl propyl amine HCl (0.331 g, 2.4 mmol), and heated at  $130^\circ C$  overnight. The reaction was cooled and poured onto ice/ $H_2O$ . The mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$ , washed with  $H_2O$ , brine, dried  $Na_2SO_4$ , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification using flash chromatography (10% EtOAc/Hexane) gave 0.220 g (54%) of (1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine: MS(AP)  $m/z$  342.1  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 100]. The purified intermediate was used in the following step.

#### PART D

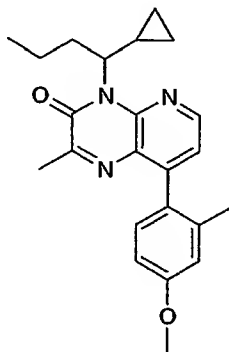
[00173] (1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine (0.220, 0.64 mmol) was dissolved in dioxane (10 mL) and  $H_2O$  (10 mL), followed by conc.  $NH_4OH$  (0.4 mL) and  $Na_2S_2O_4$  (0.906 g, 5.2 mmol) and stirred at room temperature for 4h. The solution was extracted with EtOAc, washed with  $H_2O$ , brine, dried  $Na_2SO_4$ , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to produce the crude intermediate  $N^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine; MS(AP)  $m/z$  312.2  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 100]. The crude intermediate was used in the following step.

#### PART E

[00174]  $N^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.183g, 0.59 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (10 mL), followed by methyl pyruvate (106  $\mu L$ , 1.2 mmol) and heated to  $130^\circ C$  overnight. The reaction was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by reverse phase reverse phase prep HPLC to yield 4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 67a):



$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.48-8.41 (2d, 1H,  $J=4.7$  Hz), 7.26-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.87-6.83 (m, 2H), 5.09-5.02, 4.53-4.43 (2m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.42-2.38 (m, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.09-2.02 (m, 1H), 0.90-0.87 (t, 3H,  $J=5.1$  Hz), 0.80-0.77 (m, 1H), 0.59-0.55 (m, 1H), 0.41-0.29 (m, 1H), 0.26-0.22 (m, 1H). MS (AP) 364.1  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .



**Example 69**

**(*R,S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

#### *PART A-B*

[00175] 4-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one was prepared as substantially described in Example 67a.

#### *PART C*

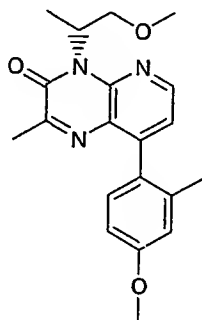
[00176] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl-ester (0.764 g, 1.95 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 67a, and 1-cyclopropyl-butyl amine HCl (0.580 g, 3.9 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 67a to produce 0.230 g (50%) of (1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-[4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]amine.

#### *PART D*

[00177] (1-Cyclopropyl-butyl)-[4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl]-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]amine (0.230 g, 0.65 mmol), and  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  (0.910 g, 5.2 mmol), were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 67a to give a crude yield of 0.226 g (107%) of  $\text{N}^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS(AP)  $m/z$  326.3  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 94]$ .

## PART E

[00178]  $N^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.226 g, 0.69 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (126  $\mu$ L, 1.4 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 67a to give 4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 69):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.47-8.39 (2d, 1H,  $J=4.7$  Hz), 7.23-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.80 (m, 2H), 5.17-5.09, 4.57-4.49 (2m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.4-2.2 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.98-1.94 (m, 2H), 0.89-0.84 (t, 3H,  $J=7.4$  Hz), 0.69-0.67 (m, 1H), 0.53-0.49 (m, 1H), 0.46-0.43 (m, 1H), 0.22-0.19 (m, 1H). MS (AP) 378.1  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 100].



Example 73a

(*R*)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one

## PART A-B

[00179] 4-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 67a.

## PART C

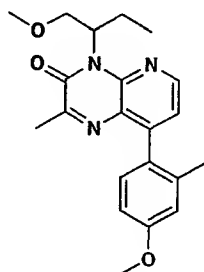
[00180] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-yl-ester (0.332 g, 0.74 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 67a, and 2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine HCl (0.263 g, 67 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 67a to produce 0.120 g (54%) of (2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-[4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitropyridin-2-yl]amine; MS(AP)  $m/z$  332.1  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 94].

*PART D*

[00181] 2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-[4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]amine (0.120 g, 0.36 mmol), and Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (0.509 g, 2.9 mmol), were treated as in Part D of Example 67a to give a crude yield of 0.066 g (61%) of N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine; MS(AP) m/z 302.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100]. The crude product was taken on to Part E.

*PART E*

[00182] N<sup>2</sup>-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.066 g, 0.22 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (79 μL, 0.88 mmol) were treated substantially as in Part E of Example 67a to give 4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 73a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.49-8.47 (d, 1H, J=4.8 Hz), 7.16-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.86-6.82 (m, 2H), 4.41-4.36 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.84-3.80 (m, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.62-1.60 (d, 3H, J=6.9 Hz). MS (AP) 354.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 74a**

**(R,S)- 8-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PART A-B*

[00183] 4-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 67a.

*PART C*

[00184] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl-ester (0.78 g, 1.98 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 67a, and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine (0.45g, 4.36 mmol) were treated

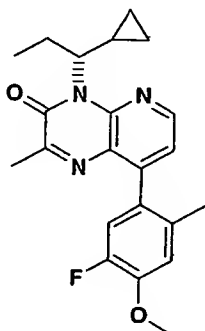
substantially as described in Part C of Example 67a to produce 27 mg (40%) of [4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine; MS (EI)  $m/z$  346.33  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 100].

#### PART D

[00185] [4-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (0.43 g, 0.36 mmol) and  $\text{SnCl}_2$  (0.2 g, 1.08 mmol) in ethanol (2 mL) were heated to 70 °C for 4 h. The solution was cooled to room temperature and quenched with saturated aqueous  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  then extracted with EtOAc, washed with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , brine, dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give a crude yield of 0.40 g (99%) of 4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine; MS(EI)  $m/z$  316.28  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 100]. The crude product was taken on to Part E.

#### PART E

[00186] 4-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.08 g, 0.25 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (33  $\mu\text{L}$ , 0.38 mmol) were treated substantially as in Part E of Example 67a to give 3.0 mg of 8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 74a):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 8.46 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 7.15 (d,  $J=8.31$  Hz, 1 H), 7.12 (d,  $J=4.40$  Hz, 1 H), 6.85 (d,  $J=6.60$  Hz, 1 H), 6.83 (d,  $J=12.23$  Hz, 1 H), 5.89 (m, 1 H), 4.38 (m, 1 H), 3.86 (s, 3 H), 3.77 (m, 1 H), 3.32 (s, 3 H), 2.46 (s, 3 H), 2.11 (s, 3 H), 1.77 (m, 2 H), 0.86 (t,  $J=7.34$  Hz, 2 H). MS (EI) 368.30  $[(M+H)^+]$ , 100]



Example 83a

(R)-4-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one

*PART A and B*

[00187] 4-(5-Fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 90a.

*PART C*

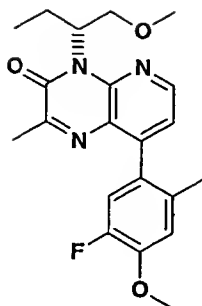
[00188] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.5 g, 1.22 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and (*R*)-1-cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.33 g, 2.44 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.17 g (43%) of crude (*R*)-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine.

*PART D*

[00189] (*R*)-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine (0.17 g, 0.47 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.24 g, 7.10 mmol) were treated as in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.15 g (98%) crude (*R*)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine.

*PART E*

[00190] (*R*)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.15 g, 0.46 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 4.5 mg (3 %) of (*R*)-4-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 83a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.36 (d, *J*=4.76 Hz, 1 H), 7.03 (d, *J*=4.76 Hz, 1 H), 6.93 (d, *J*=11.72 Hz, 1 H), 6.83 (d, *J*=8.42 Hz, 1 H), 4.95 (m, 1 H), 3.89 (s, 3 H), 2.43 (s, 3 H), 2.20 (m, 2 H), 2.03 (s, 3 H), 0.80 (t, *J*=7.51 Hz, 3 H), 0.53 (m, 2 H), 0.26 (m, 2 H), 0.10 (m, 1 H). MS (EI) *m/z* 382.3 [(*M*+*H*)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 90a**

**(R)-8-(5-Fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

**PART A**

**[00191]** 2-Benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et. al.* WO 99/01454) (1.0 g, 3.78 mmol) and 5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenylboronic acid (prepared substantially as described in Speicher, A.; Kolz, J.; Sambanje, R.P. *Synthesis*, **2002**, 17, 2503, which is incorporated herein by reference) (1.2 mg, 5.67 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part A of Example 19a to give 1.15 g (83%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  369.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART B**

**[00192]** 2-Benzyloxy-4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (1.5 g, 4.1 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part B of Example 19a to give 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one (1.1 g, 92%): MS (EI)  $m/z$  279.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART C**

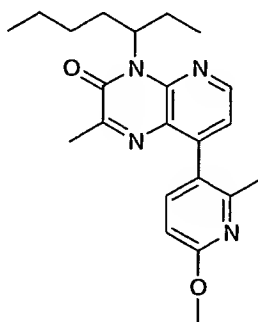
**[00193]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.5 g, 1.2 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and (R)-1-methoxymethyl-propylamine•HCl (0.34 g, 2.4 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.16 g (37%) of crude (R)-[4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine.

**PART D**

**[00194]** (R)-[4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (0.16 g, 0.44 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.15 g, 6.6 mmol) were treated as in Part E of Example 9 to give 0.15 g (98%) crude (R)-4-(5-Fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine. MS (AP) m/z 334.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART E**

**[00195]** (R)-4-(5-Fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.15 g, 0.45 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 4.8 mg (3%) of (R)-8-(5-Fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 90a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.43 (d, J=5.13 Hz, 1 H), 7.04 (d, J=5.13 Hz, 1 H), 6.90 (d, J=11.72 Hz, 1 H), 6.82 (d, J=8.42 Hz, 1 H), 6.16 (m, 1 H), 4.30 (m, 1 H), 3.89 (s, 3 H), 3.72 (m, 1 H), 3.27 (s, 3 H), 2.41 (s, 3 H), 2.03 (m, 3 H), 1.64 (m, 2 H), 1.53 (d, J=6.96 Hz, 3 H). MS (EI) m/z 386.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 97**

**(R,S)-4-(1-ethyl-pentyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

**PARTS A and B**

**[00196]** 6-Methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-3-H[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 99a.

**PART C**

**[00197]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-3'-H-[3,4']bipyridinyl ester (0.280 g, 0.71 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of

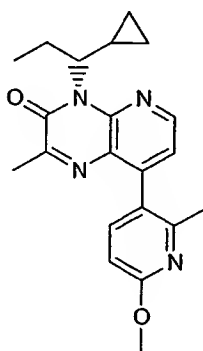
Example 99a, an 1-ethyl-pentyl amine (0.430 g, 2.8 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 99a to produce 0.200 g (51%) of (1-ethyl-pentyl)-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-yl)amine.

#### PART D

[00198] (1-Ethyl-pentyl)-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-yl)amine (0.200 g, 0.56 mmol), and Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (0.785 g, 4.5 mmol), were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 99a to give a crude yield of 0.066 g (36%) of 6-methoxy-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-ethyl-pentyl)-2-methyl-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2',3'-diamine; MS (AP) m/z 329.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 42].

#### PART E

[00199] 6-Methoxy-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-ethyl-pentyl)-2-methyl-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2',3'-diamine (0.066 g, 0.20 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (36μL, 0.40 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 99a to give 4-(1-ethyl-pentyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 97): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.51-8.43 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.47 (d, 1H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.16-7.11 (m, 1H), 6.71-6.68 (d, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 4.01 (s, 3H), 2.48-2.46 (m, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 0.88-0.79 (m, 9H), 0.57-0.49 (m, 4H). MS (AP) 381.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 99a

(R)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one

#### PART A

[00200] To a solution of 2-benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et al.* WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference) (1.95 g, 7.4 mmol) in ethanol (10mL) and toluene (40 mL), was added Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (9.2 mL, 2M), 2-methoxy-6-methyl pyridine



boronic acid (Wilde, et al. WO99/01454) (1.85 g, 11.1 mmol), and  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2$  (0.31 g, 4.44 mmol) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 5h. The reaction was cooled and poured into EtOAc and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (500 mL). The EtOAc layer was washed with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , brine, dried  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification using flash chromatography (10 % EtOAc/hexane) gave 2.5 g (96%) of 2'-benzyl-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-2',3'-dihydro-[3,4']bipyridinyl as a viscous oil: MS (AP)  $m/z$  352.5  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+]$ , 100], 392.9  $[(\text{M}+\text{H}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN})^+]$ , 65]. The purified intermediate was used in the following step.

#### PART B

[00201] 2'-Benzyl-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-2',3'-dihydro-[3,4']bipyridinyl (2.50 g, 7.1 mmol) was dissolved in TFA (25 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 4h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the crude product 6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-3-H[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-one; MS (AP)  $m/z$  262.4  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+]$ , 100], 303.0  $[(\text{M}+\text{H}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN})^+]$ , 72]. The crude intermediate was used in the following step.

#### PART C

[00202] To a solution of 6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-3-H[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-one (0.300 g, 1.1 mmol)  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (20 mL), was added  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  (0.296 g, 2.7 mmol). The reaction was cooled to  $-78^\circ\text{C}$ , and trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (574  $\mu\text{L}$ , 3.4 mmol) was added dropwise. After the addition, the reaction stirred for 15 min at  $-78^\circ\text{C}$ , then warmed to  $0^\circ\text{C}$  for 1h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the collected solid was washed with  $\text{CHCl}_3$ . The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and dissolved in triethylamine (20 mL) followed by and 1-cyclopropyl propyl amine HCl (0.441 g, 3.3 mmol), and heated to reflux overnight. The reaction was cooled and poured onto ice/ $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The mixture was extracted with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , washed with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , brine, dried  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification using flash chromatography (10% EtOAc/Hexane) gave 0.138 g (49%) of (1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-yl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  343.1  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+]$ , 100]. The purified intermediate was used in the following step.

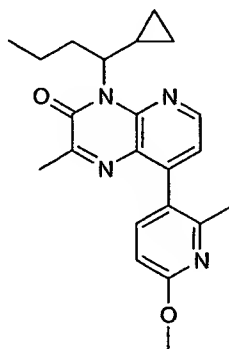
#### PART D

[00203] (1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-yl)-amine (0.138, 0.40 mmol) was dissolved in dioxane (10 mL) and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (10 mL), followed by conc.  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  (0.4 mL) and  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$  (0.57 g, 3.3 mmol) and stirred at room

temperature for 4h. The solution was extracted with EtOAc, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to produce in crude yield 0.108 g (86%) of N<sup>2</sup>-(cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-methoxy-2-methyl-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2',3'-diamine: MS (AP) m/z 313.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 47]. The crude intermediate was used in the following step.

#### PART E

**[00204]** N<sup>2</sup>-(cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-methoxy-2-methyl-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2',3'-diamine (0.053 g, 0.17 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (10 mL), followed by methyl pyruvate (31μL, 0.34 mmol) and heated to reflux overnight. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo and purified by reverse phase prep HPLC to yield 4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 99a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.48-8.46 (2d, 1H, J= 4.7), 7.66-7.63 (d, 1H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.13-7.12 (d, 1H, J=4.7 Hz), 6.82-6.79 (d, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 5.11-4.91, 4.52-4.42 (2m, 1H), 4.06 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.37-2.18 (m, 2H), 2.09-1.9 (m, 1H), 0.9-0.85 (t, 3H, J=7.4 Hz), 0.80-0.70 (m, 1H), 0.51-0.42 (m, 1H), 0.40-0.29 (m, 1H), 0.22-0.17 (m, 1H). MS (AP) m/z 365.4 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 101**

**(R,S)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

#### PARTS A and B

**[00205]** 6-Methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-3-H[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 99a.

*PART C*

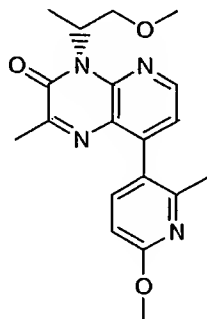
[00206] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-3'H-[3,4']bipyridinyl ester (0.335 g, 1.3 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 99a, and 1-cyclopropyl-butylamine HCl (0.561 g, 5.2 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 99a to produce 0.075 g (15%) of (1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-yl)amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  357.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART D*

[00207] (1-Cyclopropyl-butyl)-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-yl)amine (0.075 g, 0.21 mmol), and Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (0.296 g, 1.7 mmol), were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 99a to give a crude yield of 0.055 g (80%) of 6-methoxy-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-2-methyl-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2',3'-diamine.

*PART E*

[00208] 6-Methoxy-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-2-methyl-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2',3'-diamine (0.055 g, 0.20 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (30  $\mu$ L, 0.40 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 99a to give 4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 101): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.51-8.43 (2d, 1H, J=4.8 Hz), 7.48-7.46 (d, 1H, J=8.4), 7.12-7.10 (m, 1H), 6.70-6.68 (d, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 5.17-5.09, 4.60-4.53 (2m, 1H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 3.17-3.13 (m, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.22-2.15 (m, 3H), 0.92-0.87 (t, 3H, J=7.3 Hz), 0.79-0.73 (m, 1H), 0.53-0.43 (m, 1H), 0.40-0.38 (m, 1H), 0.21-0.17 (m, 1H). MS (AP) 379.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 105a**

**(R)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A and B*

[00209] 6-Methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-3-H[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 99a.

*PART C*

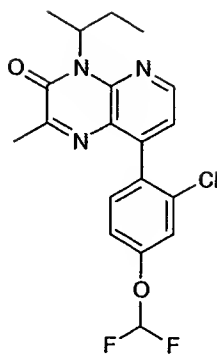
[00210] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-3'-H-[3,4']bipyridinyl ester (0.280 g, 0.71 mmol), prepared as substantially described in Part C of Example 99a, and 2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine HCl (0.358 g, 2.8 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 99a to produce 0.070 g (30%) of (2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-ylamine: MS (AP) m/z 333.4 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART D*

[00211] (2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-methoxy-2-methyl-3'-nitro-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2'-ylamine (0.070 g, 0.21 mmol), and Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (0.296 g, 1.7 mmol), were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 99a to give a crude yield of 0.054 g (85%) of 6-methoxy-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2',3'-diamine: MS (AP) m/z 303.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART E*

[00212] 6-Methoxy-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-[3,4']bipyridinyl-2',3'-diamine (0.054 g, 0.18 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (32 μL, 0.36 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 99a to give 4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 105a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.57-8.56 (d, 1H, J=4.7 Hz), 7.78-7.75 (d, 1H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.16-7.14 (d, 1H, J=5.1 Hz), 6.91-6.88 (d, 1H, J=8.7 Hz), 4.44-4.38 (t, 1H, J=9.1 Hz), 4.11 (s, 3H), 3.79-3.74 (m, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.62-1.59 (d, 3H, J=7.0 Hz). MS (AP) 355.6 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 113**

**(*R,S*)-4-sec-butyl-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

**PART A**

**[00213]** To a solution of 2-benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, et al. WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference) (6.59 g, 24.9 mmol) in DME/H<sub>2</sub>O, was added 2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenylboronic acid (Wilde, et al. WO 99/01454) (5.54 g, 24.9 mmol), Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub> · 8H<sub>2</sub>O (7.86 g, 24.9 mmol), and Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.01 g, 1.45 mmol) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 5h. The reaction was cooled and poured into EtOAc and H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL). The EtOAc layer was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 6.9 g (68%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine as a viscous oil; MS(AP) m/z 408.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART B**

**[00214]** 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (6.90g, 17.0 mmol) was dissolved in TFA (25 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 4h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. Purification using flash chromatography (15% MeOH/ DCM) gave 1.00 g (19%) of 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one as an orange solid: MS(AP) m/z 316.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 98], 359.8 [(M+H+CH<sub>3</sub>CN)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART C**

**[00215]** To 10 mL of POCl<sub>3</sub> was added 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one (0.20g, 0.63 mmol), followed by the addition of DMF (1-2 mL) and the reaction refluxed overnight. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured over ice/H<sub>2</sub>O (200 mL). The solution was extracted with EtOAc, washed H<sub>2</sub>O, brine,

dried Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to give 0.176 g (96%) of 2-chloro-4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-2,3-dihydro-pyridine as brown viscous oil.

#### PART D

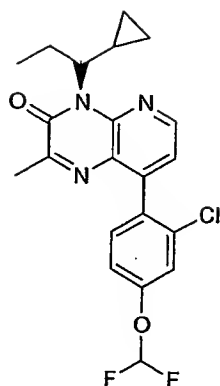
[00216] 2-Chloro-4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-2,3-dihydro-pyridine (0.176 g, 0.53 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (20 mL), followed by the addition of sec butylamine (106  $\mu$ L, 1.06 mmol) and Hunig's base (184  $\mu$ L, 1.06 mmol). The reaction was stirred at reflux for 64h. The solution was cooled to room temperature, extracted with EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O, organic layer was then washed with 1N HCl and made basic with 1N NaOH. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to yield 0.163 g (83%) of sec-butyl-[4-(chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-2,3-dihydro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine as a yellow oil; MS (AP) 413.0 [(M+H+CH<sub>3</sub>CN)<sup>+</sup>, 50].

#### PART E

[00217] Sec-butyl-[4-(chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-2,3-dihydro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine (0.163, 0.44 mmol) was dissolved in dioxane (10 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL), followed by conc. NH<sub>4</sub>OH (0.4 mL) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (0.62 g, 3.55 mmol) and stirred at room temperature for 4h. The solution was extracted with EtOAc, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to produce 0.145g (97%) of N<sup>2</sup>-sec-butyl-4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-2,3-dihydro-pyridine-2,3-diamine as a yellow oil.

#### PART F

[00218] Sec-butyl-[4-(chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-2,3-dihydro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine (0.145 g, 0.43 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (20 mL), followed by methyl pyruvate (77  $\mu$ L, 0.86 mmol) and heated to reflux overnight. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo and purified by reverse phase prep HPLC giving 4-sec-butyl-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 113): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.53-8.52 (d, 1H, J=4.8 Hz), 7.35-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.36 (t, 1H, J=73.2 Hz), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.40-2.20 (m, 1H), 2.10-2.07 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.63 (d, 3H, J=6.9 Hz), 0.89-0.84 (t, 3H, J=3.7). MS(AP) m/z 394.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100], 435.3 [(M+H+CH<sub>3</sub>CN)<sup>+</sup>, 10].

**Example 115a****(S)-8-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one***PARTS A and B*

[00219] 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 113.

*PART C*

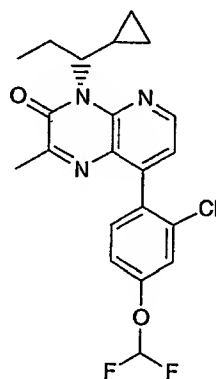
[00220] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.269 g, 0.60 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 115b, and 1-cyclopropyl-propyl amine HCl (0.162 g, 1.2 mmol) were treated in the same manner as in Part C of Example 115b with the exception that the crude product was purified using flash chromatography (10% EtOAc/Hexane) to produce 0.138 g (67%) of [4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl) amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  398.0 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART D*

[00221] [4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine (0.138 g, 0.40 mmol), and Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (0.567 g, 8.07 mmol), were treated as in Part E of Example 113 to give in crude yield 0.170 g (116%) of 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  368.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 40].

## PART E

[00222] 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.088 g, 0.24 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (140  $\mu$ L, 1.54 mmol) were treated as in Part F of Example 113 with the exception that ethanol was used as the solvent, gave 8-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 115a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.48-8.46 (2d, 1H, J=4.7 Hz), 7.37-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.86-6.37 (t, 1H, J=73.3 Hz), 5.16-4.92, 4.90-4.41 (2m, 1H), 2.57 (s, 3H), 2.49- 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.19 (m, 1H), 2.10-1.93 (m, 1H), 0.90-0.85 (t, 3H, J=7.3), 0.80-0.71 (m, 1H), 0.59-0.50 (m, 1H) 0.49-0.48 (m, 1H), 0.23-0.18 (m, 1H). MS (AP) m/z 420.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 115b

**(R)-8-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

## PART A

[00223] To a solution of 2-benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, et al. WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference) (5.0g, 18.9 mmol) in DME/H<sub>2</sub>O, was added 2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenylboronic acid (Wilde, et al. WO 99/01454, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety) (4.20 g, 18.9 mmol), Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub> 8H<sub>2</sub>O (5.96 g, 18.9 mmol), and Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.769 g, 1.10 mmol) were treated as in Part A of Example 113 to give 5.40 g (70%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine as a viscous oil. The crude intermediate was used in the following step.



*PART B*

[00224] 2-Benzoyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (5.40 g, 13.3 mmol) and TFA (25 mL) were treated as in Part B of Example 113 with the exception that the crude product was isolated as 3.90 g (93%) of 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one: MS(AP) m/z 317.0 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 90], 357.9 [(M+H+CH<sub>3</sub>CN)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART C*

[00225] To a solution of 2-benzoyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-one (0.364 g, 1.2 mmol) CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL), was added Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.299 g, 2.94 mmol). The reaction was cooled to -78 °C, and trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (576 µL, 3.6 mmol) was added dropwise. After the addition, the reaction stirred for 15 min at -78 °C, then warmed to 0 °C for 1h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the collected solid was washed with CHCl<sub>3</sub>. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and dissolved in toluene (20 mL) followed by Et<sub>3</sub>N (231 µL, 1.7 mmol) and 1-cyclopropyl propyl amine HCl (0.224 g, 1.7 mmol), and heated at 130 °C overnight. The reaction was cooled and poured onto ice/H<sub>2</sub>O. The mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to produce in crude yield 0.301 g, (91%) of [4-(2-chloro[4(difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine. MS(AP) m/z 398.0 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100]. The crude intermediate was used in the following step.

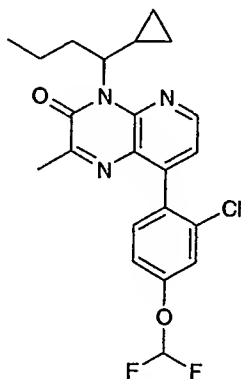
*PART D*

[00226] [4-(2-Chloro[4(difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine (0.301 g, 0.76 mmol), and Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (1.07 g, 6.12 mmol), were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 113 to give 0.284 g (91%) of 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine. The crude intermediate was used in the following step.

*PART E*

[00227] 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.284 g, 0.77 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (140 µL, 1.54 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 113 to give 8-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 115b):

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  8.52-8.46 (2d, 1H,  $J=4.8$ ), 7.37-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.37 (t, 1H,  $J=73.3$  Hz), 5.09-4.95, 4.75-4.2 (2m, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.4-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.23-2.16 (m, 1H), 2.13-1.93 (m, 1H), 0.90-0.85 (t, 3H,  $J=7.3$  Hz), 0.80-0.67 (m, 1H), 0.57-0.42 (m, 1H), 0.40-0.29 (m, 1H), 0.24-0.18 (m, 1H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  420.2  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ , 461.3  $[(\text{M}+\text{H}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN})^+, 20]$ .



**Example 117**

**(*R,S*)-8-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

**PARTS A and B**

**[00228]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 113.

**PART C**

**[00229]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.369 g, 0.83 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 155b, and 1-cyclo-propyl-butylamine HCl (0.246 g, 1.7 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 115b to produce in crude yield 0.380 g (111%) of [4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  412.0  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .

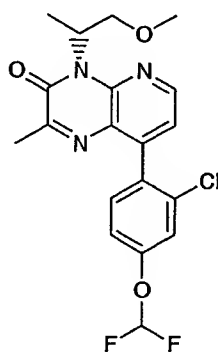
**PART D**

**[00230]** [4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-amine (0.380 g, 0.92 mmol), and  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  (1.30 g, 7.5 mmol), were treated

substantially as described in Part E of Example 113 to give a crude yield of 0.300g (86%) of 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine.

#### PART E

**[00231]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.300 g, 0.79 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (142 $\mu$ L, 1.58 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 113 to give 8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 117). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.47-8.46 (2d, 1H, J=4.8 Hz), 7.37-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.37 (t, 1H, J=72.8 Hz), 5.18-5.02, 4.60-4.51 (2m, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.40-2.32 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.17 (m, 2H), 2.10-2.00 (m, 1H), 0.92-0.88 (t, 3H, J=7.4 Hz), 0.87-0.77 (m, 1H), 0.59-0.42 (m, 2H), 0.40-0.31 (m, 2H). MS (AP) m/z 434.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 121a**

**(R)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

#### PARTS A and B

**[00232]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 113.

#### PART C

**[00233]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.332 g, 0.74 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 115b, and 2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine HCl (0.207 g, 1.5 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 115b to produce 0.231 g (78%) of [4-2-

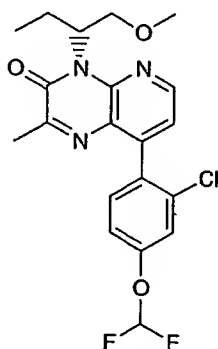
chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine:  
MS (AP)  $m/z$  387.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART D

**[00234]** [4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine (0.231 g, 0.58 mmol), and Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (0.809 g, 4.7 mmol), were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 113 to give 0.149 g (72%) of 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  358.0 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100]. Crude intermediate was taken on to Part E

#### PART E

**[00235]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.149 g, 0.42 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (75  $\mu$ L, 0.83 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 113 to give 8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 121a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.54-8.53 (d, 1H, J=4.8 Hz), 7.34-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.36 (t, 1H, J=73.2 Hz), 4.41-4.37 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.76 (m, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.62 (d, 3H, J=6.9 Hz). MS (AP)  $m/z$  410.0 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 122a**

**(R)-8-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

#### PARTS A and B

**[00236]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 113.

*PART C*

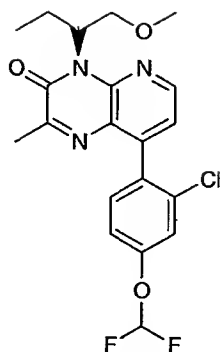
[00237] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.405 g, 0.9 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 155b, and 2-methoxymethyl-propylamine HCl (0.252 g, 1.8 mmol) were treated in the same manner as in Part C of Example 115b to produce in crude yield 0.350 g (97%) of [4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl) amine. MS (AP)  $m/z$  402.0  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

*PART D*

[00238] [4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl) amine (0.350 g, 0.87 mmol), and  $Na_2SO_4$  (1.23 g, 7.04 mmol), were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 113 to give a crude yield of 0.268 g (83%) of 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine; MS (AP)  $m/z$  372.0  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

*PART E*

[00239] 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.268 g, 0.72 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (130  $\mu$ L, 1.44 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 113 to give 8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 122a):  $^1H$  NMR (300 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  8.54-8.51 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.85-6.37 (t, 1H,  $J=72.9$  Hz), 6.21-6.19, 5.64-5.58 (2m, 1H), 4.40-4.31 (m, 1H), 3.92-3.79 (m, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.30-2.20 (m, 1H), 2.13-1.96 (m, 1H), 0.90-0.85 (t, 3H,  $J=7.7$  Hz). MS (AP)  $m/z$  424.1  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

**Example 122b**

**(S)-8-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A and B*

**[00240]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-3H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 113.

*PART C*

**[00241]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.473 g, 1.1 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 115b, and 2-methoxymethyl-propylamine HCl (0.295 g, 2.2 mmol) were treated in the same manner as in Part C of Example 115b to produce 0.380 g (86%) of [4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl) amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  402.0  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

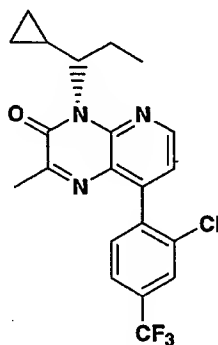
*PART D*

**[00242]** [4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl) amine (0.38 g, 0.95 mmol), and  $Na_2SO_4$  (1.33 g, 7.6 mmol), were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 113 to give a crude yield of 0.366 g of 4-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  372.0  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

*PART E*

**[00243]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)- $N^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.366 g, 0.99 mmol) and methyl pyruvate (178  $\mu$ L, 1.97 mmol) were

treated as in Part F of Example 133 to give 8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 122b):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  8.56-8.51 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.23 (m, 2H), 6.82-6.33 (t, 1H,  $J=72.9$  Hz), 6.20-6.18, 5.62-5.57 (2m, 1H), 4.38-4.32 (m, 1H), 3.93-3.80 (m, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.08-2.00 (m, 2H), 0.90-0.88 (t, 3H,  $J=6.3$  Hz). MS (AP) 424.1  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+]$ , 100].



**Example 131a**

**(S)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

**PART A**

**[00244]** 2-Benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, et al. WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety) (2.0 g, 7.56 mmol) and 2-chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenylboronic acid (2.31 g, 11.3 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part A of Example 19a to give 2.44 g (79 %) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  408.8  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+]$ , 72].

**PART B**

**[00245]** 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (2.44 g, 5.97 mmol) was treated as in Part B of Example 19a to give 2.01 g (100 %) of 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one: MS (AP)  $m/e$  318.6  $[(2\text{M}-\text{H})^-]$ , 100].

*PART C*

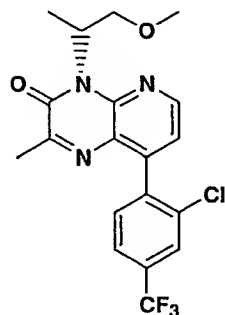
[00246] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl-ester (0.62 g, 1.38 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-cyclopropyl-propylamine HCl (0.37 g, 2.75 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.55 g (100 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  399.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 25].

*PART D*

[00247] [4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine (0.55 g, 1.38 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.93 g, 11.1 mmol) were treated substantially as in Part E of Example 9 to yield 94 % of 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  369.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART E*

[00248] 4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.31 g, 0.86 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 8.2 mg (2 %) of 8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 131a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.5 (d, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.6 (d, 1H), 7.5 (d, 1H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 5.0 (q, 1H), 4.45 (q, 1H), 2.45 (s, 2H), 2.4-2.10 (m, 1H), 1.3 (s, 3H), 0.90 (t, 3H), 0.70 (m, 1H), 0.50-0.30 (m, 2H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  421.9 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 137a

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one



*PART A*

[00249] 2-Benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, et al. WO 99/01454, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety) (2.0 g, 7.56 mmol) and 2-chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenylboronic acid (2.31 g, 11.3 mmol) were treated as in Part A of Example 19a to give 2.44 g (79%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  408.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 72].

*PART B*

[00250] 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (2.44 g, 5.97 mmol) was treated as in Part B of Example 19a to give 2.01 g (100 %) of 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one: MS (AP)  $m/e$  318.6 [(2M-H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART C*

[00251] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl-ester (0.50 g, 1.11 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine HCl (0.28 g, 2.22 mmol) were treated in the same manner as in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.45 g (100 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  389.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

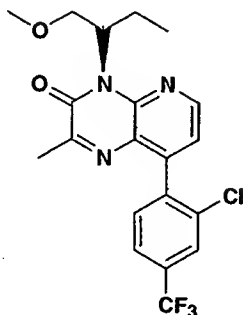
*PART D*

[00252] [4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine (0.45 g, 1.15 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.62 g, 9.32 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 0.31g (74 %) of 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  359.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 97].

*PART E*

[00253] 4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.31 g, 0.86 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 8.2 mg (2 %) of 8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 137a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.5 (d, 1H), 7.7 (s, 1H), 7.6 (d, 1H), 7.4 (d, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H), 4.4 (t, 1H),

3.8 (q, 1H), 3.3 (s, 3H), 2.5 (bs, 1H), 2.4 (s, 3H), 1.6 (d, 3H). MS (AP)  $m/z$  411.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 138a**

**(R)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PARTS A and B*

[00254] 4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 137a.

*PART C*

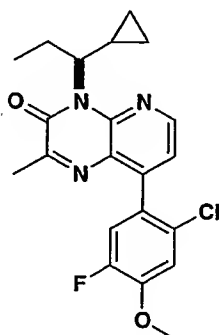
[00255] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl-ester (0.50 g, 1.11 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine HCl (0.31 g, 2.22 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.40 g (89 %) of [4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  403.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 98].

*PART D*

[00256] [4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (0.40 g, 1.0 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (1.39 g, 8.0 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part E of Example 9 to yield 0.29 g (78 %) of 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP)  $m/z$  373.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART E**

**[00257]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.29 g, 0.78 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 6.5 mg (2 %) of 8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 138a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.5 (bs, 1H), 7.7 (s, 1H), 7.6 (d, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 7.17 (d, 1H), 6.10 (m, 1H), 4.3 (m, 1H), 3.8 (m, 1H), 3.3 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.0 (m, 1H), 1.2 (s, 1H), 0.90 (t, 3H). MS (AP) m/z 425.8 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 243a**

**(S)-8-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one**

**PART A and B**

**[00258]** 4-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1*H*-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 250.

**PART C**

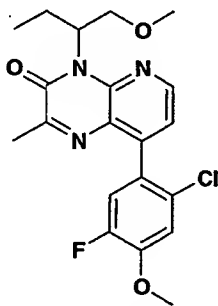
**[00259]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.3 g, 0.70 mmol) and (*S*)-1-cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.28 g, 2.09 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 30 mg (12%) of crude (*S*)-[4-(2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine.

## PART D

[00260] (S)-[4-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine (30 mg, 0.08 mmol) and  $\text{SnCl}_2$  (44 mg, 0.23 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 25 mg (92%) of (S)-4-(2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine.

## PART E

[00261] (S)-4-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (25 mg, 0.07 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 2.5mg (9%) of (S)-8-(2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 243a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 8.47 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 7.18 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 7.12 (d,  $J=8.07$  Hz, 1 H), 7.09 (d,  $J=4.40$  Hz, 1 H), 4.81 (m, 1 H), 3.96 (s, 3 H), 2.49 (s, 3 H), 2.21 (m, 2 H), 0.86 (t,  $J=7.46$  Hz, 3 H), 0.83 (m, 1 H), 0.71 (m, 1 H), 0.47 (m, 1 H), 0.35 (m, 1 H), 0.15 (m, 1 H). MS (EI)  $m/z$  402.20 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 250

8-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one

## PART A

[00262] 2-Benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et. al.* WO 99/01454) (3.8 g, 14.3 mmol) and 2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (Preparation 1) (3.8 g, 18.6 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part A of Example 19a to give 3.5 g (63%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.30 (d,  $J=5.4$  Hz, 1 H), 7.45-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.04 (d,  $J=7.6$  Hz, 1 H), 7.00 (d,  $J=10.8$  Hz, 1 H), 6.91 (d,  $J=5.4$  Hz, 1 H), 5.54 (s, 2 H), 3.91 (s, 3 H).

#### PART B

[00263] 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (3.5 g, 9.0 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part B of Example 19a to give 4-(2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one (2.3 g, 86%): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 12.97 (br s, 1H), 7.79 (d,  $J=6.3$  Hz, 1 H), 7.44 (d,  $J=7.8$  Hz, 1 H), 7.38 (d,  $J=11.3$  Hz, 1 H), 6.30 (d,  $J=6.3$  Hz, 1 H), 3.91 (s, 3 H).

#### PART C

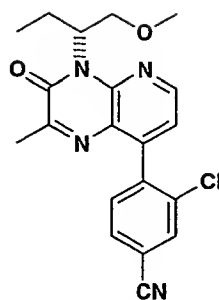
[00264] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one (0.3 g, 0.70 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine (0.28 g, 2.79 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 35 mg (13%) of crude [4-(2-chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine.

#### PART D

[00265] [4-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (35 mg, 0.09 mmol) and SnCl<sub>2</sub> (51 mg, 0.27 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 30 mg (94%) of 4-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  354.22 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART E

[00266] 4-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (30 mg, 0.084 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 3.3 mg (10%) of 8-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 250): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.55 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 7.21 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (d,  $J=2.94$  Hz, 1 H), 7.08 (d,  $J=2.20$  Hz, 1 H), 5.88 (m, 1 H), 4.33 (m, 1 H), 3.95 (s, 3 H), 3.81 (m, 1 H), 3.32 (s, 3 H), 2.48 (s, 3 H), 2.11 (d,  $J=95.37$  Hz, 2 H), 0.86 (t,  $J=7.46$  Hz, 3 H). MS (EI)  $m/z$  406.29 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 449a**

**(R)-3-Chloro-4-[4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-8-yl]-benzonitrile**

**PART A.**

**[00267]** To a solution of  $\text{POCl}_3$  (100 mL) was added 2,4-hydroxy-3-nitropyridine (10.0 g, 64.1 mmol) and the reaction heated at reflux overnight. The reaction mixture was cooled and slowly added to an ice-water solution. The solution was extracted with EtOAc and the organic layer was dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ), filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The dark brown oil was purified by filtration through silica gel with 50% EtOAc/Hex to yield 4.31 g, 35% of 2,4-dichloro-3-nitropyridine as a dark yellow solid. Reaction was monitored by thin layer chromatography for completion.

**PART B**

**[00268]** 2,4-Dichloro-3-nitropyridine (1.0 g, 5.18 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (20 mL), followed by the addition of  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  (1.05 g, 10.4 mmol) and (*R*)-1-methoxymethyl-propylamine (0.72 g, 5.18 mmol) and the reaction was heated at 60 °C for 3 h. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo to yield 2.09 g of (*R*)-(4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl)-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine as a crude viscous oil: MS (AP)  $m/z$  259.69 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 97].

**PART C**

**[00269]** (*R*)-(4-Chloro-3-nitropyridin-2-yl)-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (2.09 g, 8.05 mmol) was dissolved in ether (30 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. Next,  $\text{SnCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (18.1 g, 80.5 mmol) in conc. HCl (10 mL) was added, dropwise at 0 °C and stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The reaction mixture was poured over ice water containing 50% NaOH solution (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2x). The aqueous layer was filtered through

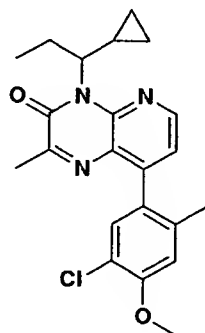
celite, then extracted with EtOAc (2x). The combined organic layers were dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (20% EtOAc/Hex) to yield 0.24 g, 13% of (*R*)-4-chloro-*N*<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (AP) *m/z* 229.71 [(*M*+*H*)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART D

[00270] (*R*)-4-Chloro-*N*<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.24 g, 1.04 mmol) was dissolved in *n*-BuOH, followed by methyl pyruvate (1.07 g, 10.4 mmol) and the reaction was heated at 60 °C for 5 h, before heating at reflux overnight. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo and purified by column chromatography (20% EtOAc/hex) to yield 0.39 g, 100% of (*R*)-8-chloro-4-(1-methoxymethylpropyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one: MS (AP) *m/z* 281.74 [(*M*+*H*)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART E

[00271] (*R*)-8-Chloro-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (0.39 g, 1.38 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH/toluene (1:4), followed by Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (2M, 1.73 mL, 3.46 mmol), 2-chloro-4-cyanophenyl boronic acid (0.38 g, 2.08 mmol) and Pd<sub>2</sub>(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.048 g, 0.069 mmol) and refluxed for 5 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, extracted with EtOAc, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, brine, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by HPLC yielded 13.10 mg, 3% of (*R*)-3-chloro-4-[4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-8-yl-benzonitrile (Ex. 449a): MS (ESI) 382.85 [(*M*+*H*)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 452

8-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one

**PART A**

[00272] 2-Benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et. al.* WO 99/01454) (774 mg, 2.81 mmol) and 2-methyl-5-chloro-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (prepared as described in Speicher, A.; Kolz, J.; Sambanje, R.P. *Synthesis*, **2002**, 17, 2503) (620 mg, 3.09 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part A of Example 19a to give 1.15 g (47%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.26 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.45-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 6.82 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.79 (s, 1 H), 5.54 (s, 2 H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.14 (s, 3H).

**PART B**

[00273] 2-Benzyloxy-4-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (1.0g, 2.6 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part B of Example 19a to give 4-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one (0.75 g, 98%): MS (EI) m/z 295.14 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART C**

[00274] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.33 g, 0.76 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.25 g, 1.92 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.13 g (45%) of crude (1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine: MS (EI) m/z 376.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART D**

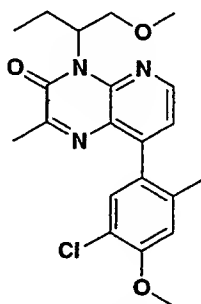
[00275] (1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-[4-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-amine (0.13 g, 0.34 mmol) and SnCl<sub>2</sub> (0.19 g, 1.0 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 0.12 g (96%) of 4-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine.

**PART E**

[00276] 4-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.12 g, 0.33 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of



Example 9 to give 30 mg (23%) of 8-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 452):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 8.48 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 7.24 (s, 1 H), 7.12 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 6.87 (s, 1 H), 4.79 (m, 1 H), 3.96 (s, 3 H), 2.51 (s, 3 H), 2.26 (m, 2 H), 2.10 (s, 3 H), 0.88 (m, 1 H), 0.87 (t,  $J=6.72$  Hz, 3 H), 0.70 (m, 1 H), 0.49 (m, 1 H), 0.34 (m, 1 H), 0.17 (m, 1 H). MS (EI)  $m/z$  400.21  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .



**Example 459**

**8-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PART A and B*

[00277] 4-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 452.

*PART C*

[00278] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.38 g, 0.89 mmol) and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine (0.23 g, 2.23 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 0.13 g (40%) of crude [4-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  380.19  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

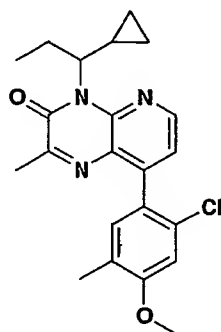
*PART D*

[00279] [4-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (0.13 g, 0.34 mmol) and  $\text{SnCl}_2$  (0.19 g, 1.03 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 0.12 g (99%) of (S)-4-(2-

chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI) m/z 350.25 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART E

[00280] 4-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (0.11 g, 0.32 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 48 mg (38%) of 8-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 459): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.50 (d, J=4.89 Hz, 1 H), 7.24 (s, 1 H), 7.12 (d, J=4.89 Hz, 1 H), 6.86 (s, 1 H), 5.89 (m, 1 H), 4.38 (m, 1 H), 3.96 (s, 3 H), 3.81 (m, 1 H), 3.32 (s, 3 H), 2.47 (s, 3 H), 2.29 (m, 1 H), 2.09 (s, 3 H), 1.98 (m, 1 H), 0.85 (t, J=7.46 Hz, 3 H). MS (EI) m/z 402.20 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 484**

**8-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

#### PART A

[00281] 2-Benzoyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et. al.* WO 99/01454) (924 mg, 3.49mmol) and 2-chloro-5-methyl-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (prepared substantially as described in Speicher, A.; Kolz, J.; Sambanje, R.P. *Synthesis*, 2002, 17, 2503) (770 mg, 3.84 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part A of Example 19a to give 514 mg (39%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.27 (d, J=5.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.47-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J=5.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.90 (s, 1 H), 5.55 (s, 2 H), 3.84 (s, 3 H), 2.17 (s, 3 H).

*PART B*

[00282] 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (0.5 g, 1.30 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part B of Example 19a to give 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one (0.38 g, 100%): MS (EI)  $m/z$  295.11 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART C*

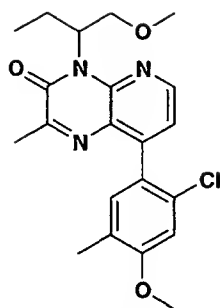
[00283] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.22 g, 0.51 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.17 g, 1.29 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 90 mg (47%) of crude [4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  376.18 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART D*

[00284] [4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine (90 mg, 0.24 mmol) and SnCl<sub>2</sub> (0.13 g, 0.72 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 80 mg (98%) of 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  346.22 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART E*

[00285] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (80 mg, 0.23 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 7.4 mg (8%) of 8-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 484): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.42 (d,  $J$ =4.89 Hz, 1 H), 7.17 (d,  $J$ =4.89 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (s, 1 H), 6.95 (s, 1 H), 4.74 (m, 1 H), 3.91 (m, 3 H), 2.51 (m, 3 H), 2.34 (m, 1 H), 2.22 (m, 3 H), 2.08 (m, 1 H), 0.89 (m, 1 H), 0.86 (s, 3 H), 0.70 (m, 1 H), 0.46 (m, 1 H), 0.32 (m, 1 H), 0.17 (m, 1 H). MS (EI)  $m/z$  398.23 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 491**

**8-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PART A and B*

[00286] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 484.

*PART C*

[00287] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (0.22 g, 0.51 mmol) and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine (0.13 g, 1.29 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 92 mg (47%) of crude [4-(5-chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  380.24 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

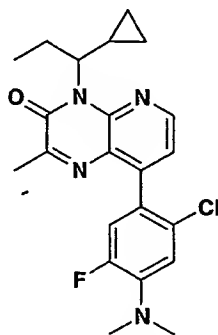
*PART D*

[00288] [4-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (90 mg, 0.24 mmol) and SnCl<sub>2</sub> (0.13 g, 0.71 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 82 mg (99%) of 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  350.23 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

*PART E*

[00289] 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (82 mg, 0.22 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 17.5 mg (19%) of 8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-

methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 491):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 8.51 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 7.20 (d,  $J=4.89$  Hz, 1 H), 7.09 (s, 1 H), 6.95 (s, 1 H), 5.89 (m, 1 H), 4.38 (m, 2 H), 3.88 (s, 3 H), 3.33 (m, 3 H), 2.48 (s, 3 H), 2.21 (s, 3 H), 2.09 (m, 2 H), 0.86 (t,  $J=7.46$  Hz, 3 H). MS (EI)  $m/z$  402.20  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .



**Example 500**

**8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PART A and B*

**[00290]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 507.

*PART C*

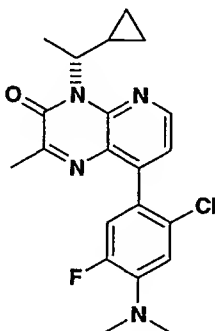
**[00291]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester (548 mg, 1.76 mmol) and 1-cyclopropyl-propylamine HCl (479 mg, 3.5 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 300 mg (43%) of crude [4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  393.22  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

*PART D*

**[00292]** [4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-amine (300 mg, 0.76 mmol) and  $\text{SnCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$  (1.2 g, 6.1 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 276 mg of crude 4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  363.24  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

*PART E*

**[00293]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (299 mg, 0.76 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 20 mg (6 % for 4 steps) of 8-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 500): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.52 (d, *J*=4.65 Hz, 1 H), 7.60 (d, *J*=7.09 Hz, 1 H), 7.27 (m, 1 H), 7.19 (d, *J*=4.65 Hz, 1 H), 5.01 (m, 1 H), 3.26 (s, 6 H), 2.51 (s, 3 H), 2.25 (m, 2 H), 0.86 (t, *J*=7.34 Hz, 3 H), 0.73 (m, 1 H), 0.48 (m, 1 H), 0.34 (m, 1 H), 0.21 (m, 1 H), 0.13 (m, 1 H). MS (EI) *m/z* 415.26 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 501a**

**(R)-8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

*PART A and B*

**[00294]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 507.

*PART C*

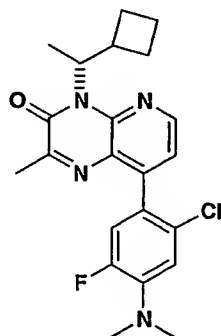
**[00295]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester TFA (1.06 g, 2.49 mmol) and (*R*)-1-cyclopropylethylamine HCl (202 mg, 1.7 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 314 mg of crude (*R*)-[4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-amine.

**PART D**

**[00296]** (R)-[4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-amine (314 mg, 0.83 mmol) and  $\text{SnCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$  (472 mg, 2.5 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 276 mg of crude (R)-4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI) m/z 349.24 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART E**

**[00297]** (R)-4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-N<sup>2</sup>-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (290 mg, 0.83 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 22.5 mg (8% for 4 steps) of (R)-8-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 501a): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.47 (d, J=4.65 Hz, 1 H), 7.20 (d, J=4.65 Hz, 1 H), 7.14 (d, J=8.07 Hz, 1 H), 7.08 (d, J=12.96 Hz, 1 H), 4.85 (m, 1 H), 3.02 (s, 6 H), 2.50 (s, 3 H), 1.25 (s, 3 H), 0.87 (m, 1 H), 0.67 (m, 1 H), 0.42 (m, 2 H), 0.22 (m, 1 H). MS (EI) m/z 401.20 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 503a**

**(R)-8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

**PART A and B**

**[00298]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 507.

## PART C

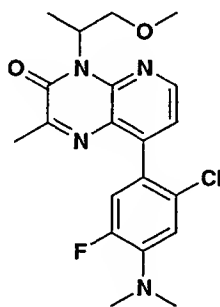
[00299] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester TFA (1.1 g, 2.49 mmol) and (*R*)-1-cyclobutyl-ethylamine HCl (225 mg, 1.7 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 326 mg of crude (*R*)-[4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-amine.

## PART D

[00300] (*R*)-[4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-amine (326 mg, 0.83 mmol) and  $\text{SnCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$  (472 mg, 2.5 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 301 mg of crude (*R*)-4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  363.24 [ $(\text{M}+\text{H})^+$ , 100].

## PART E

[00301] (*R*)-4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (301 mg, 0.83 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 8.5 mg (3% for 4 steps) of (*R*)-8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one (Example 503a):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 8.52 (br s, 1 H), 7.17 (br s, 1 H), 7.04 (d,  $J=13.20$  Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (d,  $J=8.07$  Hz, 1 H), 5.70 (d, 1 H), 2.96 (s, 6 H), 2.49 (m, 3 H), 1.79 (m, 4 H), 1.51 (m, 2 H), 1.28 (m, 1 H), 1.25 (s, 3 H). MS (EI)  $m/z$  415.24 [ $(\text{M}+\text{H})^+$ , 100].



Example 506

8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one



*PART A and B*

[00302] 4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one was prepared substantially as described in Example 507.

*PART C*

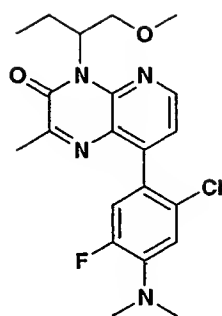
[00303] Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester TFA (1.1 g, 2.49 mmol) and 2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine HCl (208 mg, 1.7 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 318 mg of crude [4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine.

*PART D*

[00304] [4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-amine (318 mg, 0.83 mmol) and  $\text{SnCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$  (472 mg, 2.5 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 290 mg of crude 4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  353.23  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .

*PART E*

[00305] 4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (290 mg, 0.83 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 22.5 mg (8% for 4 steps) of 8-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 506):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 8.53 (d,  $J=4.65$  Hz, 1 H), 7.26 (d,  $J=7.58$  Hz, 1 H), 7.20 (d,  $J=4.65$  Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (d,  $J=12.72$  Hz, 1 H), 5.88 (m, 1 H), 4.39 (m, 1 H), 3.79 (m, 1 H), 3.34 (s, 3 H), 3.08 (s, 6 H), 2.49 (s, 3 H), 1.60 (d,  $J=6.85$  Hz, 3 H). MS (EI)  $m/z$  405.23  $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+, 100]$ .

**Example 507**

**8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one**

**PART A**

**[00306]** 2-Benzyloxy-4-chloro-3-nitro-pyridine (Wilde, *et. al.* WO 99/01454) (800 mg, 3.02 mmol) and 2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluorophenylboronic acid (Example B) (854 mg, 3.93 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part A of Example 19a to give 715 mg (59%) of 2-benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 8.27 (d,  $J=5.4$  Hz, 1 H), 7.45-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.29 (m, 3H), 6.93 (d,  $J=5.4$  Hz, 1 H), 6.89 (d,  $J=13.2$  Hz, 1 H), 6.85 (d,  $J=8.0$  Hz, 1 H), 5.53 (s, 2 H), 2.91 (d,  $J=1.2$  Hz, 6 H).

**PART B**

**[00307]** 2-Benzyloxy-4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridine (2.8 g, 7.0 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part B of Example 19a to give 4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-1H-pyridin-2-one TFA (3.0 g, 100%):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 7.59 (d,  $J=6.7$  Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (d,  $J=7.8$  Hz, 1 H), 6.96 (d,  $J=12.7$  Hz, 1 H), 6.54 (d,  $J=6.7$  Hz, 1 H), 2.99 (d,  $J=1.2$  Hz, 6 H).

**PART C**

**[00308]** Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl ester TFA (39.6 mg, 0.093 mmol), prepared substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a, and 1-methoxymethyl-propylamine (191.0 mg, 1.85 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part C of Example 19a to produce 30 mg

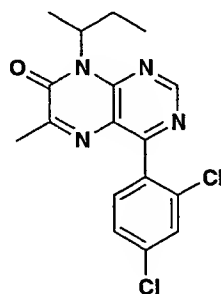
(81 %) of crude [4-(2-chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  397.19  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

#### PART D

**[00309]** [4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-3-nitro-pyridin-2-yl]-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-amine (30.0 mg, 0.076 mmol) and  $\text{SnCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$  (43.2 mg, 0.23 mmol) were treated substantially as described in Part D of Example 74a to yield 30 mg (100 % crude) of 4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine: MS (EI)  $m/z$  367.23  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .

#### PART E

**[00310]** 4-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)- $\text{N}^2$ -(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyridine-2,3-diamine (27.9 mg, 0.076 mmol) was treated substantially as described in Part F of Example 9 to give 4 mg of 8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one (Example 507):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm 8.55 (d,  $J=4.16$  Hz, 1 H), 7.20 (d,  $J=4.16$  Hz, 1 H), 7.10 (d,  $J=6.11$  Hz, 1 H), 7.07 (d,  $J=11.49$  Hz, 1 H), 6.15 (m, 1 H), 4.38 (m, 1 H), 3.81 (m, 1 H), 3.32 (m, 3 H), 3.01 (m, 6 H), 2.49 (s, 3 H), 2.11 (m, 2 H), 0.86 (t,  $J=7.46$  Hz, 3 H). MS (EI)  $m/z$  419.25  $[(M+H)^+, 100]$ .



**Example 546**

**(*R,S*)-8-sec-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

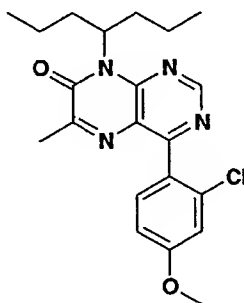
#### PART A

**[00311]** 4,6-Dichloro-5-nitropyrimidine (2.0 g, 0.012 mol) was diluted in EtOH (10 ml) and toluene (40 ml). A 2M  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  (15.0 ml) was added followed by  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2$  (0.51 g, 0.0007 mol), and 2,4-dichlorophenylboronic acid (0.018 mol). The reaction was warmed

to reflux under an inert atmosphere for 5 hours. The reaction was then allowed to cool to room temperature and poured over EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was separated and washed with sat'd sodium chloride, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated. The material was flushed through a plug of silica using 50%EtOAc/hexane as an eluting solvent. The crude material (2.9 g) was concentrated in vacuo and diluted in 20 ml butanol. Sec-butylamine was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 80% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate N<sup>4</sup>-sec-butyl-6-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (1.49 g, 40%). MS (AP) m/z 311.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART B

[00312] N<sup>4</sup>-sec-butyl-6-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.10 g, 0.00032 mol) was diluted in ethanol (20 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.68 ml, 0.006 mol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time 10 ml of the solution was removed and concentrated. The residue was diluted in glacial acetic acid (10 ml) and warmed to 100 C for 1 hour. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 9.8 mg of (R,S)-8-sec-butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 546). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.66-7.64 (d, 1H), 7.49-7.48 (m, 2H), 5.68 (m, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.39-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.01-2.15 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.62 (d, 3H), 0.89-0.84 (t, 3H). MS (AP) 363.1 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100], 404.1 [(M+H+ACN)<sup>+</sup>, 20].



**Example 563**

**4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-8-(1-propyl-butyl)-8H-pteridin-7-one**

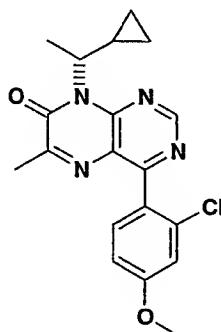
#### PART A

[00313] 4,6-Dichloro-5-aminopyrimidine (5.8 g, 0.036 mol) was diluted in EtOH (25 ml) and toluene (100 ml). A 2M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (45.0 ml) was added followed by Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.5

g, 0.0021 mol), and 2-chloro-4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (0.035 mol). The reaction was warmed to reflux under an inert atmosphere for 5 hours. The reaction was then allowed to cool to room temperature and poured over EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was separated and washed with sat'd sodium chloride, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated. The material was flushed through a plug of silica using 50% EtOAc/hexane as an eluting solvent. The crude material was concentrated in vacuo and diluted in 5 ml butanol. 4-Heptyamine was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 80% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate 6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-propyl-butyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.29 g, 73%). MS (AP) 349.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART B

**[00314]** 6-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-propyl-butyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.29 g, 0.83 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (8 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.92 ml, 8.3 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. The residue was diluted in glacial acetic acid (10 ml) and warmed to 100 °C for 1 hour. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 13.5 mg of 4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-8-(1-propyl-butyl)-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 563). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 9.02 (s, 1 H), 7.41 (d, *J*=8.42 Hz, 1 H), 7.05 (d, *J*=2.56 Hz, 1 H), 6.93 (dd, *J*=8.42, 2.56 Hz, 1 H), 3.86 (s, 3 H), 4.40 (m, 1H), 2.48 (m, 2 H), 2.31 (m, 2 H), 1.89 (m, 2 H), 1.19 (m, 5 H), 0.88 (t, *J*=7.32 Hz, 6 H). MS (AP) 321.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100]. MS (AP) 401.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 565a**

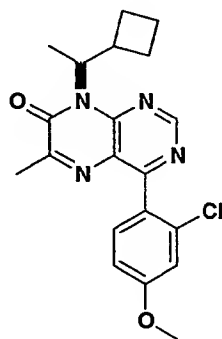
**(R)-4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

## PART A

[00315] 4-Chloro-6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-5-ylamine (prepared substantially as described in Example 466) (0.25 g, 0.93 mmol) was diluted in butanol (9 mL). (*R*)-1-Cyclopropyl-ethylamine (0.25g, 2.05 mmol) and triethylamine (0.52 mL, 3.6 mmol) were added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.17 g, 57%).

## PART B

[00316] (*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.20 g, 0.52 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (5 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.58 ml, 5.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. The residue was diluted in glacial acetic acid (10 ml) and warmed to 100 °C for 1 hour. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 2.0 mg of (*R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 565a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 9.04 (s, 1 H), 7.45 (d, *J*=8.42 Hz, 1 H), 7.09 (d, *J*=2.56 Hz, 1 H), 6.98 (dd, *J*=8.42, 2.56 Hz, 1 H), 4.26 (m, 1 H), 3.91 (s, 3 H), 2.54 (d, *J*=7.32, 3 H), 2.18 (m, 3 H), 0.87 (m, 2 H), 0.45 (m, 2 H), 0.26 (m, 1 H). MS (AP) 371.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 567a

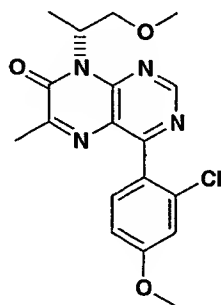
(*S*)-4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one

## PART A

**[00317]** 4-Chloro-6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-5-ylamine (prepared substantially as described in Example 466) (0.23 g, 0.86 mmol) was diluted in butanol (9 mL). (*S*)-1-Cyclobutyl-ethylamine (0.25g, 1.9 mmol) and triethylamine (0.48 mL, 3.4 mmol) were added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (*S*)-6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.23 g, 81%). MS (AP) 333.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

## PART B

**[00318]** (*S*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.23 g, 0.69 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (7 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.78 ml, 6.9 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. The residue was diluted in glacial acetic acid (10 ml) and warmed to 100 °C for 1 hour. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 2.0 mg of (*S*)-4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 567a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 9.06 (s, 1 H), 7.46 (d, *J*=8.79 Hz, 1 H), 7.09 (d, *J*=2.56 Hz, 1 H), 6.97 (dd, *J*=8.79, 2.56 Hz, 1 H), 5.82 (m, 1 H), 3.91 (s, 3 H), 2.51 (s, 3 H), 2.22 (m, 2 H), 1.87 (m, 4 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.55 (m, 1 H). MS (AP) 385.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 570a

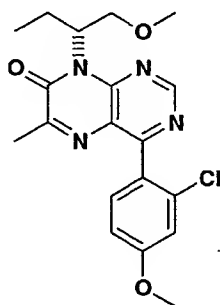
(*R*)-4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one

## PART A

[00319] 4-Chloro-6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-5-ylamine (prepared substantially as described in Example 466) (0.28 g, 1.0 mmol) was diluted in butanol (10 mL). (*R*)-2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine (0.29 g, 3.3 mmol) and triethylamine (0.59 mL, 4.0 mmol) were added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.26 g, 85%). MS (AP) 321.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

## PART B

[00320] (*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.26 g, 0.82 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (8 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.92 ml, 8.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. The residue was diluted in glacial acetic acid (10 ml) and warmed to 100 °C for 1 hour. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 6.0 mg of (*R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 570a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 9.09 (s, 1 H), 7.43 (d, *J*=8.79 Hz, 1 H), 7.09 (d, *J*=2.56 Hz, 1 H), 6.97 (dd, *J*=8.79, 2.56 Hz, 1 H), 4.39 (m, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3 H), 3.73 (dd, *J*=10.07, 5.31 Hz, 2 H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3 H), 1.62 (6, *J*=6.96 Hz, 3 H). MS (AP) 375.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 571a

(*R*)-4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one

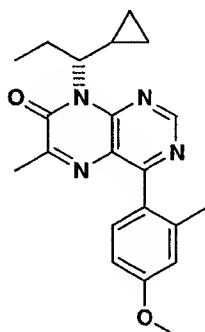


## PART A

[00321] 4-Chloro-6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-5-ylamine (prepared substantially as described in Example 466) (0.22 g, 0.81 mmol) was diluted in butanol (8 mL). (*R*)-2-Ethoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine (0.25 g, 1.8 mmol) and triethylamine (0.45 mL, 3.0 mmol) were added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (*R*)-6-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.20 g, 74%). MS (AP) 337.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

## PART B

[00322] (*R*)-6-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.20 g, 0.60 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (6 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.68 ml, 6.0 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. The residue was diluted in glacial acetic acid (10 ml) and warmed to 100 °C for 1 hour. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 5.0 mg of (*R*)-4-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 571a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 9.02 (s, 1 H), 7.41 (d, *J*=8.79 Hz, 1 H), 7.05 (d, *J*=2.56 Hz, 1 H), 6.93 (dd, *J*=8.79, 2.56 Hz, 1 H), 3.87 (s, 3 H), 3.73 (m, 2 H), 3.29 (s, 3 H), 2.63 (m, 2H), 2.49 (s, 3 H), 2.10 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, *J*=7.51 Hz, 3 H). MS (AP) 389.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 612a

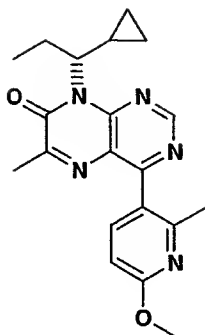
(*R*)-8-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one

*PART A*

**[00323]** 4,6-Dichloro-5-aminopyrimidine (2.0 g, 12.0 mmol) was diluted in EtOH (10 ml) and toluene (40 ml). A 2M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (15.0 ml) was added followed by Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.51 g, 0.72 mmol), and 4-methoxy-2-methylphenylboronic acid (2.0 g, 12.0 mmol). The reaction was warmed to reflux under an inert atmosphere for 5 hours. The reaction was then allowed to cool to room temperature and poured over EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was separated and washed with sat'd sodium chloride, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated. The material was flushed through a plug of silica using 50% EtOAc/hexane as an eluting solvent. The crude material was concentrated in vacuo and diluted in 10 mL butanol. (*R*)-1-Cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.29 g, 2.11 mmol) and triethylamine (0.45 mL, 3.0 mmol) was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 80% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (*R*)-N4-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.20 g, 68%).

*PART B*

**[00324]** (*R*)-N4-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.21 g, 0.67 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (7 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.75 ml, 6.7 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 2.0 mg of (*R*)-8-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 612a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.86 (s, 1 H), 7.33 (d, *J*=9.15 Hz, 1 H), 6.80 (d, *J*=2.20 Hz, 1 H), 6.78 (d, *J*=2.20 Hz, 1 H), 4.56 (m, 1 H), 3.80 (s, 3 H), 2.45 (s, 3 H), 2.30 (m, 1 H), 2.20 (s, 3 H), 2.12 (m, 1 H), 0.81 (t, *J*=7.51 Hz, 3 H), 0.76 (m, 1 H), 0.68 (m, 1 H), 0.42 (m, 1 H), 0.29 (m, 1 H), 0.12 (m, 1 H). MS (EI) 377.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 644a**

**(R)-8-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

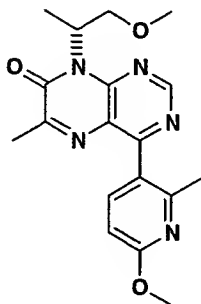
**PART A**

**[00325]** 4,6-Dichloro-5-aminopyrimidine (2.5 g, 15.0 mmol) was diluted in EtOH (10 ml) and toluene (40 ml). A 2M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (18.8 ml) was added followed by Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.63 g, 0.90 mmol), and 2-methoxy-6-methyl pyridine boronic acid (Wilde, et al. WO99/01454) (2.5 g, 15.0 mmol). The reaction was warmed to reflux under an inert atmosphere for 5 hours. The reaction was then allowed to cool to room temperature and poured over EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was separated and washed with sat'd sodium chloride, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated. The material was flushed through a plug of silica using 50% EtOAc/hexane as an eluting solvent. The crude material was concentrated in vacuo and diluted in 10 mL butanol. (R)-1-Cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.29 g, 2.11 mmol) and triethylamine (0.45 mL, 3.0 mmol) was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 80% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (R)-N4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.20 g, 68%). MS (AP) 314.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**PART B**

**[00326]** (R)-N4-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.20 g, 0.64 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (7 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.73 ml, 6.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 2.0 mg of (R)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 644a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.92 (s, 1 H), 7.68 (d,  $J=8.05$  Hz, 1 H), 6.68 (d,  $J=9.15$  Hz, 1 H), 4.84 (m, 1 H), 3.99 (s, 3 H), 2.51 (s, 3 H), 2.39 (s, 3 H), 1.20 (m, 2 H), 0.86 (m, 8 H). MS (EI) 366.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 650a**

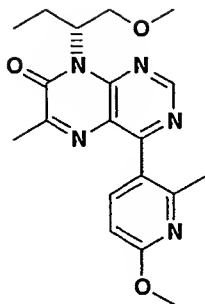
**(R)-8-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

#### PART A

**[00327]** 6-(6-Methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (prepared substantially as described in Example 644a) (0.25 g, 1.0 mmol) was diluted in 10 mL butanol. (R)- 2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine (0.28 g, 2.2 mmol) and triethylamine (0.56 mL, 4.0 mmol) was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (R)-N4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.22 g, 74%).

#### PART B

**[00328]** (R)-N4-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.22 g, 0.74 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (8 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.82 ml, 7.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by preparative TLC eluting with 35% ethyl acetate in hexanes to yield 5.0 mg of (R)-8-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 650a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.99 (s, 1 H), 7.65 (d,  $J=8.42$  Hz, 1 H), 6.68 (d,  $J=8.42$  Hz, 1 H), 5.71 (m, 1H), 3.99 (s, 3 H), 3.59 (m, 2 H), 3.31 (s, 3 H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 0.85 (d,  $J=7.69$  Hz, 3 H). MS (EI) 356.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

**Example 651a**

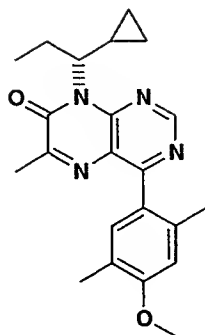
**(R)-8-(1-Methoxymethyl-propyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

**PART A**

**[00329]** 6-(6-Methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (prepared substantially as described in Example 644a) (0.21 g, 0.84 mmol) was diluted in 10 mL butanol. (R)- 2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethylamine (0.26 g, 1.8 mmol) and triethylamine (0.47 mL, 3.4 mmol) was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (R)-N4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-6-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.20 g, 75%). MS (AP) 318.3 [(M+H)+, 100].

**PART B**

**[00330]** (R)-N4-(1-Methoxymethyl-propyl)-6-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.2 g, 0.63 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (7 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.70 ml, 6.3 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 4.0 mg of (R)-8-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 651a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.93 (s, 1 H), 7.62 (d, J=8.42 Hz, 1 H), 6.64 (d, J=8.42 Hz, 1 H), 4.23 (m, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3 H), 3.68 (m, 2 H), 3.25 (s, 3 H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3 H), 1.22 (m, 2H), 0.82 (t, J=7.51 Hz, 3 H). MS (EI) 370.3 [(M+H)+, 100].

**Example 1013a**

**(R)-4-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-8-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

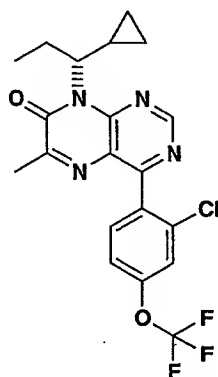
**PART A**

**[00331]** 4,6-Dichloro-5-aminopyrimidine (0.91 g, 5.6 mmol) was diluted in EtOH (5 ml) and toluene (20 ml). A 2M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (6.9 ml) was added followed by Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.23 g, 0.34 mmol), and 4-methoxy-2,5-dimethylphenylboronic acid (Wilde, et al. WO99/01454)(1.0 g, 5.6 mmol). The reaction was warmed to reflux under an inert atmosphere for 5 hours. The reaction was then allowed to cool to room temperature and poured over EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was separated and washed with sat'd sodium chloride, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated. The material was flushed through a plug of silica using 100% EtOAc/hexane as an eluting solvent. The crude material was concentrated in vacuo and diluted in 10 mL butanol. (R)-1-Cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.21 g, 0.82 mmol) and triethylamine (0.46 mL, 3.3 mmol) was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (R)-6-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-N4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.22 g, 82%).

**PART B**

**[00332]** (R)-6-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-N4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.22 g, 0.68 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (7 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.76 ml, 6.8 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 8.0 mg of (R)-4-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-8-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 1013a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 9.05 (s, 1 H), 7.21 (s, 1 H), 6.79 (s, 1 H), 4.86 (m, 1 H), 3.91 (s, 3 H), 2.55 (m, 3 H), 2.38 (m, 1 H), 2.22 (s, 3 H), 2.22 (s, 3 H), 2.04 (m, 1 H), 1.25 (m, 1 H), 0.89 (t,  $J=7.51$  Hz, 3 H), 0.77 (m, 1 H), 0.50 (m, 1 H), 0.39 (m, 1 H), 0.18 (m, 1 H). MS (EI) 379.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



**Example 1061a**

**(R)-4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

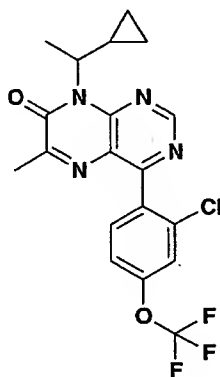
#### PART A

**[00333]** 4,6-Dichloro-5-aminopyrimidine (1.0 g, 6.3 mmol) was diluted in EtOH (10 ml) and toluene (40 ml). A 2M Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (7.9 ml) was added followed by Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.26 g, 0.38 mmol), and 2-chloro-4-trimfluoromethoxyphenyl boronic acid ((prepared as described in Arvanitis, A.G.; Rescinito, J.T.; Arnold, C.R.; Wilde, R.G.; Cain, G.A.; Sun, J.H.; Yan, J.-S., Teleha, C.A.; Fitzgerald, L.W.; McElroy, J.; Zaczek, R. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.*, **2003**, *13*, 129) (1.5 g, 6.3 mmol). The reaction was warmed to reflux under an inert atmosphere for 5 hours. The reaction was then allowed to cool to room temperature and poured over EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was separated and washed with sat'd sodium chloride, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated. The material was flushed through a plug of silica using 100% EtOAc/hexane as an eluting solvent. The crude material was concentrated in vacuo. A portion of 6-(2-Methyl-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.33 g, 1.0 mmol) was diluted in 10 mL butanol. (R)-1-Cyclopropyl-propylamine (0.33 g, 2.2 mmol) and triethylamine (0.57 mL, 4.0 mmol) was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (R)-N4-(1-

cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-(2-methyl-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.31 g, 79%). MS (AP) 387.3 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].

#### PART B

**[00334]** (R)-N4-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-(2-methyl-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.31 g, 0.80 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (8 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.89 ml, 8.0 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 6.0 mg of (R)-4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 1061a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.91 (s, 1 H), 7.47 (d, *J*=8.42 Hz, 1 H), 7.35 (d, *J*=1.10 Hz, 1 H), 7.22 (ddd, *J*=8.42, 2.29, 1.10 Hz, 1 H), 4.54 (m, 1 H), 2.45 (s, 3 H), 2.18 (m, 2 H), 1.32 (m, 1 H), 0.84 (m, 3 H), 0.68 (m, 1 H), 0.44 (m, 1 H), 0.30 (m, 1 H), 0.13 (m, 1 H).



**Example 1062**

**4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

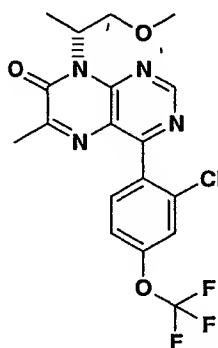
#### PART A

**[00335]** 6-(6-Methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (prepared substantially as described in Example 1061a) (0.23 g, 0.71 mmol) was diluted in 10 mL butanol. 1-Cyclopropyl-ethylamine (0.21 g, 1.6 mmol) and triethylamine (0.40 mL, 4.0 mmol) was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate 6-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.20 g, 80%).



## PART B

**[00336]** 6-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N4-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.20 g, 0.52 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (6 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.58 ml, 5.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 4.5 mg of 4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 1062). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.99 (s, 1 H), 7.50 (d, *J*=8.79 Hz, 1 H), 7.39 (d, *J*=1.10 Hz, 1 H), 7.26 (dd, *J*=8.79, 1.10 Hz, 1 H), 4.91 (m, 1 H), 2.49 (s, 3 H), 1.71 (d, *J*=7.32, 3 H), 0.69 (m, 2 H), 0.41 (m, 2 H), 0.22 (m, 1 H). MS (EI) 425.2 [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>, 100].



Example 1067a

**(R)-4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one**

## PART A

**[00337]** 6-(6-Methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamineylamine (prepared substantially as described in Example 1061a) (0.25 g, 0.77 mmol) was diluted in 10 mL butanol. (R)-1-cyclopropyl-ethylamine (0.25 g, 1.7 mmol) and triethylamine (0.43 mL, 3.1 mmol) was added to the solution and the mixture warmed to reflux for 18 hours. After concentrating the solution in vacuo and purification on silica gel using 100% EtOAc/hexane as the eluting solvent the desired intermediate (R)-6-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine was isolated (0.20 g, 73%).

Individual aliquots containing approximately  $1 \times 10^8$  of the suspended cells are then centrifuged to form a pellet and frozen.

[00342] For the binding assay, a frozen pellet described above containing 293EBNA cells transfected with hCRFR1 receptors is homogenized in 10 mL of ice cold tissue buffer (50 mM HEPES buffer pH 7.0, containing 10 mM  $MgCl_2$ , 2 mM EGTA, 1  $\mu g/l$  aprotinin, 1  $\mu g/ml$  leupeptin and 1  $\mu g/ml$  pepstatin). The homogenate is centrifuged at 40,000 x g for 12 min and the resulting pellet rehomogenized in 10 mL of tissue buffer. After another centrifugation at 40,000 x g for 12 min, the pellet is resuspended to a protein concentration of 360  $\mu g/ml$  to be used in the assay.

[00343] Binding assays are performed in 96 well plates; each well having a 300  $\mu L$  capacity. To each well is added 50  $\mu L$  of test drug dilutions (final concentration of drugs range from  $10^{-10}$  to  $10^{-5}$  M), 100  $\mu L$  of  $^{125}I$ -ovine-CRF ( $^{125}I$ -o-CRF) (final concentration 150 pM) and 150  $\mu L$  of the cell homogenate described above. Plates are then allowed to incubate at room temperature for 2 hours before filtering the incubate over GF/F filters (presoaked with 0.3% polyethyleneimine) using an appropriate cell harvester. Filters are rinsed 2 times with ice cold assay buffer before removing individual filters and assessing them for radioactivity on a gamma counter.

[00344] Curves of the inhibition of  $^{125}I$ -o-CRF binding to cell membranes at various dilutions of test drug are analyzed by the iterative curve fitting program LIGAND Munson, *et al.*, *Anal. Biochem.*, **1980**, *107*, 220, which is incorporate herein by reference in its entirety, which provides  $K_i$  values for inhibition which are then used to assess biological activity.

[00345] Other *in vitro* assays for the determination of  $CRF_1$  receptor antagonist activity of the present compounds are described, for example, in *Endocrinology*, **1985**, *116*, 1653 and in *Peptides*, **1985**, *10*, 179, each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. Receptor binding activity of compounds can also be evaluated according to the methods described in Grigoriadis, *et al.*, *Biochemical, Pharmacological, and Autoradiographic Methods to Study Corticotropin-Releasing Factor Receptors. Methods in Neurosciences*, Vol. 5, 1991, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

**PART B**

[00338] (R)-6-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-N4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-pyrimidine-4,5-diamine (0.20 g, 0.53 mmol) was diluted in ethanol (6 ml) and ethyl pyruvate was added (0.59 ml, 5.3 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 18 hours at which time the solution was concentrated. After concentrating the solution the product was purified by reverse phase HPLC to yield 4.0 mg of (R)-4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one (Example 1067a). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 9.02 (s, 1 H), 7.49 (d, *J*=8.42 Hz, 1 H), 7.39 (d, *J*=1.10 Hz, 1 H), 7.26 (dd, *J*=8.42, 1.10 Hz, 1 H), 5.95 (s, 1 H), 4.36 (t, *J*=9.52 Hz, 1 H), 3.68 (dd, *J*=10.07, 5.31 Hz, 1 H), 3.30 (s, 3 H), 2.48 (s, 3 H), 1.58 (d, *J*=6.96 Hz, 3 H).

**Example A****Biological Assay**

[00339] The compounds of the present invention can have CRF receptor antagonist activity. A compound can be considered active if it has a K<sub>i</sub> value of less than about 10,000 nM for the inhibition of CRF. K<sub>i</sub> values can be determined by any suitable biological assay, such as, for example, the assay described below.

[00340] Provided herein is an example of a CRF<sub>1</sub> receptor binding assay that can be used for the evaluation of biological activity of compounds of the present invention. The example also includes isolation of cell membranes containing cloned human CRF<sub>1</sub> receptors for use in the binding assay.

[00341] Messenger RNA is isolated from human hippocampus by standard techniques. The mRNA is reverse transcribed using oligo (dt) 12-18 and the coding region is amplified by PCR from start to stop codons. The resulting PCR fragment is cloned into the EcoRV site of pGEMV, from whence the insert is reclaimed using XhoI + XbaI and cloned into the XhoI + XbaI sites of vector pm3ar (which contains a CMV promoter, the SV40 't' splice and early poly A signals, an Epstein-Barr viral origin of replication, and a hygromycin selectable marker). The resulting expression vector, called phchCRFR is transfected in 293EBNA cells, and cells retaining the episome are selected in the presence of 400 μM hygromycin. Cells surviving 4 weeks of selection in hygromycin are pooled, adapted to growth in suspension, and used to generate membranes for the binding assay described below.

### Example B

#### Inhibition of CRF-Stimulated Adenylate Cyclase Activity

[00346] Activity of the present compounds can be studied by the inhibition of CRF-stimulated adenylate cyclase activity which can be performed as described by Battaglia, *et al.*, *Synapse*, **1987**, *1*, 572, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Assays are carried out at 37° C for 10 min in 200 mL of buffer containing 100 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4 at 37° C), 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.4 mM EGTA, 0.1% BSA, 1 mM isobutylmethylxanthine (IBMX), 250 units/ml phosphocreatine kinase, 5 mM creatine phosphate, 100 mM guanosine 5'-triphosphate, 100 nM oCRF, antagonist peptides (concentration range 10<sup>-9</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup> M) and 0.8 mg original wet weight tissue (approximately 40-60 mg protein). Reactions are initiated by the addition of 1 mM ATP/<sup>32</sup>P]ATP (approximately 2-4 mCi/tube) and terminated by the addition of 100 mL of 50 mM Tris-HCL, 45 mM ATP and 2% sodium dodecyl sulfate. In order to monitor the recovery of cAMP, 1 µL of [<sup>3</sup>H]cAMP (approximately 40,000 dpm) is added to each tube prior to separation. The separation of [<sup>32</sup>P]cAMP from [<sup>32</sup>P]ATP is performed by sequential elution over Dowex and alumina columns.

### Example C

#### *In vivo* Biological Assay

[00347] The *in vivo* activity of the compounds of the present invention can be assessed using any one of the biological assays available and accepted within the art. Examples of *in vivo* biological assays for testing axiolytic activity of compounds include the “punished drinking test” (Vogel, *et al.*, *Psychopharmacologia*, **1971**, *21*, 1, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety); “elevated plus-maze test” (Pellow, *et al.*, *J. Neurosci. Methods*, **1985**, *14*, 149, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety); “stress-induced cortical norepinephrine release” (Funk, *et al.*, *Brain Res.*, **1996**, *741*, 220, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety); “light-dark test” (Misslin, *et al.*, *Behav. Process*, **1989**, *8*, 119, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety); “four-plate test” (Boissier, *et al.*, *Eur. J. Pharmacol.*, **1968**, *4*, 145, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety); and “mouse defense test battery” (Griebel, *et al.*, *Aggress. Behav.*, **1997**, *23*, 19, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety). Compounds may be tested in any species of rodent or small mammal.

[00348] Examples of *in vivo* biological assays for testing antidepressant-like activity of compounds include the “forced swimming test” (Porsolt, *et al.*, *Nature*, **1977**, *266*, 730,

which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety) and "CMS test" (Willner, *et al.*, *Clin. Neuropharmacol.*, **1992**, *15* (supp. 1), 550A, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety).

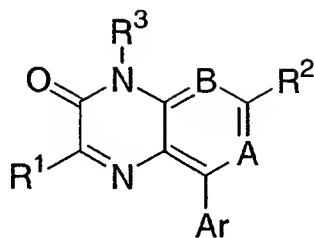
[00349] Other models useful for the testing of compounds for their anxiolytic or antidepressant activity are outlined in Berridge, *et al.*, *Brain Research Reviews*, **1990**, *15*, 71, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Models for testing activity of compounds for other indications are well known in the art.

[00350] As those skilled in the art will appreciate, numerous changes and modifications can be made to the preferred embodiments of the invention without departing from the spirit of the invention. It is intended that all such variations fall within the scope of the invention. Throughout this specification, various groupings are employed to conveniently describe constituent variables of compounds and groups of various related moieties. It is specifically intended that each occurrence of such groups throughout this specification include every possible subcombination of the members of the groups, including the individual members thereof.

[00351] It is intended that each of the patents, applications, and printed publications mentioned in this patent document be hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

**What is claimed is:**

1. A compound of Formula (I):



(I)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof, or prodrug thereof, or radiolabeled form thereof, wherein:

A and B are independently CR<sup>4</sup> or N, with the proviso that at least one of A and B is N;

Ar is aryl or heteroaryl, wherein said aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>;

R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, NR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>1d</sup>, NR<sup>1c</sup>COR<sup>1b</sup>, COR<sup>1b</sup>, CONR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>1d</sup>, OR<sup>1c</sup>, SR<sup>1c</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, or C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, with the proviso that R<sup>1</sup> is not CH<sub>2</sub>X, wherein X is halogen;

each R<sup>1a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, halogen, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl, NR<sup>1c</sup>R<sup>1d</sup>, NR<sup>1c</sup>COR<sup>1b</sup>, COR<sup>1b</sup>, OR<sup>1c</sup>, SR<sup>1c</sup>, S(O)R<sup>8</sup>, or S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>;

each R<sup>1b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl;

each R<sup>1c</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl;

each R<sup>1d</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, selected from H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl;

$R^2$  is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, CN, OH, COR<sup>2b</sup>, SH, SR<sup>2b</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>2c</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, CONHR<sup>2c</sup>, CONR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, OCOR<sup>2b</sup>, OR<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>; with the proviso that R<sup>2</sup> is not CH<sub>2</sub>X, wherein X is halogen;

each R<sup>2a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, halogen, CN, N<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, OR<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, SR<sup>2c</sup>, SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, CONR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, COR<sup>2b</sup>, OCOR<sup>2b</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>CONR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, NR<sup>2c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2b</sup>, OCONR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, morpholinyl, or thiomorpholinyl;

each R<sup>2b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>2c</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>2d</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is OR<sup>3c</sup>, NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, NHR<sup>3c</sup>, SR<sup>3c</sup>, SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>3c</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, COR<sup>3c</sup>, CONHR<sup>3c</sup>, CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, aryl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, heteroaryl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, heterocyclyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3f</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> thioalkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;

each R<sup>3a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, CN, OR<sup>3c</sup>, SR<sup>3c</sup>, S(O)R<sup>8</sup>,

$S(O)_2R^8$ ,  $COR^{3b}$ ,  $NHR^{3c}SO_2R^{3b}$ ,  $OC(O)NR^{3c}R^{3d}$ ,  $N_3$ ,  $OC(O)OR^{3b}$ ,  $CO_2R^{3c}$ ,  
 $OC(O)R^{3b}$ ,  $NR^{3c}COR^{3b}$ ,  $N(COR^{3b})_2$ ,  $NR^{3c}CONR^{3c}R^{3d}$ ,  $NR^{3c}CO_2R^{3b}$ ,  $NR^{3c}R^{3d}$ ,  
 $CONR^{3c}R^{3d}$ , aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl;

each  $R^{3b}$  is, independently at each occurrence,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , or  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or  $NR^5$ ;

each  $R^{3c}$  is, independently at each occurrence, H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , or  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or  $NR^5$ ;

each  $R^{3d}$  is, independently at each occurrence, H,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ ,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , or  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3  $R^{3e}$ , wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or  $NR^5$ ;

each  $R^{3e}$  is, independently at each occurrence,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  haloalkyl, CN,  $OR^{7a}$ ,  $SR^{7a}$ ,  $S(O)_nR^8$ ,  $COR^6$ ,  $CO_2R^{7a}$ ,  $OC(O)R^6$ ,  $NR^{7a}COR^6$ ,  $N(COR^6)_2$ ,  $NR^{7a}CONR^{7a}R^{7b}$ ,  $NR^{7a}CO_2R^6$ ,  $NR^{7a}R^{7b}$ ,  $NHR^{7a}SO_2R^6$ ,  $OC(O)NR^{7a}R^{7b}$ ,  $N_3$ ,  $OC(O)OR^6$ ,  $CONR^{7a}R^{7b}$ , aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl;

each  $R^{3f}$  is, independently at each occurrence, oxo, sulfido, or  $R^{3a}$ ;

$R^4$  is H, halogen, CN,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  haloalkyl,  $COR^{4b}$ ,  $OR^{4c}$ ,  $SR^{4c}$ ,  $SO_2NHR^{4c}$ ,  $SO_2NR^{4c}R^{4d}$ ,  $CONHR^{4c}$ ,  $CONR^{4c}R^{4d}$ ,  $OCOR^{4b}$ ,  $NR^{4c}CONHR^{4c}$ ,  $NR^{4c}CONR^{4c}R^{4d}$ ,



NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, OCONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, morpholinyl, or thiomorpholinyl;

each R<sup>4a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, halogen, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OR<sup>4c</sup>, NHR<sup>4c</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, SR<sup>4c</sup>, SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, CONHR<sup>4c</sup>, CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, COR<sup>4b</sup>, OCOR<sup>4b</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, OCONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, piperidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, morpholinyl, or thiomorpholinyl;

each R<sup>4b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>4c</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>4d</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyalkyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> bis(alkoxy)alkyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

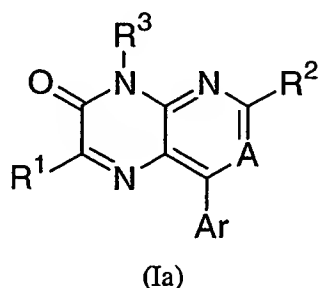
each R<sup>7a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> bis(alkoxy)alkyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

each R<sup>7b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> bis(alkoxy)alkyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

R<sup>8</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or heteroaryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or NR<sup>7a</sup>R<sup>7b</sup>.

2. The compound of claim 1, of Formula (Ia):



3. The compound of claim 2 wherein A is N.

4. The compound of claim 2 wherein A is CR<sup>4</sup>.

5. The compound of claim 2 wherein Ar is aryl.

6. The compound of 5 wherein said aryl is phenyl substituted with 0 to 5 substituents or naphthyl substituted with 0 to 7 substituents, wherein each of said substituents is independently selected from, at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.

7. The compound of claim 2 wherein Ar is heteroaryl.

8. The compound of claim 7 wherein said heteroaryl comprises a six-membered ring.

9. The compound of claim 8 wherein said heteroaryl is pyridyl or pyrimidinyl, wherein said heteroaryl is substituted with 0 to 4 substituents, wherein each of said substituents is independently selected from, at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>

cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.

10. The compound of claim 7 wherein said heteroaryl comprises a five-membered ring.
11. The compound of claim 10 wherein said heteroaryl is oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or thienyl, wherein said heteroaryl is substituted with 0 to 4 substituents, wherein each of said substituents is independently selected from, at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.
12. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl.
13. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl.
14. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is H, CN, OH, SH, OR<sup>2b</sup>, SR<sup>2b</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>.
15. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is H.
16. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is S(O)R<sup>8</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, COR<sup>3c</sup>, CONHR<sup>3c</sup>, CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, or C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>.
17. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 2 R<sup>3a</sup>.
18. The compound of claim 2 wherein each R<sup>3a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, F, Cl, Br, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, OR<sup>3c</sup>, SR<sup>3c</sup>, COR<sup>3b</sup>, NHR<sup>3c</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3b</sup>, OC(O)NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, N<sub>3</sub>, OC(O)OR<sup>3b</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3c</sup>,

OC(O)R<sup>3b</sup>, NR<sup>3c</sup>COR<sup>3b</sup>, N(COR<sup>3b</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>3c</sup>CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, NR<sup>3c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3b</sup>, NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, or  
CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>.

19. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is H, CN, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, SR<sup>4c</sup>, or OR<sup>4c</sup>.

20. The compound of claim 2 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is H.

21. A compound of claim 2 wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, OH, SH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, methoxy, ethoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclopropylethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclobutylethyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>1a</sup>;

R<sup>1a</sup> is F, Cl, Br, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, OCH<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>2</sup> is H, CN, OH, NR<sup>2c</sup>R<sup>2d</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>2a</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkoxy;

R<sup>3</sup> is SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, COR<sup>3c</sup>, CONHR<sup>3c</sup>, CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, aryl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, heteroaryl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, heterocyclyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3f</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> thioalkoxyalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, or C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;

R<sup>4</sup> is H, halogen, CN, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, OR<sup>4c</sup>, SR<sup>4c</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 1 R<sup>4a</sup>;

each R<sup>4a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, halogen, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, OR<sup>4c</sup>, NHR<sup>4c</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, SR<sup>4c</sup>, SOR<sup>8</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, CONHR<sup>4c</sup>, CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, COR<sup>4b</sup>, OCOR<sup>4b</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>, NR<sup>4c</sup>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>4b</sup>, OCONR<sup>4c</sup>R<sup>4d</sup>;

R<sup>5</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyalkyl;

each R<sup>7a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl; and

each R<sup>7b</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxyalkyl.

22. The compound of claim 21 wherein A is N.

23. The compound of claim 21 wherein A is CR<sup>4</sup>.

24. The compound of claim 21 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl.

25. The compound of claim 21 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is H, CN, OH, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, OCF<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, or CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>.

26. The compound of claim 21 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is H.

27. The compound of claim 21 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 2 R<sup>3a</sup>.

28. The compound of claim 21 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is H, CN, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> haloalkyl, SR<sup>4c</sup>, or OR<sup>4c</sup>.

29. The compound of claim 21 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is H.

30. The compound of claim 21 wherein Ar is aryl.

31. The compound of 30 wherein said aryl is phenyl substituted with 0 to 5 substituents or naphthyl substituted with 0 to 7 substituents, wherein each of said substituents is independently selected from, at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.

32. The compound of claim 21 wherein Ar is heteroaryl.
33. The compound of claim 32 wherein said heteroaryl comprises a six-membered ring.
34. The compound of claim 33 wherein said heteroaryl is pyridyl or pyrimidinyl, wherein said heteroaryl is substituted with 0 to 4 substituents, wherein each of said substituents is independently selected from, at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.
35. The compound of claim 32 wherein said heteroaryl comprises a five-membered ring.
36. The compound of claim 35 wherein said heteroaryl is oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or thienyl, wherein said heteroaryl is substituted with 0 to 4 substituents, wherein each of said substituents is independently selected from, at each occurrence, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> cycloalkylalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, OR<sup>5</sup>, and SR<sup>5</sup>.
37. A compound of claim 21 wherein:  
Ar is phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or thienyl, wherein said phenyl is substituted with 0 to 5 R<sup>9a</sup> and said pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, or thienyl is substituted with 0 to 4 R<sup>9b</sup>;  
R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, OH, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl;  
R<sup>2</sup> is H, CN, OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub>;  
R<sup>3</sup> is S(O)R<sup>8</sup>, S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, COR<sup>3c</sup>, CONHR<sup>3c</sup>, CONR<sup>3c</sup>R<sup>3d</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, or C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylalkyl substituted with 0 to 3 R<sup>3a</sup>, wherein one carbon in any cycloalkyl moiety is optionally replaced with O, S or NR<sup>5</sup>;  
each R<sup>3a</sup> is, independently at each occurrence, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, thiomethoxy, thioethoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, F, Cl, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, or OCF<sub>3</sub>;

$R^4$  is H,  $\text{CHF}_2$ ,  $\text{CF}_3$ , methyl, ethyl, Cl, F, OH, SH, methoxy, thiomethoxy,  $\text{CH}_2\text{CF}_3$ ,  $\text{CF}_2\text{CH}_3$ ; and

each  $R^{9a}$  and  $R^{9b}$  is, independently at each occurrence, F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2$  haloalkyl, or  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2$  haloalkoxy.

38. The compound of claim 37 wherein A is N.
39. The compound of claim 37 wherein A is  $\text{CR}^4$ .
40. The compound of claim 37 wherein  $R^2$  is H.
41. The compound of claim 37 wherein  $R^3$  is butyl, pentyl, hexyl, heptyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, methoxybutyl, methoxypentyl, methoxyhexyl, thiomethoxyethyl, thiomethoxypropyl, thiomethoxybutyl, thiomethoxypentyl, thiomethoxyhexyl, 1-cyclopropylpropyl, 1-cyclopropylbutyl, 1-cyclopropylpentyl, 1-cyclobutylpropyl, 1-cyclobutylbutyl, 1-cyclobutylpentyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-( $\text{CF}_3$ )-methyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-( $\text{CF}_3$ )-ethyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-( $\text{CF}_3$ )-propyl, 1-cyclobutyl-1-( $\text{CF}_3$ )-methyl, 1-cyclobutyl-2-( $\text{CF}_3$ )-ethyl, 1-cyclobutyl-3-( $\text{CF}_3$ )-propyl, or (cyclopropyl) $_2\text{CH}$ .
42. The compound of claim 37 wherein  $R^4$  is H.
43. The compound of claim 37 wherein Ar is phenyl substituted with 0 to 5  $R^{9a}$ .
44. The compound of claim 37 wherein Ar is pyridyl substituted with 0 to 4  $R^{9b}$  or pyrimidinyl substituted with 0 to 4  $R^{9b}$ .
45. A compound of claim 37 wherein:  
Ar is phenyl substituted with 0 to 3 substituents each independently selected from F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy,  $\text{CF}_3$ ,  $\text{CHF}_2$ , and  $\text{OCF}_3$ ; or  
Ar is pyridyl or pyrimidinyl substituted with 0 to 2 substituents each independently selected from F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy,  $\text{CF}_3$ ,  $\text{CHF}_2$ , and  $\text{OCF}_3$ ;

R<sup>1</sup> is H, CN, OH, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> haloalkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is H;

R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl substituted with 0 to 2 R<sup>3a</sup>; and

R<sup>4</sup> is H.

46. The compound of claim 45 wherein Ar is phenyl substituted with 0 to 3 substituents each independently selected from F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>.

47. The compound of claim 45 wherein Ar is pyridyl or pyrimidinyl substituted with 0 to 2 substituents each independently selected from F, Cl, Br, CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, CF<sub>3</sub>, CHF<sub>2</sub>, and OCF<sub>3</sub>.

48. The compound of claim 47 wherein said pyridyl is pyrid-3-yl.

49. The compound of claim 45 wherein A is N.

50. The compound of claim 45 wherein A is CR<sup>4</sup>.

51. The compound of claim 45 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is butyl, pentyl, hexyl, heptyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, methoxybutyl, methoxypentyl, methoxyhexyl, thiomethoxyethyl, thiomethoxypropyl, thiomethoxybutyl, thiomethoxypentyl, thiomethoxyhexyl, 1-cyclopropylpropyl, 1-cyclopropylbutyl, 1-cyclopropylpentyl, 1-cyclobutylpropyl, 1-cyclobutylbutyl, 1-cyclobutylpentyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-methyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-ethyl, 1-cyclopropyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-propyl, 1-cyclobutyl-1-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-methyl, 1-cyclobutyl-2-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-ethyl, 1-cyclobutyl-3-(CF<sub>3</sub>)-propyl, or (cyclopropyl)<sub>2</sub>CH.

52. A compound of claim 2 selected from:

(*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-isobutyl-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-isobutyl-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-methyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;



(*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-methyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1,2-dimethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R,S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-4-(1-propyl-butyl)-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-8-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-ethyl-pentyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-ethyl-pentyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-sec-butyl-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-8-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-butyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-8-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-3-chloro-4-(4-(1-methoxymethylpropyl)-2-methyl-3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-8-yl]-benzonitrile;

(*R*)-8-sec-butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-6-methyl-8*H*-pteridin-7-one; and

(*S*)-8-sec-butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-6-methyl-8*H*-pteridin-7-one.

53. A compound of claim 2 selected from:

(*R,S*)-8-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*R*)-4-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-8-(5-fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

5 (*R*)-8-(5-Fluoro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

(*S*)-8-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

10 8-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

8-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

8-(5-Chloro-4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-pyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazin-3-one;

- 8-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one;
- 8-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one;
- 5 8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one;
- (R)-8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one;
- (R)-8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one;
- 10 8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one;
- 8-(2-Chloro-4-dimethylamino-5-fluoro-phenyl)-4-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazin-3-one;
- 15 4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-8-(1-propyl-butyl)-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- (R)-4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- (S)-4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- 20 (R)-4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- (R)-4-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- (R)-8-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- 25 7-one;
- (R)-8-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- (R)-8-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- 30 (R)-8-(1-Methoxymethyl-propyl)-4-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;
- (R)-4-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-8-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;

(*R*)-4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one;

4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one; and

5 (*R*)-4-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-8-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-6-methyl-8H-pteridin-7-one.

54. A compound of claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

(*R*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-isobutyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-isobutyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dichloro-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclobutyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2-Chloro-5-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-(1-cyclobutyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-*b*]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(R)-1-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-1-(2-Methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(R)-1-(1-Methoxymethyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-1-(1-Methoxymethyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(R)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(R)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(R)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(R)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(R)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(R)-5-(6-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(S)-5-(6-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(6-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(6-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(6-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(4-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;



(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(4-methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2,4-Dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2,4-Dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-1-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-5-(2,4-Dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-5-(2,4-Dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-1-(1-methoxymethyl-propyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclopropyl-2-methoxy-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-ethyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*R*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one;

(*S*)-1-(1-Cyclobutyl-propyl)-5-(2,4-dimethoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrido[3,4-b]pyrazin-2-one.

55. A composition comprising a compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

56. A composition comprising a compound of claim 2 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

57. A method of reducing symptoms caused by elevated levels of corticotropin releasing factor in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

58. A method of reducing symptoms caused by elevated levels of corticotropin releasing factor in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.

59. A method of treating stress-related symptoms in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

60. A method of treating stress-related symptoms in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.

61. A method of treating a disorder characterized by abnormal levels of corticotropin releasing factor in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

62. The method of claim 61 wherein said disorder is characterized by elevated levels of corticotropin releasing factor.

63. A method of treating a disorder characterized by abnormal levels of corticotropin releasing factor in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.
64. The method of claim 63 wherein said disorder is characterized by elevated levels of corticotropin releasing factor.
65. A method of treating anxiety or depression in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
66. A method of treating anxiety or depression in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.
67. A method of treating irritable bowel syndrome in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
68. A method of treating irritable bowel syndrome in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No  
PCT/US 03/30570

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**  
IPC 7 C07D471/04 C07D475/00 A61K31/519 A61P25/00  
//(C07D471/04,241:00,221:00)

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  
IPC 7 C07D A61K A61P

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the International search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, BEILSTEIN Data, CHEM ABS Data

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 97 44038 A (DU PONT MERCK PHARMA) 27 November 1997 (1997-11-27) claims	1,2, 55-58
A	WO 01 19825 A (DENNY WILLIAMS ALEXANDER ;REWCASTLE GORDON WILLIAM (NZ); DOBRUSIN) 22 March 2001 (2001-03-22) cited in the application claims	1,2, 55-58
A	WO 98 08846 A (PFIZER ;CHEN YUHPYNG LIANG (US)) 5 March 1998 (1998-03-05) claims	1,2, 55-58

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

### \* Special categories of cited documents:

- \*A\* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- \*E\* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- \*L\* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- \*O\* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- \*P\* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- \*T\* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- \*X\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- \*Y\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- \*G\* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

29 January 2004

Date of mailing of the international search report

11/02/2004

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US 03/30570

## Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:  
Although claims 57-68 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

## Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this International application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

### Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 03/30570

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